

CONTENTS

DEATH OF A CHERK

THE MAN WHO LIVED IN A SHITL

THE LADY WITH THE DOC

CHAMELEON

COOSEDE RRIES

IN THE CULLY

THE BRIDE

Page

7

10

207

219

229

215

233

THE MASK	14
# OF	19
14/61	25
ANTAGONISTS	29
A DUIT STORY (From an Oll Man a Note Book)	42
THE CRASSIOLFER	97
WARD No 6	[2]
THE HOUSE WITH THE MANSARD An Art of a Story	172
TOVICIE	189



DEATH OF A CLIEK

It was an excellent night when the excellent clerk, Ivan Doutrick Cherryakov" ant in the second row of the stalls, enjoying "Les Clorles de Corneville" with the and of opera plaves. He wateled the stage and thought himself the happiest of mortals, when all of a sudden. "All of a sudden" has become a lacknessed expression, but how can authors help us no it, since life is full of surprises? All of a sudden then, his lace juckered up, his on suppriers in or a staten tren, his lace jurkered up, his eyes rolled betsenwards his I restly was supported, ituring his free away from the opera glasses. I e diabled up in his seat and—a shoul. That is to say be succeed. Now exercising has a right to succee wherever he likes Peniants molice inspectors, even privy councillors succee lactaone succeed-exercione Cherryakov felt no embarrarement stalled at his nose with his pocket handkerchiel, and, like a well hed man looked round to see whether his sneezing had any minuted anyone. And then he did feel embarrassed for he saw a little old man siving in the first row, just in front of him excelults within his fall cranium and neck with the glose matering a methical the while Chervakov recognized in the off man, that teneral Bruthalov of the Minetes Let Communication

"I secred over him thought therevakes "lies not my chiel, it's true, but still it a very awkward. I must apolionie."

Chers alon Jeaned forward with a fittle or ight and whispered in the General's ear

"I beg your pardon, Your Excellency, Expered . I do his mean to ..."

"Don't mention it "

"Dislitgive me 1 ... it wasn't preceditated."

^{*} Ir m the west chernal were I

"Can't you keep quiet, for goodness' sake! Let me listen!"

Chervyakov, somewhat disconcerted, smiled sheepishly and tried to turn his attention to the stage. He watched the actors, but no longer felt the happiest of mortals. He was devoured by remorse. Walking up to Brizhalov in the interval, he hung about for a while and at last, conquering his timidity, mumbled:

"I succeed at you, Your Excellency.... Pardon me.... You

know ... I didn't mean...."

"Oh, really... I had forgotten it, must you go on?" the General said, his underlip twitching impatiently.

"He says he's forgotten, but I don't like the look in his eyes,"

thought Chervyakov, glancing distrustfully in the General's direction. "Doesn't want to talk to me. I must explain to him that I didn't mean to...that it's a law of nature, otherwise he might think I meant to spit on him. Even if he doesn't think so now, he might afterwards!..."

When he got home, Chervyakov told his wife of his ungentlemanty conduct, it seemed to him that his wife received his story with undue levity. True, she was alarmed for a moment, but finding Brithalov was not "our" chief, she was reassured.

"I think you ought to go and apologize, though," she said. "Or he'll think you don't know how to behave in company,"

"Or he'll think you don't know how to behave in company."
"That's it! I tried to apologize, but he was so strange. Didn't

say a word of sense. Besides, there was no time for talking."

Next day Chervyakov put on his new official frock-coat, had his hair cut, and went to explain his conduct to Brizhalov. The General's reception-room was full of petitioners, and the General himself was there, receiving petitions. After interviewing a few of them, the General raised his eyes to Chervyakov's face.

"Last night, in The Arcadia, if you remember, Your Excellency," issue the clerk, "1-er-specied, and-er-happened to ... I

The General looked as if he were going to cry and waved him away You are laughing at me Sir! he said and shut the door in

his face Laughing thought Chervyakov 1 don't see anything funny in it Doesn't be understand and he a General? Very well I won't hother the fine gentleman with my apologies any more

Devil take him! Ill write him a letter I won't go to him any more! I won t and that s all! Such were Chervyakov s thoughts as he walked home But he

did not write the letter. He thought and thought but could not think low to word it So le had to go to the General the next day to get things straight

I ventured to trouble you yesterday, Your Excellency, he began when the General turned a questioning glance upon him not to laugh at you as Your Excelleney suggested I came to bring my apologies for having inconvenienced you by sneez As for laughing at you I vould never think of such a tling How would I dare to' If we took it into our leads to laugh at people there would be no respect left no respect for

superiora Get out of here! barked the General livid and shaking with rage

I beg your pardon? wlispered Clervyakov numb with terror Get out! repeated the General stamping his foot

Chervyakov felt as if something had snapped inside him He neither heard nor saw anything as he backed towards the door alked out into the street and wandered on He stumbled mechan ically home lay down on the sofa just as he was in his official frock coat and died

lie? His Honour is a wise gentleman, he knows who's lying and who's telling a god's truth. May the justice of the peace try me if I'm lying! It says in the law...all men are equal now. I have a brother in the police myself, if you want to know...."

"Don't argue!"

"No, that isn't the General's dog," remarked the constable profoundly. "The General hasn't got a dog like that. All his dogs are pointers."

"Are you sure?"

"Quite sure, Your Honour."

"And you're right! The General's dogs are expensive, breed-dogs, and this one—just look at it! Ugly, mangy cur! Why should anyone keep a dog like that? Are you crazy? If a dog like that were to find itself in Moscow or Petersburg, d'you know what would happen to it? Nobody would worry about the law, it would be got rid of in a minute. You're a victim, Khryukin, and mind you don't leave it at that. He must be taught a lesson! It's high time...."

"Perhaps it is the General's after all," said the constable, thinking aboud, "You can't tell by looking at it. I saw one just like it in his yard the other day."

"Of course it's the General's!" came the voice from the

crowd.

"Il'm! Help me on with my coat, Eldirin,... I felt a gust of wind. I'm shivery, Take it to the General's and ask them. Say I found it, and cent it. And tell them not to let it into the street. Perhaps it's an expensive don, and it'll soon pet spoilt if every brute thinks he can stick eigerettes into its mose. A dog's a delicate creature. And you put down your hand, block-head! Stop showing everyone your silly finger. It's your own fault..."

"Here comes the General's chef, we'll ack him... Hi, there, Problem! Comes here, old man! Have a look at this dop... is it your?"

"What pest' We've never had one like that in our lives!"

"No need to make any more enquiries," and Ochumelov, "R's a cray, What's the good of standing here talking. You've been told it's a cray, so a stray it is. Destroy it and have done with the cratter."

"It isn't was," continued Problem. "It belongs to the General's limiter, of a come a short time, so Our General takes no interest it flow as His broker ray, he likes...."

'This is a reading room, not a bar . This is no place for drinking"

Who says so? Isn't the table steady, or will the ceiling come down on us? Funny! But I have no time for talking. Put down your papers. You've ladd your read and it! I have to do for you. You're too clever as at is, besides you'll spoil your eyes, but what's more important is—I won't have it, and that's all about it?

The waiter put the tray on the table and stood at the door, a napkin over his arm. The ladies immediately started on the red

"And to think that there are elever people who prefer news persents of rinks like this," said the man with the peacock feathers, pouring himself out a liqueur "It's my belief, honoured sits, that you are so fond of newspapers because you have no money for drinks Am I right? Haw haw? Look at them reading. And what is written in your newspapers? You in the specthales! Give us some facts! Haw haw! Stop it now! None of your airs and graces! Have a drink!"

The man with the peacoek feathers reached out and tore the newspaper out of the hands of the gentleman in spectacles. The latter went red and pale by turns gazing in astonishment at the

other intellectuals and they returned his gaze

"You forget yourself, my good sir," he eried "You are turning the reading room into a tavern you see fit to create disorder, to match newspapers out of people's hands I won thate it! You don't know whom you are addressing my good sir f am bank manager Zhestvakov "

I don't care a hoot of you are Zhestyakov And this will show you what I think of your newspapers"

The man held up the paper and tore it into fragments

'What's the meaning of this gentlemen' muttered Zhestyakov, half stunned with rage 'It's extremely strange, it's it's simply flabbergasting.'

'Now he's angry '' laughed the man 'Oh dear, how frightened am' Look how my knees are shaking! Now listen to me, honoured sirs Joking apart, I don't feel like talking to you You see I want to be alone with these medemoistelles I want to enjoy myself, so please don't make any trouble and just go Ther's the door 'Ir Bletbukhn' Get out of here' What are you turning up your snoot like that for? When I sav go go! Quick march, before you are thrown out "What did you say?" asked Belebukhin, treasurer of the Orphans' Court, flushing and shrugging his shoulders. "I fail to understand. An insolent fellow bursts into the room and all of a sudden begins saying God knows what."

"An insolent fellow did you say?" shouted the man with the peacock feathers, working himself up into a rage and banging on the table with his fists, making the glasses on the tray jump. "Who d'you think you're talking to? You think, just because I'm wearing a mask you can call me what you like. Aren't you a hot-headed fellow! Get out when I tell you! And the bank manager can make himself scarce, too. Get out the lot of you, I don't want a single rascal left in the room! Come on now—go to your pig-sties."

"We'll see about that," said Zhestyakov, whose very glasses seemed to be sweating with agitation. "I'll show you! Hi, there,

eall one of the masters of ecremonies!"

A minute later a little red-haired master of eeremonies, sporting a scrap of blue ribbon in his lapel, came into the room panting from his exertions in the dance.

"Kindly leave the room," he began. "This is no place for

drinking. Go to the refreshment-room, please."

"And where did you spring from?" asked the masked individual. "I didn't call you, did I?"

"No impertinence, if you please, and kindly go."

"Look here, my dear man.... I give you exactly one minute.... Since you are a master of ecremonies, and an important personage here, just march these artistes out. My mesdemoiselles don't like having strangers around.... They're shy, and I want to get my money's worth and see them in a state of nature...."

"This boor docsn't seem to understand he's not in a pig-sty!"

shouted Zhestyakov. "Call Yevstrat Spiridonich!"

"Yevstrat Spiridonich!" sounded all over the club. "Where is Yevstrat Spiridonich?"

Yevstrat Spiridonich, an old man in police uniform, was not

slow to put in an appearance.

"Kindly leave the room," he said huskily, his ferocious eyes

goggling, and the ends of his dyed moustache twitching.

"You frightened me!" said the man, laughing delightedly. "You did, by God! What a figure of fun, God strike me dead! Whiskered like a cat, eyes popping.... Haw-haw-haw!"

"No arguing, now!" yelled Yevstrat Spiridonich at the top of his voice, shaking with rage. "Get out or I'll have you chucked out!"

The reading room was in an uproar Yevstrat Spiridonich red as a lobster shouted and stamped Zhestyakov shouted Belebuk hin shouted All the intellectuals shouted, but their voices were drowned by the low throaty, muffled bass of the masked man In the general perturbation the dancing ceased and the guests poured out of the ball room into the reading room

Summoning for the sake of effect all the police then on the club premises Yevstrat Spiridonieh sat down to write out a

report

Write away! said the masked man thrusting his finger beneath the pen \u22130w what will bappen to poor me? Oh poor me! Why are you set on ruining a poor orphan? Haw haw! Go on then! Is the report ready? Has everybody signed it? Now look! One two three

fle got up drew himself to his full height and tore off his mask After exposing his drunken countenance and looking round at everyone to enjoy the effect produced he fell back into his chair and laughed uproariously And the effect was indeed rem arkable The intellectuals exchanged bewildered glances and turned pale some were seen to scratch the backs of their lieads Yesstrat Spiridonich cleared his throat like a man who has un consciously perpetrated a terr ble hlunder

Everyone recognized in the brawler hereditary honourable c tizen Pyatigorov the local millionaire manufacturer notorious for his rowdiness his philanthropy and as the local press never

tired of remarking his respect for education

Well are you going? asked Pyatigorov after a short pause The intellectuals tiptoed out of the reading room without uttering a word and Pyztigorov locked the door behind them

You knew it was Pyatigorov said Yevstrat Spiridonich in a lusky undertone a little later shaking by his shoulder the waiter who had brought wine into the reading room. Why didn " you say anything?

I was told not to

Told not to! Want till I give you a month in quod you rogue you'll know the meaning of told not to Get out! And you're a fine set gentlemen he continued turning to the intellectuals Raising a riot As if you couldn't leave the reading room for ten minutes' Well you made the mess and it's for you to get out of it Oh sire airs I don't like your ways before God I don t

The intellectuals roamed about the elub dejected, miserable, penitent, whispering to one another, like people who sense disaster. Their wives and daughters, hearing that Pyatigorov had been "insulted" and was offended, fell quiet and began leaving for their homes. The dancing ceased.

At two o'clock in the morning Pyatigorov came out of the reading-room; he was reeling drunk. Going into the ball-room he sat down beside the hand and dozed to the sound of the music, till at last, his head bowed mournfully, he began to snore.

"Stop playing!" eried the masters of eeremonies, waving at

the musicians. "Sh.... Yegor Nilich is asleep."

"Would you like me to see you home, Yegor Nilieh?" enquired Belebukhin, hending down to the millionaire's ear.

Pyatigorov protruded his lips as if trying to blow a fly off his cheek.

"Would you like me to see you home?" repeated Belebukhin. "Or shall I tell them to bring your carriage round?"

"Hey? What? Ha! It's you.... What d'you want?"

"To see you home ... time to go bye-bye."

"Home. I want to go home ... take me home...."

Beaming with satisfaction, Belebukhin helped Pyatigorov to his feet. The rest of the intellectuals came running up, wreathed in smiles, and together they lifted the hereditary honourable eitizen to his feet, and bore him with claborate care to his earriage.

"Only an artist, a man of talent, could have taken in a whole eompany like that," babbled Zhestyakov cheerfully, helping the millionaire into his carriage. "I'm literally amazed, Yegor Nilieli. I ean't stop laughing, even now...ha-ha.... And we all got so excited and fussy! Ha-ha! Believe me I never laughed so much in the theatre. Such depths of humour! I shall remember this unforgettable evening all my life."

After seeing off Pyatigorov the intellectuals felt cheered and

consoled.

"He shook hands with me," boasted Zhestyakov, in high glee.

"So it's all right, he isn't angry."

"Let's hope so!" sighed Yevstrat Spiridonieli. "He's a scoundrel, a bad lot, but-he's our benefactor. You've got to be eareful." Turner Grigory Petrov, who had a well established reputation both as a splendid craftsman and the most hardened drinkard and no'er do well in the whole Galelino distinct, was taking his sick wife to the Zemetvo hospital lie had to drive thirty versis, and the road was appalling, even the postman could scarcely cope with it, not to mention a lary fellow like turner Grigory A chill, hards wind blew in his face. Show flakes whited in great clouds, and it was hard to make out if the snow came from the sky or the earth Acuther fields telegraph posts, nor wood could be seen for the snow and when a particularly violent gust of wind decended upon Grigory not even the shaft how was visible. The feelbe, aged mare plodded forward at a snal's nace

She needed all her energy for drawing a hoof at 1 time out of the deep snow and straining forward with her head. The

turner was in a hurry He jumped up and down on the seat restlessly, every now and then lashing at the hores shack 'Don't ery, Matryon't' he mattered. The vind beer it Well soon be at the hospital God willing and they II see to you in a jiff. Parel hamthe will give you some drops or tell them to hleed you, or perhaps he will be so good as to have you rub bed with spurits, it draws the pum from the side, you know Parel Namich will do his best. He II shout and stamp his foot, and then he'll do what he can. He's a nice gentleman, very kind, God bless him. As soon as we get there he'll come running out of his house, and stant swearing. What? Why? He II shout 'Why didn't you come earlier? 'Am I a day to look after you devils the whole day? Why didn't you come in the morning? Get out! Come tomorrow! And I mi!

Doctor! Pavel Ivanich! Your Honour!'-Gee up, you devil, gee up!"

The turner lashed at the horse and rambled on, not looking

at his wife.

"'Your Honour! As God is my witness... I swear by the Holy Cross that I left home early in the morning. How could I get here in time when the Lord in his wrath sent a blizzard like this? You can see for yourself.... Even a good horse would not be able to make it, and mine-look at it!-it's not a horse, it's a disgrace!' And Pavel Ivanich will frown and shout: 'I know you! You'll always find an excuse! Especially you, Grigory! I know you well. I suppose you stopped on the way five times at tuverns.' And I'll say: 'Your Honour! Am I a heartless beast, a heather? My old woman ready to give up the ghost, dying, and me to be running into taverns! How can you say such things? To hell with the taverns!' Then Pavel Ivanich will tell them to carry you into the hospital. And I will bow down before him; 'Pavel Ivanich! Your Honour! We thank you humbly! Forgive us, poor fools and sinners. Do not judge us harshly, we're only muzhiks! We deserve to be kicked out, and you come out into the snow to meet us.' And Pavel Ivanich will look as if he was ready to strike me, and will say: 'Instead of flopping down at my feet, you'd better stop swilling vodka, you fool, and have some pity on your old woman. You ought to be whipped!' 'Whipped, Pavel Ivanich, God knows we ought to be whipped! But how can we help falling at your feet and howing before you, when you are our benefactor, our own father? Your Honour! It's the truth I'm saying, before God it is—spit in my eye if I go back on it! The moment my Matryona here gets better, the moment she is herself again, I'll make you whatever you are good enough to order. A cigarette-case, if you like, of speckled birch, croquet-balls, skittles as good as foreign ones. . . I'll do anything for you! And I won't take a kopek from you. They'd take four rubles from you in Moscow for a cigarette-case like that, and I won't take a kopek.' And the doctor will laugh and say: 'All right! All right! That'll do. A pity you're such a drunkard, though.' I know how to talk to the gentry, old woman. The gentleman doesn't live that I couldn't get round. If only God helps us not to lose our way! What a blizzard! I can hardly see for the snow."

The turner muttered incessantly, letting his tonner-

mechanically, to stifle his uneasiness. But though he had words and to spare at his command, the thoughts and questions in his head were still more numerous. Grief had taken the turner unawares, like a holt from the blue, and he was at his wit's end. unable to recover, to become his normal self again, to think Up till now he had lived a carefree life, in a kind of drunken stupor, knowing neither grief nor joy, and all of a sudden he felt exeru ciating pain at his heart. The lighthearted idler and drunkard suddenly found himself in the position of a busy, preoccupied man, a man in a hurry, at odds with nature herself

As the turner remembered it, the grief had begun the evening before When he had returned home the evening before, tipsy as usual, and begun from ancient habit, to swear and brandish his fists, his wife had looked at her tyrant as she had never looked at him before The usual expression of her old eyes was as martyred and meek as that of a dog which is beaten plentifully and fed sparsely, but now they were stern and still, like the eyes of saints in icons, or of dying people. The grief had begun with those strange, disturbing eyes The hewildered turner had beg ged a neighbour to lend him his horse and now he was taking his wife to the hospital in the hope that Pavel Ivanich with his powders and salves would bring back the familiar expression to the old woman's eyes

"Vlind, Matryona" he muttered "if Pavel Ivanich asks you if I best you say 'Oh no Sir' And I II never heat you any more By the Holy Cross I won t' You know I never really meant it when I heat you I only heat you for want of something hetter to do I'm fond of you Another man wouldn't care but I take you to the hospital I m doing all I can And in a blizzard like this! Thy will oh Lord! If only the I ord would help us not to lose our way! How's your side Matryona? Why don't you say something? I ask you-does your side hurt?

He thought it queer that the snow did not melt on the old woman's face, queer that the face itself seemed to have lengthened and was such an earthy grey colour, like soiled wax, and looked so stern so grave

'Old fool" muttered the turner "I ask you in good faith, Old fool! I wont take you to Pavel hefore God, and you lyanich so there!

The turner let the reins hang loose and gave himself up to his thoughts He could not bring himself to turn and look at the "Woe, woe, Your Honour! Forgive me! If I could only live

"It wasn't my horse, I shall have to give it back.... I shall another six years!" have to bury my old woman. Oh, how quickly everything happens in this world. Your Honour! Pavel Ivanich! A cigaretteease of the best speckled birch! I'll make you a croquet-set.... The doctor went out of the room with a wave of his hand. All

over with the turner.

VANKA

Ame year old Vanka Zhukos who had been apprentized three months ago to Alyakhin the shoemaker, did not go to bed on Christmas eve He waited till his master and mistress and the senior apprentizes had gone to church, and then took from the cuphoard a bottle of ink and a pen with a rusty mb, spread out a crumpled sheet of paper, and was all ready to write Before tracing the first letter he glanced several times antiously at the door and window, perced at the dark icon with shelves holding cobbler's lasts stretching on either side of it, and gas a quivering sigh. The paper lay on the bench, and Vanka knelt on the floor at the hench.

"Dear Grandad Konstantin Makarich," he wrote "I am writing a letter to you I send you Christmas greetings and hope God will send you his blessings. I have no father and no Mummie and

you are all I have left "

Vanka raised his eyes to the dark window paine in which the reflection of the candle flickered and in his imagination distinctly saw his grandfather, Konstantin Wakarich who was might watch man on the estate of some centlefolk called Zhuarev. He was a small, lean old man about sixty five but remarkably lively and agile, with a smiling face and eves blerry with drink in the day time he either slept in the back kitchen or sat joking with the cook and the kitchen monds, and in the might wrapped in a great sheep-kin coat, he walked round and round the estate sounding his rattle. After him, with drooping breads went of Kashtanka and another doe, called Eel on account of his hlack coat and long, weast like body. Fel was wonderfully respectful and insunualing, and turned the same appealine, glance on friends and strangers alike, but he inspired confid n i in no one Ilis deferential manner and doctlist were a closek for the most Jesui

tical spite and malice. He was an adept at stealing up, to snap at a foot, creeping into the ice-house, or snatching a peasant's ehieken. His hind-legs had been slashed again and again, twice he had been strung up, he was beaten within an inch of his life

Grandad was probably standing at the gate at this moment, every week, but he survived it all. screwing up his cyes to look at the bright red light coming from the church windows, or stumping about in his felt boots, fooling with the servants. His rattle would be fastened to his belt. He would be throwing out his arms and hugging himself against the cold, or, with his old man's titter, pinching a maid, or one of the cooks.

"Have a nip," he would say, holding out his snuffbox to the

The women would take a pinch and sneeze. Grandfather would be overcome with delight, breaking out into jolly laughter, and shouting:

Even the dogs would be given snuff. Kashtanka would sneeze, shake her head and walk away, offended. But Eel, too polite to "Good for frozen noses!" sneeze, would wag his tail. And the weather was glorious. The air still, transparent, fresh. It was a dark night, but the whole village with its white roofs, the smoke rising from the chimneys, the trees, silver with rime, the snow-drifts, could be seen distinctly. The sky was sprinkled with gaily twinkling stars, and the Milky Way stood out as clearly as if newly scrubbed for the holiday

and polished with snow

Vanka sighed, dipped his pen in the ink, and went on writing "And yesterday I had such a hiding. The master took me I the hair and dragged me out into the yard and beat me with the stirrup-strap because by mistake I went to sleep rocking the baby. And one day last week the mistress told me to gut a h ring and I began from the tail and she picked up the herri and rubbed my face with the head. The other apprentices m fun of me, they send me to the tavern for vodka and make steal the masters cucumbers and the master beats me with first thing he finds. And there is nothing to eat. They give bread in the morning and gruel for dinner and in the eve bread again but I never get tea or cabbage soup they gobb all up themselves. And they make me sleep in the passage when their baby eries I dont get any sleep at all I have to here take me home to the village I can bear it any longer Oh Grandad I beg and implore you and I will always pray for you do take me away from here or I'll de

Vanka's lips twitched, he rubbed his eyes with a black fist

and gave a sob

"I will grind your snuff for you," he went on "f will pray for and you can flog me as land as you like if I am naughty And if you think there is nothing for me to do I will ask the steward to take pity on me and let me clean the boots or I will go as a shepherd boy instead of Fedya Dear Grandad I cant stand it it is killing me I thought I would run away on foot to the village but I have no boots and I was afraid of the frost. And when I grow up to be a man I will look after you and I will not let anyone hurt you and when you die I will pray for your soul like I do for my Mumme

"Moscow is such a big town there are so many gentlemens houses and such a lot of horses and no sheep and the dogs are not a bit fierce. The boys dont go about with the star at Clirist mas and they dont let you sing in church and once I saw them selling fish hooks in the sheep all together with the lines and for any fish you like very good ones and there was one would hold a sheat fish weighing a pood and I have seen shops where there are all sorts of guns just like the master has at home they must cost a hundred rubles each. And in the butthers shops there are grouse and wood cock and hares but the people in the shop dont say where they were shot

Dear Grandad when they have a Christmas tree at the big house take a gilded nut for me and put it away in the green chest

Ask Miss Olga Ignaty evna tell her its for Vanka'

Vanka gave a sharp sigh and once more gazed at the window pane lle remembered his grandfather going to get a Christims tree for the gentry, and taking his grandson with him Oh, what happy times those had been! Grandfather would give a chickle, and the Irost bound wood chuckled and Vanka, following their example, educkled, too Before chopping down the fir tree Grand father would smoke a pipe, take a long pinch of smill and laugh at the shivering Vanka. The young fir trees coated with time, stood motionless, waiting to see which one of them was to die And suddenly a hare would come leaping over a snow drift, swift as an arrow Grandfather could never help shouting.

Stop it, stop it stop it! Oh, you stub tailed devil!

Grandfather would drag the tree to the big house, and they would start decorating it.... Miss Olga Ignatyevna, Vanka's favourite, was the busiest of all. While Pelageya, Vanka's mother, was alive and in service at the big house, Olga Ignatyevna used to give Vanka sweets, and amuse herself by teaching him to read, write and count to a hundred, and even to dance the quadrille. But when Pelageya died, the orphaned Vanka was sent down to the back kitchen to his grandfather, and from there to Moseow, to Alyakhin the shoemaker....

"Come to me dear Grandad," continued Vanka. "I beg you for Christs sake take me away from here. Pity me unhappy orphan they beat me all the time and I am always hungry and I am so miserable here I cant tell you I cry all the time. And one day the master hit me over the head with a last and I fell down and thought I would never get up again. I have such a miserable life worse than a dogs. And I send my love to Alyona one-cyed Yegor and the coachman and dont give my concertina to anyone. I remain your grandson Ivan Zhukov dear Grandad come."

Vanka folded the sheet of paper in four and put it into an envelope which he had bought the day before for a kopek.... Then he paused to think, dipped his pen into the ink-pot, wrote: "GRANDAD", seratehed his head, thought again, and added:

"KONSTANTIN MAKARICII THE VILLAGE"

Pleased that no one had prevented him from writing, he put on his eap and ran out into the street without putting his coat on over his shirt.

The men at the butcher's told him, when he asked them the day before, that letters are put into letter-boxes, and from these boxes sent all over the world on mail eoaches with three horses and drunken drivers and jingling bells. Vanka ran as far as the nearest letter-box and dropped his precious letter into the slit....

An hour later, lulled by rosy hopes, he was fast asleep.... He dreamed of a stove. On the stove-ledge sat his grandfather, his bare feet dangling, reading the letter to the cooks.... Eel was walking backwards and forwards in front of the stove, wagging his tail....

ANTAGOMISTS

Some time after nine oclock on a dark September night, Andrey, styperold, and the only son of Doctor kindov, Zemstio medical officer, died of diphtheria. The doctor's wife had just sunk on to her knees at the sade of the cot, in the first paroxysm of despair, when the front-door hell rang shrilly. Owing to the dubliberia the sevenants had been sent out of the

house in the morning Kirilov just as he was, in his shirt sleeses, his swistcoat unbuttoned, went to open the door, not even wiping his wet face and carbolic stanned hands It was dark in the hall, and all he could make out of the man who entered was his height, which was average, his white muffler, and his large face, which was so pale thus; i seemed to held up the hall

' Is the doctor at home " he asked quickly

"I am at home," replied Kirilos What do you want?"

'Oh!' Glail to meet you' and the man in a tone of releft groping for the doctor a limid in the dark, and pressing in featurily between his two hands when he found it 'Vers glad very glad! We have met before My name is Mogin I had the pleasure of meeting you in the summer at the founders. I m so glad I found you in Come with me at once I implore you mite is dangerously full I have my carriage here.

The voice and monements of the newcomer showed that he was in a state of extreme agitation IIe was breathing last and spoke in a rapid, trembling voice, as if he lad only just escaped from a fire or a mad dog, and he expressed himself with child like artiessness. He spoke in short, broken phrases as people who are terrified and overshelmed are apt to, and uttered a number of irrelevant words having nothing to do with the case.

"I was afraid I wouldn't find you in he went on All the way here I went through agonies Put on your coat and come

for God's sake.... It began like this: Papchinsky came to see me—Alexander Semyonovich, you know him. We sat talking for a while, and then we went to the table, and had tea. Suddenly my wife cried out, put her hand on her heart, and fell back in her chair. We earried her to her bed and... I rubbed her temples with ammonia and sprinkled her with water...but she lay there like the dead.... I'm so afraid it's aneurism.... Come.... Her father died of aneurism..."

Kirilov listened in silence as if he did not understand Russian. When Abogin again mentioned Papchinsky and his wife's father, and again searched for Kirilov's hand in the darkness, the doctor threw back his head and drawled out indifferently:

"Sorry 1 can't go to your house. Five minutes ago my-son died."

"No, really!" whispered Ahogin, retreating a step. "My God, what an inopportune moment I have chosen. What an unlucky day—it's really remarkable. What a coincidence...who would have thought it!"

He seized the door-handle, his head bent, as if lost in thought. Apparently he was undecided whether to go or to continue his entreaties.

"Listen!" he said passionately, seizing Kirilov by the shirtsleeve. "I understand your situation perfectly. God knows I'm ashamed to try and gain your attention at such a moment, but what am I to do? Judge for yourself—where am I to go? There's not a single other doctor in the place but you. Come, for God's sake! I don't ask you for myself. It's not I who am ill."

A silence ensued. Kirilov turned his back on Abogin, stood thus for a minute or two, and then went slowly out of the hall into the sitting-room. Judging by his irresolute, mechanical gait, by the absorption with which, once in the room, he straightened the fringed shade on the unlit lamp, and glanced into a thick book lying on the table, he had neither intentions nor desires at that moment, and was thinking of nothing. He had probably quite forgotten that there was a stranger standing in the hall. The dusk and quiet of the room seemed only to increase his stupefaction.

Going from the sitting-room into his study, he raised his right foot higher than necessary, and groped for the frame of the door, while his whole figure expressed a kind of bewilderment, as if he had found himself in a strange house, or had got drunk for the new sensation A broad stup of light spread across one of the valls of the study and over the book shelves, this light, together with the heavy, pungent odour of carbolic and ether, came from the door into the bedroom, which was apar. The doctor sank into a clear at the table For a moment the gazed drowsily at his books, it up by the ray of light, and then got up again and went into the bedroom.

Here, in the hedroom, a deathly stillness reigned lifere the veriest trifle hore eloquent testimony to the tempest which had so recently raged, and had now subsided into weariness, here all was repose. A candle standing on a stool amidst a crowd of bottles, boxes and jars, and a hig lamp on the chest of drawers, hit up the whole room. On a bed right under the window lay a little boy with his eyes open and an expression of wonder on his face. He did not move, but his open eyes seemed to get darker every moment, and to be going deeper and deeper into his skull. Her hands on his body, and her face hidden in the bed clothes, the mother kind at the bed side. Like the child, she also dud not move, but what potential movement there was in the curves of her body and in her arms? She pressed against the bed with her whole boing, with force and avidity, as if fearing to disturb the quiet easeful pose her exhausted body had at last found for itself. Blanketts, scraps of linen basins, the water standing in pools on the floor, the brushes and spoons lying about, the white bottle of lime water, the very air, heavy and close—all was resting and seemed to be plunged in profound peace.

The doctor stood beside his wife, thrust his hands into his trousers pockets and, his head on one side fixed his gaze on his son this face expressed indifference, and only the drops glisten

ing on his beard showed that he had recently wept

The repellence and forror associated with the idea of death were lacking in the bedroom. In the prevailing paralysis the mother's pose, the indifference stamped on the features of the father, the father, the subtraction of the father of the

which, probably, can only be conveyed by muste. And there was beauty in the sombre stillness. Kirilox and his wife said nothing did not weep, as if, in addition to the burden of their grief they felt the poetry of their situation. Just as in its time their youth had passed, their right to have children had vanished for ever with this boy. The doctor was forty four years old lie was already

grey, and looked an old man. His faded, delicate wife was thirtyfive. Andrei was not merely their only child, he was their last.

Unlike his wife, the doctor belonged to those natures which feel the need for action in moments of mental suffering. After standing a few minutes beside his wife, he went out of the

bedroom, still lifting his right foot unnecessarily high, into a tiny room half filled up by a wide sofa. From here he went into the kitchen. Wandering about near the stove and the bed of the

cook, he bent down and went through a low door into the hall. There he once more was confronted by the white muffler and

"At last," sighed Abogin, putting his hand on the door handle. the pallid countenance.

The doctor started, glanced at him, and remembered... The doctor started, granced at min, and following back "But I told you I couldn't," he said, suddenly coming back "Come, please do!"

to life. "How very extraordinary...."

"I'm not a graven image. Doetor, I understand your situation perfectly. I feel for you!" said Abogin in imploring tones, laying his hand on his muffler. "But I don't ask you for myself. My wife is dying. If you had heard that shriek, seen her face, you would understand my importunity. My God, and I thought you had gone to dress! Doetor, time is precious. Come, I beg you."

"I cannot go with you," said the doctor, uttering each word distinctly, and stepping into the sitting-room. Abogin followed him and seized him by the sleeve.

"You are in great trouble, I understand you, but it is not to eure a toothache, not just for a diagnosis, that I ask you to come,

it is to save a human life." He continued in a begging voice: "This life stands above personal grief. Come now, I ask you to display courage, heroism. In the name of humanity! "Humanity—that's a two-edged weapon," said Kirilov testily

"In the name of that same humanity I ask you not to take m away. Extraordinary, really! I can hardly stand on my fee and you try to intimidate me with the word 'humanity.' I a fit for nothing just now.... Nothing will induce me to go, a

besides I have no one to leave my wife with. No, no..., Kirilov retreated a step, keeping the other off with a thr

"Please don't ask me any more," he continued, in sud panie. "Excuse me ... according to Volume XIII of the continued. of his hands. am bound to go with you, and you have the right to drag with you by the coat collar Very well, do so, but I am fit for nothing I m not even in a state to speak Preuse me

'You shouldn't use that tone to me, Doctor,' said Abogin, one more tigging at the doctor's sleeve 'What do I care about Volume 'MII'? I have no right whatever to force you against your will If you are coming, then come! If not, it can the helped, I appeal not to your inclinations but to your heart A young woman is dying You say Jour son has just died—then

of all people you ought to understand my anguish!

Abogin's voice trembled with agitation. There was much more persuasive power in the trembling and the tones of his voice than in his words. Abogin was sincere, but it was remarkable that all his phrases sounded stilted callous unnecessarily florid, and seemed an offence both to the atmosphere of the doctors flat, and to the woman dying somewhere far away He felt it himself, and, fearing he could not make himself understood tried his utmost to make his voice soft and appealing so as to get his way, il not by words then by sincerity of accent It may be asserted that phrases however beautiful and deep, only affect the indifferent, and do not always satisfy those who are happy or grief stricken. This is why the highest expression of happiness or grief is more often than not silence Lovers under stand each other better when they are silent and a passionate. ardent speech over a grave only touches outsiders and seems cold and insignificant to the widow and children

Kirilos stood in sifence When Mogin pronounced a few more phrases about the high calling of a doctor sell sacrifice

and so on, the doctor asked morosch

'Is it far?'
'Only about thirteen or lourteen versts. My horses are excellent, Doctor. I give you my word of honour they ll take you there and back within an hour. Only one hour!

These last words weighed more with the doctor than the references to humanity and the calling of a doctor. After a moment's

consideration, he said, sighing

'Very well Let's go'

He went into his study with a rapid gait now become quite steady, and a moment after appeared in a long lock coat. The delighted Abogin walked beside him with short shufflin teps helped him on with his coat and went ut of the 1 m with him.

It was dark outside, but lighter than in the hall. The tall, stooping figure of the doctor, his narrow beard, and aquiline nose were clearly outlined against the darkness. Abogin, besides his pallid face, now displayed a big head and a student's cap which hardly covered the crown. The muffler showed white only in front, at the back it was hidden by his long hair.

"Believe me, I shall know how to show my appreciation for your magnanimity," he murmured, as he scated the doctor in the carriage. "We'll be there in no time. Luka, old chap, drive

as fast as you ean. Please do!"

The eoachman drove rapidly. At first they passed a row of ugly buildings ranged along the court-yard of the hospital. They were all in darkness, but for a bright light streaming across the front-garden from a window right at the back of the yard, and three windows in the top storey of one of the hospital buildings, in which the panes seemed paler than the surrounding air. Then the earriage plunged into thick darkness, and there was a smell of damp and mushrooms and the sound of rustling leaves. Among the branches, the crows, aroused by the noise of the wheels, raised startled, plaintive cries, as if they knew the doctor's son was dead, and Abogin's wife was ill. But soon single trees, and then thickets, began to flash by. A pond, on the surface of which reposed great black shadows, gleamed sombrely and the earriage rolled over open country. The cawing of the crows became hollower, and soon died altogether.

Kirilov and Abogin hardly spoke the whole way. Only onee

Abogin sighed, murmuring:

"Agonizing situation. You never love those near to you as

you do when you fear to lose them."

And when the earriage slowed down to ford the river, Kirilov suddenly started, and moved in his seat, as if alarmed by the splashing of the water.

"Look here, let me go," he said mournfully. "I'll come to you later on. I only want to send my assistant to my wife. After all,

she's quite alone."

Abogin said nothing. The earriage swayed, its wheels knoeking against the stones, emerged on the sandy shore and rolled onwards. In his misery Kirilov fidgeted and glanced around him. Behind them, by the dim light of the stars could be seen the road and the willows on the river bank, vanishing in the gloom. To the right extended a plain, as smooth and boundless as the sky. In the distance dim lights gleamed on it here and there.

probably above peat marshes. To the left, parallel to the road stretched a hillside, shaggy with bushes, and above it the big red crescent moon lung motionless, shiphily seiled by the must, and surrounded by tiny cloudlets, which seemed to be watching it from all sides, and mounting guard over it, so that it should not go away.

The whole of nature seemed to be pervaded with despair and drease Like a fallen woman alone in a dark room, trying not to think about the pay, the earth was haunted by memories of spring and summer, waiting in apathy for the inevitable arrival of winter Wherever one looked nature presented a dark, endlessly deep, chilly pit out of which neither Kirilos. Abogin, nor the red crescent mono could ever clamber

The nearer the carriage approached its destination, the more impatient Abogin became He moved about, jumped up, look ahead over the coachman's shoulder And when at last the carriage drew up in front of a porch picturesquely draped with a striped cannas curtain, he looked up at the lighted windows on the second floor, his breath coming faster and loude.

"If anything happens I will never get over it," he said, accompanying the doctor into the hall and rubbing his hands in his agistation "little there are no sounds of perturbation so everything must be all right, so far," he added straining his ears in the silence.

Neither soices nor footsteps were to be heard in the hall and the whole house seemed asleep despite the brilliant lights. Now the doctor and Abogin who had intherto been in the dark could see each other properly. The doctor was tall stoop hould cred, and dressed in a slovenly manner lie was not proof looking. Ilss thick, almost negrood lips, aquiline nose and languid, indifferent glance held something which was unpleasantly harsh cold and severe. Ils subrushed hair sunken temples the prema through it here and there, the earthy pallor of his skin, his negligent awkward manners, all suggested habitual want deprivation, wearmess of life lack of interest in people. To look at his mexpressive figure you would never have thought this man had a wife, that he could weep for a child shogan represented something very different. He was a stocky massive fair man with a big bead, and marked but pudy features elegantly attired according to the latest fashion. There was something arrivorative and leonine in his bearing his tightly buttored frock.

eoat, his mane of hair, and his face. He held up his head as he walked, his chest thrust well forward, spoke in a pleasant baritone, while an almost feminine elegance displayed itself in the way in which he removed his muffler, and smoothed his hair. Even his pallor, and the childish timidity with which he glanced up the stairs while taking off his overcoat, did not mar the general impression or affect the state of good nourishment, the health, and the self-confidence which emanated from his whole figure.

"Nobody about and not a sound," he said, as he mounted the stairs. "And no fuss. Let's hope...."

He conducted the doctor through the hall into a big room, in which hovered the black shape of a grand piano, and a candelabra hung from the ceiling enveloped in a white loose-cover. From this room they went into a small drawing-room, very snug and pleasant, veiled in a kind of rosy twilight.

"Sit down here and wait, Doetor," said Abogin. "I'll he back

in a minute. I'll go and tell them you're here."

Kirilov was left alone. The luxury of the drawing-room, the pleasant twilight, his very presence in a strange unfamiliar house, an adventure in itself, seemed not to make the faintest impression on him. He sat down in an arm-chair and inspected his earbolie-stained fingers. He barely observed a crimson lampshade and a 'eello-ease, but glaneing towards the ticking clock he did notice a stuffed wolf, as massive and well-nourished as Abogin himself.

All was quiet. Far away in one of the other rooms someone exclaimed "Ah!" loudly, a glass door, apparently of a wardrobe, elattered, and all was silence once more. After five minutes or so Kirilov stopped looking at his hands and raised his eyes towards the door through which Abogin had disap-

peared.

Abogin was standing in the door-way, but he was not the same man who had gone out of the room. His look of nourishment and refined elegance had deserted him, his face, hands, and pose were stamped with a repulsive air of something which was neither horror exactly, nor physical distress. His nose, lips, moustache, all his features, were twitching, as if they wanted to wrench themselves from his face, there was a gleam of pain in his eyes....

He strode with long, heavy steps into the middle of the drawing-room, and then bent forward, groaned, and shook his fists. "She deceived me!" he shouted stressing the middle syllable of the word "deceived" Deceived me! Left me! Fell ill and sent me for the doctor simply to run away with that jackanapes Panelinsky! 'M. God!

Abogin strode heavily up to the doctor, shook his pudgy white

fists into the latter's face, and howled out

'Left me' Deceived me' Why all that lying' My God! My God! Why that filthy, swindling trick, that treacherous, fiendish

game? What harm did I ever do her? She's left me!

Tear rolled down his cheeks He turned on his heel and began pacing up and down the drawing room. In his short frock coat, fashonable narrow troucers, which made his legs look too thin for his body with his big head and mane of hair, he was now more like a lion than ever A look of currouty flashed across the doctors indifferent features. He rose and looked at Aboein.

"But where is the patient? he asked

"Patient! Patient!" shouted thogin langling and crying and lemale! How bace! How shabb! Sarin limed!, you would think, could not have invented anything more revolting Sent me away so that she could run off run away with that jacks napies, that dull wag that pimp! Oh God I would rather she had died! I shall never get over it Neve!

The doctor drew himself up He blinked his eyes filled with tears, his narrow heard wagged from left to right as his jaws

moved

*Excuse me—what is the meaning of all this? he asked looking round curnous! My cluld has died my wife is over come with grief, alone in the bouse I can hardly stand my celf, I because they for three nights and what do I find? I have been made to play a part in some vulgar face to act

as a kind of stage property I—I don't understand

Abogin opened one fist, flung a crumpled sheet of note paper
on the floor and trampled on it as if it were an insect he wanted

to de troy

'And I noticed nothing understood nothing" he said through elenched teeth shaking his first in front of his face with an expression as I someone had just trodden on his room. 'I never noticed the way he came every day never noticed that he came in a carriage today. Why a carriage? And I blind fool never noticed! Blind fool!" "I—I don't understand," muttered the doctor. "What does it all mean? It's sheer contempt of the individual, it's a mockery of human suffering. It's simply impossible—I never heard of such a thing in my life!"

With blank incredulity, like a man who has only just begun to realize that he has been deeply insulted, the doctor shrugged his shoulders, and flung out both his hands, and, unable either

to speak or act, sank into the arm-chair.

"So you don't love me any more, you love another—very well then, but why the deception, why the base, treacherons trick!" exclaimed Abogin tearfully. "What's the good of it? And what was it for? What harm did I ever do you? Doctor!" he eried impetuously, going up to Kirilov. "You have been the involuntary witness of my misfortune, and I will not conceal the truth from you. I swear to you, I loved that woman, I worshipped her, I was her slave. I sacrificed everything for her. Quarrelled with my people, threw up my work, gave up music, forgave her things I would never have forgiven my mother or sister.... I never gave her a harsh look.... I never gave her the slightest grounds. What are all the lies for? I did not demand love, but why this base deception? If you didn't love me, then why not say so, frankly—you knew my views on all this...."

With tears in his eyes, and trembling all over, Abogin poured out his whole heart before the doctor, in perfect sincerity. He spoke passionately, his hands pressed to his heart, revealing his domestie secrets without the slightest hesitation, netually seeming to be glad that these secrets had at last escaped from him. If he could have gone on talking for another hour in this way, completely unbosomed himself, he would no doubt have felt better. Who knows? If the doctor had heard him out with friendly sympathy, perhaps, as so often happens, he would have reconciled himself to his fate without a murmur, and without committing unnecessary follies.... But this was not to be. While Abogin was speaking, a noticeable change came over the doctor's face. The indifference and wonder stamped on his features gradually gave way to an expression of bitter resentment. indignation and wrath. His features became still more harsh, unyielding and disagreeable. When Abogin held in front of his eyes the photograph of a good-looking young woman whose face was as stern and blank as a nun's and asked him whether anyone could believe that a woman with a face like that could

lie, the doctor suddenly sprang to his feet with a savage gleam

in his eyes, and said, rudely, emphasizing every word

"Why are you telling me all this? I am not interested I will not listen to you!" Here he began to shout, banging on the table with his fist "I don't need your trisial secrets, damn them! Don't dare to speak to me about such trash Perhans you think I haven't been sufficiently insulted yet? You consider me a ser vant whom you can insult with impunity Is that it?'

Abogin backed away from Kirilov and stared at him in amaz ement

"What did you bring me here for?" continued the doctor, his beard wagging "You married for want of something better to do, you can play out your melodrama for the same reason, but what's it to do with me? What have I to do with your love affairs? Leave me in peace? Go in for gentlemanly fisticusts, show off your humane ideals play-' (here the doctor shot a glance at the 'eello ease), 'play your double bass and trom bone, fatten like a gelded cockerel but don't dare to trifle with human beings If you ean't respect them, leave them

'Excuse me, but what does all this mean?" said Abozin, his

face flushing

'It means that it is base and ignoble to play with people like this I'm a doctor, you consider doctors and all workers who do not smell of eau de Cologne and prostitution your lackeys people of maurais ton Do so il son like but sou have no right to use a suffering man as stage property

'How dare you say that to me? said Abogin softly, his late

again twitching, this time with obvious rage

'How dare you, knowing of my sorrow bring me here to listen to your vapourings? shouted the d ct r hanging on the table again 'What gives you the right to mock at another's

'You must be mad!' cried Abogin 'How ungenerous I am

trofoundly unhappy mysell, and and "Unhappy" eclored the dector seomfully 'Don't use that word, it has no application to you Rotters who cannot meet their bills, also call themselves unhappy 1 cockerel suffering from adiposity is unhappy too

You lorget yourself, my dear Sir' squealed Abogin 'For

such words blows are dealt D you under tan't me?

out a bill-fold, extracted from it two notes and slapped them Abogin fumbled hastily in the pocket or ms jacker, money

"That's for your visit," he said, his nostrils quivering. "You down on the table.

"Don't dare to offer me money!" shouted the doctor, sweeping the notes on to the floor. "Insults cannot be repaid with are paid."

Abogin and the doctor confronted one another, furiously exchanging unmerited insults. They had probably never in their lives, even in delirium, uttered so many unjust, eruel and absurd money." remarks. In both, the egoism of the sufferer was roused. Those who suffer are egoistic, angry, unjust, and cruel, and less able to understand one another than really stupid people. Misfortune, far from uniting people, separates them, and even when it might be supposed that similarity of misfortune ought to bring people together, they show themselves a great deal more unjust and ruthless than do those who are comparatively content.

"Be so kind as to send me home!" shouted the doctor breath-

Abogiu rang a haud-bell sharply. When no one appeared in answer to his summons, he rang again, and flung the bell angrily on the floor. It struck the carpet with a hollow sound, utterlessly. ing a plaintive, expiring moan. A footman appeared.

Where have you been hiding, damn you?" shouted his master, rushing at him with clenched fists. "Where were you just now? Go and order the carriage for this gentleman, and get the brougham ready for me. Wait! he cried, when the footman turned to go. "Let not a single traitor be left in this house tomorrow. Out with them all! I shall engage new servants! While waiting for the carriages Abogin and the doctor maintained

silence. His well-nourished expression and subtle elegance had returned to the former. He paced up and down the room, tossing his head with a noble gesture, and seemed to be planning something. His wrath had not yet subsided, but he endeavoured to look as if he did not notice the presence of his enemy. The doctor stood still, holding on to the table with one hand an regarding Abogin with the profound, ugly, almost cynical con tempt of which only the poor and miserable are capable, whe confronted by satiety and elegance.

eyes It was dark, much darker than it had been an hour ago The red crescent moon had desappeared behind the hill and the guardian clouds lay in dark patches around the stars. Wheels could be heard on the road behind, and a brougham with red lamps gleaming overtook the doctor. It was Abogin, intent on protesting, on committing follies All the way home the doctor thought, not of his wife nor of Andres, but of Abogin and of the people inhabiting the house he had just left His thoughts were unjust and cruel He con demned Abogin Abogin's wife, Papehinsky, everyone living in a ross perfumed dusk and gave himself up to hatred and con tempt for them all the way till his very heart ached And an attitude to these people which was quite unjust took firm root

When, a little later, the doctor was scated in the carriage on his way home, the scornful expression still remained in his

in his mind Time will pass, and Kirilov's grief will pass but the unjust attitude, unworthy of a human heart will not pass, but will remain with the doctor till the day of his death

A DULL STORY

(FROM AN OLD MAN'S NOTE-BOOK)

There lives in Russia a certain Nikolai Stepanovich, a highly esteemed professor, a privy councillor, a knight of many orders. He possesses so many medals, both Russian and foreign, that when he has occasion to wear them all, the students dub him "the icon-stand." He moves in the most aristocratic circles, and for at least twenty-five or thirty years there is not a single famous savant in Russia with whom he has not been on intimate terms. There is no one for him to make friends with now. but looking back to the past we find in the long list of his distinguished friends such names as Pirogov, Kavelin, and the poet Nekrassov, all of whom bestowed their warm, sincere friendship upon him. He is an honorary member of all Russian universities, and three foreign ones. And so on, and so on. All this, and

a great deal more, constitutes what is ealled my name. This name of mine is a famous one. In Russia every educated person knows it, and abroad it is mentioned from the chairs of universities, and never without the terms "distinguished and honourable." It belongs to the number of those few fortunate names which it would be considered a sign of bad taste to abuse or mention disrespectfully in public or in the press. And that is as it should be. After all my name is closely associated with the idea of one who is famous, richly endowed by nature, and of indisputable usefulness. I am as hard-working and tough as a camel, and this counts for much, and I am talented, which counts for still more. It may as well be added that I am an honest, well-bred, unassuming fellow. I never poke my nose int literature or politics or seek popularity in arguments with the ignorant, nor do I speechily at banquets or over the graves of my colleagues My name as a scientist is untarnished, and there is nothing to complain of It is a fortunate name

The bearer of this name, myself that is to say, is a man of sixty two hald with lafe teeth and an incurable tre My person is as magnificant and unlosely as my name is brilliant and lovely My head and hands shake from sheer weakness. Wy neck is like the finger board of a double base as Turgener says of one of his herones, my chest is hollow, my hack narrow. When I speak or give lectures my mouth droops to one side. When I smile my face is covered with the wrinkles of age and approaching death. There is nothing impressive in my puny self unless it be that, when overtaken by the ite on expression comes over my face which must suggest to anyone who looks at me the stem impressive thought. This man will probably soon die?— I can still lecture larify well. As before I know how to keep the attention of my audience for two hours on end. My entlu

I can still lecture larily well As before I know how to keep the attention of my audience for two hours on end My, enthus asm my command of language and my wit make the defects of my voice pass unnoticed though it is dry and harth and I sometimes drone like a preacher But I am a poor writer That section of my prain which controls my talent as an author no longer server me My memory has become weak there is a lack of logical sequence in my thoughts and when I commit them to paper it always seems to me that I have lost the flair required for their integration my composition is monotonous my phirace-tipume and timed I other all to write what I want to by the time I come to the end I find I have lorgotten the beginning I often lorget the simplest words and always have to waste a great deal of energy to avoid superfluous phrases and unneces arry subordinate clauses in my letters—obsious signs of the decline of my mental processes. And it is noteworthy that the simpler the letter, the greater the strain on my powers I fed much more at home writing a seeantific article than inditing a congratualistic perist of a business report. Another thing—I find it a great deal easier to write in German or English than in Russian.

With regard to my present life I must first and foremost mention the informant to which I have lately been a martyr If I were asked what is the main be in leature of your existence? I would reply—insomma According to my time honoured practice I undress and get into bed precisely at milling the I fall astern lates are to the process of the process had not slept at all. I have to get out of bed and light the lamp. For an hour or two I pace the floor of my room, staring at the familiar pictures and photographs in it. When I am tired of walking up and down, I seat myself at my desk. I sit there motionless, thinking of nothing, and feeling no desire for anything. If a book lies before me I move it mechanically towards me and read without the slightest interest. In this way I recently read quite mechanically, in a single night, a whole novel, with the strange title What the Swallow Sang of. Sometimes I try to occupy my mind by counting to a thousand, or conjuring up the face of some friend of mine, and endeavouring to recall in what year and under what circumstances he joined the Faculty.

I like listening to sounds. Sometimes, two doors away, my daughter Liza mutters something rapidly in her sleep, or my wife passes through the drawing-room with a candle in her hand, invariably dropping the match-box; sometimes the shrinking panels of the wardrobe creak, or the wick in the lamp begins humming suddenly; and all these sounds affect me strangely.

Not to sleep at night means to be conscious the whole time that one is abnormal and I wait impatiently for the morning and the day to come, when it is natural to be awake. Many tedious hours pass before the cock in the yard begins to crow. This is my first deliverer. When the cock crows I know that the hall porter will wake up in an hour, and for some reason, unknown to me, go upstairs, coughing irritably. And then the window-panes will begin gradually to pale, and the sound of voices will come from the street....

The day begins for me with the appearance in my hedroom of my wife. She comes in in her skirt, washed and smelling of ean-de-Cologne, but with her hair down, trying to look as if her visit were quite easual, invariably saying the same thing:

"Excuse me, I just looked in.... Another had night?"

Then she extinguishes the lamp, sits down at the table, and begins talking. Though no prophet, I know in advance what she will say. The same every morning. Usually, after anxious enquiries as to my health, she suddenly remembers our officer son, serving in Warsaw. After the twentieth of each month we send him fifty rubles—and it is chiefly this which serves as the theme of our conversation.

"Of course it's hard for us," sighs my wife. "But until he is firmly established in life it is our duty to help him. The poor boy lives among strangers, his pay is very low.... But if you

.

like well send him forty rubles next month instead of fifts. What door think?

Daily experience might have taught my wife that our expenduter is not diminished by constant discussion but my wife has no use for experience, and talks every morning about our officer and the price of bread, which thank God, has gone down, while ugar has gone up two kopeks—and all this with an air of tel

hing me something new

I bitin, agree mechanically, and, no doubt, because I have
not slept all night, stranger, futile musings take possession of my
mind I look at my wife in childred amazement I ask myself in
actonishment is it possible that this corpulent, clumps old
woman, whose face expresses petty cares and anxiety as to a
crust of bread whose exes are dulled by perpetual precocupation
with debt and want who is capable of talking of nothing but
expenses and whore smiles are evoked by nothing but lowered
prices is it possible that this woman was once that slender Varya
whom I loved so ardently for her fine clear mind her pure soil
where heatity, and, as Othello loved Desdemona that the did pity
me in the viciestitudes of my scientific work. Is it possible that
this is my wife, Varya, who one day hore me a son?

I gate intently at the pulfy face of this dumpy old woman searching for my Varya in her but nothing of the past remains my salary, our salary, my cap, our cap It greeces me to look at her, and I humour her by letting her run on as long as she have and do not even as a word when she criticizes people impustly, or mags at me for not taking private practice and not

publishing a text book

Our conversations always end in the same was My wife sud

denly remembers I haven't had my tea and starts up

'What am I thinking of? she says. The samovar has been on the table for ages and here I sit chattering I m sure I don't know what my memory's coming to'

She moves rapidly towards the door stopping there to say

We one Yegor five months wages. Did you know? How many times have I told you that it doe-nt do to let the servants wages run on! Its ever so much easier to pay ten rubles every month than to pay fifty rubles for five months.

Once outside the door, she stops again saving

There's nobody I pity as I do our poor I za. The goor girl goes to the conservatoire is continually in g. I society and

look how she's dressed! It's a disgrace to show oneself in the street in such a winter-coat! If she were anyone else's daughter it wouldn't matter so much, but everyone knows her futher's a famous professor, a privy councillor."

And at last, having reproached me with my reputation and my rank, she goes. Thus begins my day. It continues in no better

fashion.

While I am drinking my ten my daughter Liza comes into my room in her last and cost, carrying her masic, all ready to go to the conservatoire. She is twenty-two years old, but looks even younger, a handsome girl rather like my wife in her youth. She kieses me tenderly on my temple and drops a kiss on my hand, and says:

"Good morning, Daddy. How are you?"

When she was little she was very fond of ices, and I often had to take her to the confectioner's. Ices were for her a gauge for all that was hest. If she wanted to praise me she would say: "You're an ice-cream, Papa." One of her fingers she called pistachio, another cream, and another raspherry, and so on. When she used to come and greet me in the mornings I would seat her on my knee and kiss her fingers, maning them: "Cream,

pistachio, lemon. . . ."

And I still kiss Liza's fingers for old time's sake, marnuring: "Pistachio, cream, leman," but the effect is not the same, I am as cold as an icc-cream myself, and feel shamefaced. When my daughter comes to me and touches my temple with her lins, I start as if a bee had stong me, give a strained smile and turn away my face. Ever since I began suffering from insomnia my mind has been obsessed with the thought: my daughter continually sees me, an old man and a celchrity, blush painfully because I am behind with the footman's wages. She continually sees how my auxiety about petty debts makes me stop working and pace the floor in thought, and yet does not come to me (without telling her mother) and whisper: "Father, take my wotch, my bracelets, my corrings, my dresses-pawn them, you need money" She wes how her mother and I, yielding to false chame, try to conceal our poverty from others, and yet she does not decline the expensive pleasure of studying music. God forbid that I should accept her watch, her bracelets, or her sacrifice! That is not what I want.

And this brings me to the thought of my son, the Warsaw officer. He is a wire, honomable, sober fellow. But that is not

enough for me It seems to me that if my father were an old man, and I know that there were moments in which he blushed for his poverty, I would give up my commission to another, and lure myself out as a worker Such thoughts about my children poison my existence What is the use of them? Only a narrow minded or embittered person cherishes rancour against ordinary human beings for not being heroes. But enough of this

At a quarter to ten I must go and give a lecture to my dear boys I dress and set off along the road I have been familiar with for thirty years now, a road which has its history for me On the site of the big grey house with the chemist's shop on the ground floor was once a small ale shop and in this ale shop I thought out my thesis and wrote my first love letter to Varya I wrote in pencil on a sheet of paper with the printed heading 'Historia morbi' And over there is the grocer's shop, formerly owned by a little Jew who sold me cigarettes on tick, and after wards by a stout woman who was fond of students because they all had a mother at home , the present owner is a red haired tradesman perfectly indifferent, who sits all day drink-ing tea from a copper kettle. And here come the gloomy gates long in need of repair, of the University, a bored yardman in a sheepskin, holding a broom heaps of snow Surely such gates do not produce a very inspiring impression on some lad, fresh from the country, who imagines that the temple of sciences really is a temple! The dilapidated state of the university build ings, the gloom of its corridors its soot stained walls the madequate lighting, the miserable aspect of the stairs, cloak room and benches probably occupy an honourable place in the history of Russian pessimism, among the causes of susceptibili And here is our park It seems to have become neither better nor worse since I was a student I never liked it It would be a great deal better if there were lefty pines and sturdy oaks

he a great deal near it incite when they plus an earny as a skimpy, elipped blace bushes The student, whose state of mind is largely influenced by his surroundings, should meet with nothing that is not loffy, purposeful and elegant in the place where he students The Lord preserve him from sield) trees, broken window panes, shabby walls and doors upholstered in torn oil cloth

As I approach the wing of the building in which I work the door flies open and I am welcomed by an old colleague, the hall

porter, who was born in the same year as myself, and bears the same name—Nikolai. He lets me in, grunting:

"A frosty day, Your Excellency!"

Or, if my coat is wet:

"Raining, Your Hononr!"

Then he runs ahead of me to open all the doors I must pass through. In my private office he carefully helps mc off with my coat, always managing to give me some tidbit of university news. Thanks to the intimacy existing between the porters and night watchmen in the University, he is posted in everything that is going on in all four faculties, in the office, in the rector's room, and in the library. There is nothing he does not know. When some such event as the resignation of the rector or one of the deans is the subject of general speculation, I hear him speaking to the young night watchman of the likeliest candidates for these places, explaining that such a one has not been approved by the minister, such a one has refused the post himself, and going into fantastie details as to certain mysterious documents received at the office, of secret conversations said to have been held between the minister and the patron, and so on. Apart from these details he almost always turns out to have been right. His descriptions of each candidate are distinctly original, but they are nevertheless correct. If you should require to know the year in which someone presented his thesis, joined the university staff, resigned, or died, you have only to draw on the extraordinary memory of this veteran, who, not content with supplying you with year, month and date, will also inform you of the circumstances in which this or that event took place. His was the ready memory of a lover.

He is the gnardian of the University's traditions. He has inherited from his predecessors of the porter fraternity a store of legends pertaining to university life, has contributed to this wealth treasures of his own, amassed during his years of service, and should you wish it, can relate many a story, both brief and lengthy. He can tell you of remarkable sages who knew all there was to know, of extraordinary workers who could go for weeks without sleep, of innumerable martyrs and victims of science. In his stories good triumphs over evil, the weak invariably conquer the strong, the sage gets the upper hand of the fool, and the humble overcome the proud and old.... It is not necessary to accept these legends and marvels at their face value, but something essential remains after you have passed them through the

filter of your mind—our splendid traditions, and the names of true heroes, acknowledged by all

In our society all that is known of the scientific world is sum med up in tales of the extraordinary absent mindedness of old professors, and a few wittersms are the dimpartially to Gruber, myself, and lishukhin Tlus is not much for a society with claims to culture it society really loved science, scientists, and students as Nikolai does, our Interature would long have been enrelied by cjues, legends and tales—all of which, unfortunately, it at present lacks

Mer Aikolai has told me the new, his features assume an expression of severity, and we embark upon a business talk If an outsider could hear him emplosing scientific terminology with such freedom, he would no doubt think he was a scientist in military uniform As a matter of fact, however, the class of the rudition of university porters are greatly evaggerated. True, Nikolai knows upwards of a hundred Latin names, can put a skeleton together, occasionally prepare the materials for demontration, or amuse the students with some lengthy scientific quotation, but such a simple thing as for instance, the theory of the orieulation of the blood is just as obscure to him now as it was twenty years ago.

Scated at the desk, bending low over a book or some chemical preparation, is my prosector. Pyotr Ignatesach is hard working unassuming lust mediocre medivadual, about thirt five years old, already going hald and sporting a "corporation." He works from morting to might, it is an indestingable reader and remembers all he reads, and this makes him worth his weight in gold for me For the rest he is a dray horse, or, in other words a learned dullard. The characteristics of a human dray horse which distinguish him from a man of talent are narrowness of outlook and sharply limited specialistion. Apart from his specialis he is as simple as a child. I remember going into my office one morning and saying.

"Think what a misfortune! They say Skobelev is dead Nikolai crossed lumself but Protr Ignatesich turned to me and asked

"Who's Skobeles?"

Another time-1 little earlier-I told him that Professor Perox had died. The worthy Pyotr Ignatesich said.

"What was his subject?"

I used to think that Path Lerself might sing right into his

ear, that hordes of Chinese might invade Russia, that there might be an earthquake, and he would not turn a hair, but would go on quietly gazing into his microscope with one eye serewed up. In a word, Heeuha was nothing at all to him. I would have given much to see how this dry stick slept with his wife.

Another of his distinguishing features is his blind faith in the infallibility of science, especially of all that is written by Germans. He is sure of himself and his preparations, knows what is the goal of life, and is perfectly immune to the doubts and disillusionment which make the hair of the talented turn grey. He bows slavishly to authority and feels no need for independent thought. It is hard to shake his convictions, impossible to argue with him. How can one argue with a man who is profoundly convinced that medicine is the most perfect of the sciences, doctors the best people in the world, medical traditions the best traditions existing? The only survival of the bad old traditions of the medical profession is the white tie doctors still affect. The scientist and the educated man merely bow to the traditions of the University as a whole, without specific application to the various faculties -medical, law and the rest. But you will never get Pyotr Ignatevieh to agree with you here, and he is ready to argue about it till the day of judgement.

will make a few hundred impeecably correct preparations, write a number of arid, extremely praiseworthy notes, and about a dozen conscientious translations, but he will never do anything out of the common. This requires imagination, inventiveness, intuition, all of which Pyotr Ignatevich lacks entirely. To put it briefly, this is not a master, but a servant, of science.

I can clearly envisage his future. In the course of his life he

Pyotr Ignatevieh, Nikolai, and I speak in undertones. We feel a little ill at ease. The knowledge that an audience is murmuring like an occan on the other side of the door is always chastening. Thirty years have not accustomed me to this scusation, and I experience it every morning. I button up my frockcoat nervously, put unnecessary questions to Nikolai, show temper.... Anyone might think I was afraid, but this is not cowardiec, it is something different, something I can neither put a name to or give a description of.

I look at my watch for no reason whatever, and remark: "Well! Time to go."

We proceed in the following order: in front goes Nikolai with the demonstration material or the diagrams, after him, myself, and after me, his head modestly bent, trudges the dray horse Or, when necessary, a corpse is borne in front on a stretcher, after the corpse comes Nikola, and so on At my appearance the students rise, then sit down and the murmuring of the sea sud

denly ceases A calm sets in I know hast I am going to lecture on, but I do not know how I shall lecture, what I shall begin and end with There is not a single ready made phrase in my head But the moment I glance at my audience (ranged hefore me in an amphihetare), and pronounce the stereotyped, "at our last lecture we stopped air," phrases pour out of me in endless sequence and I am off I speak rapidly and fervently, and apparently the power does not exist that could interrupt the flow of my speech To lecture well, that is to say, to interest and hencefit your hearers, practice and experience are required as well as a clear grasp of his subject had abilities of his hearers, as well as a clear grasp of his subject in addition to all this he must possess a certain craftiness, and meet foes agift of his audience for a second.

A good conductor, while conveying the composer's meaning, performs a dozen activates simultaneously, following the score, waving his baton, keeping an eye on the singer, pointing now to the drum, now to the French horn and so it is just the same with me, when lecturing I am faced by a hundred and fifty faces, all differing from one another and three hundred eyes staring straight into my face It is my business to conquer thus hydra headed moneter So long as I am fully aware, all time I am I extrusting, of the measure of its attention and its reasoning powers, I have it in control 'Uy other enemy resides within my own boom This is the infinite variety of forms phenomena and laws, and the multitude of thoughts my own and others, springing from this variety.

I must be continually and shifully extracting from this was of material that which is miss important and essential and keeping pace with my own words, present my thought in the form most accessible for the monster's mind, and capable of exciting its interest, while at the same time seeing to it that my thoughts are conveyed not as they accumulate but in the order required for the presentation of the picture I intend to convey. Further I have to try to speak in a pleasing and cultivated manner to keep my definitions brief and precise, and my phrases as simple and elecant as possible Ever moment I have to remuch nisself that

there is only an hour and forty minutes at my disposal. In a word, I have plenty to do. At one and the same time I must incorporate in myself the scientist, the teacher, and the orator, and woe betide me if the orator gets the upper hand of the teacher and the scientist, or vice versa!

I lecture a quarter of an hour, or perhaps half an hour, and suddenly notice that the students are beginning to stare at the ceiling, at Pyotr Ignatevich; somebody fumbles for his hand-kerchief, somebody else settles himself comfortably in his seat, a third smiles at his own thoughts. This means their attention is beginning to wear thin. Measures must be taken. I use the first opportunity to introduce a pun. All the hundred and fifty faces smile broadly, the eyes gleam, the murmur of the sea is heard for a brief moment... I join in the laugh, too, their attention is renewed, and I can go on.

No debates, entertainments, or games ever gave me so much pleasure as lecturing. Only while lecturing have I been able to give myself up whole-heartedly to my ruling passion, only then have I realized that inspiration is no invention of the poets, but really exists. Hercules never felt such exquisite fatigue after his amorous feats as I used to after a lecture.

That was how it used to be. Now lecturing causes me nothing but torture. Hardly half an hour passes before I begin to feel an unconquerable weakness in my legs and shoulders. I sit down, but I am not used to lecturing in a sitting position. The next minute I get up, and continue on my feet, then sit down again. My month feels dry, my voice gets husky, my head swims.... In order to conceal my state from my andience I sip water, cough, blow my nose, as if hampered by a cold, produce puns at random, and end up by announcing the interval sooner than I ought to. But it is chiefly shame that I feel.

My conscience and my mind tell me that the best thing for me now to do would be to deliver a farewell lecture to my boys, to say my last word to them, to give them my blessing, and yield my post to another, younger and stronger than myself. But— God forgive me!—I have not the conrage to follow the dictates of conscience.

Unfortunately, I am neither a philosopher nor a theologian. I know very well that I have not more than six months to live. It might be thought I should be chiefly occupied with questions of my imminent end, and of the dreams which may come to me in "that sleep of death." But somehow my soul does not seem in-

clined to ponder these problems, though my mind acknowledges that they are all important Now, on the threshold of death the only thing that interests me swhat interested me teenty or thirty sears ago—ectence. Even when I am breathing my fast I am our 1 shull still believe that scenere is the most important bequitted and essential thing in the life of man that it always has been and always will be the highest manifestation of love, that by means of science alone man will conquer nature and himself. This belief may be naive and fundamentally incorrect, but it is not my fault that I telieve as I do I am unable to suppress this belief of mine.

But that is not the point I only ask indulgence for my weak on the professor and for it to be understood that to tear from his professor ship and his students a man who is less affected by the final goal of the universe than by the future development of the mirrow, would be intainment to making him down in his collin

while he is still alive

We incoming and the consequent tense stringle against the velues which overomes me lead to a strange plienomenon. When I am becturing teres rive to my throat my cylinds begin to rich and I feel a strange historical desire to throw out my arms and complian loudly. I feel an impulse to shout in a loud voice that fate has doomed a well known man like my-elf to capital punishment, thir in sex monits or as another will I e saving my hear ers. I should like to cry that I have been possoned. New thoughts thilterto quite strange to me are possoning the last days of my life studing my herain like grasts. In it wich times? I feel the horror of my stituation as keeply that I should like my leavers to be horrified to jump up from their seats and rush panie stricken and thricking to the cut.

Such moments are hard to endure

Ħ

Mer a lecture I stay at Jome and work. I real magazines and treatives or prepare for my next lecture sometimes I write a little I work spasmodically for alere are visitors to be received.

The door lell rings. A colleague has called to consult me on a matter of lusiness. He enters with his had and less the in less hands stretching out let these articles towards in and saving

"I've come just for a minute-only a minute! Don't get up.

Collega! I only want to say two words to you."

We begin with a display of our extraordinary politeness, our pleasure in seeing each other. I try to force him into a chair, and he tries to force me to sit down. At the same time we cantiously stroke each other in the region of the waistcoat, touching a button, as if feeling each other, and afraid of burning our fingers. Both of us laugh, though we have not said anything funny. Once seated, we hend our heads towards each other and start tulking in undertones. However cordial our relations we feel obliged to gild our speech after the Chinese manner, with "as you so justly remark," or "as I had the honour to inform you," to laugh at one another's witticisms, even when these are somewhat inept. After we have finished our business, my friend rises abruptly, with a wave of the hand in the direction of my desk, and begins to take his leave. Again we feel one another and laugh. I accompany him into the hall, where I help him on with his coat, he doing his utmost to reject this high honour. Then, when Yegor opens the front door for him, my friend assures me I will eatch cold, and I pretend to be ready to go right out-of-doors with him. When at last I return to my study my face goes on smiling, as if it could not stop.

A little later there is another ring at the bell. Someone comes into the hall, is a long time removing his street clothes and clearing his throat. Yegor announces that a student wishes to see me. "Let him come in," I say. In a few seconds a young man of pleasing appearance enters the room. For nearly a year now there have been strained relations between us. He makes a deplorable showing at my examinations, and I give him the lowest marks. Every year there are about seven young people of this sort, whom, in the language of the students, I "pitch into" or "plnek." Those who fail in their examinations owing to lack of ability or illness as a rule bear their cross patiently and do not try to hargain with me. Only optimists, easy-going individuals, whose appetite and regular attendance at the opera are interfered with by failure in examinations, try to bargain with me. I am indulgent with the former, but the latter I pitch into

unmercifully all the year round.

"Sit down," I say to my visitor. "What can I do for you?"

"Excuse me for troubling you, Professor," he begins, stuttering and looking away. "I would not venture to trouble you, but

for live sat for your examination five times and . flunked it again Please be so kind as to give me a pass, because "

The argument which the idlers produce in their favour is always the same they have passed all the other examinations splendidly, and only flunked mine, which is the more extra ordinary in that they have always studied my subject realously, and know it thoroughly If they were plucked, it was owing to some incomprehensible misunder-standing.

'Im sorry, my friend," I say to my visitor "I cannot give you a pass Go and study your notes again, and then come to me We'll see, then"

A pause I take pleasure in causing a certain amount of dis comfort to a student who prefers beer and the opera to seience,

and remark, with a sigh

'In my opinion the best thing for you to do now is to leave the medical faculty altogether. If with your ability, you are quite inrable to pass the examinations it can only be that you have neither the desire to be a doctor nor the necessary your tion."

The optimist's face lengthens

"Excuse me, Professor he says with a nervous laugh "That would be a very strange thing for me to do To study five years and suddenly leave"

'Not at all Better to have wasted five years than all your life

remain in an occupation which is not to your taste"

But the next moment I feel sorry for him and hasten to add

'However, you know best Go and study a little more and come to me when you are ready

"When? ' enquires the idler in hollow tones

Whenever you like Tomorron if you are reads

I read clearly the message in his good natured eves I can come, but you'll flushi me again you know you will you best!"

'Of course,' I continue, sitting fifteen times for my examination will not make you a learned man, but it may train your will And that's something. As I lead."

A pause ensure I rise, waiting for my visitor to retire but he stands there looking at the window fingering his youthful

heard, and meditating The thing is becoming wearisome

The optimist has a pleasant mellow voice and intelligent mocking eyes, but his complacent features its somewhat Hurrel by frequent potations of beer and prol nged rejensible to doubt he could tell me much that would be interesting to

hear about the opera, his love affairs, his comrades (to whom he is deeply attached), but unfortunately such things are not discussed between us.... I would gladly listen to him....

"Professor! I give you my word of honour that, if you pass

me, I'll...."

When it comes to his "word of honour," I give a wave of the hand, and sit down at my desk. The student thinks a little longer and then says despondently:

"In that case, good-bye. . . . Excuse me!" "Good-bye, my friend. Good luck to you!"

He leaves the room with faltering steps, slowly puts on his coat in the hall, and, once out, probably has another long "think." Dismissing me from his thoughts as "that old devil." he makes for a cheap restaurant to drink beer and then goes home to bed. Peace to your ashes, honest toiler!

A third ring. In comes a young doctor in a new black suit, gold-framed spectacles and the inevitable white tie. He introduces himself. I ask him to be seated and enquire his business. The youthful high priest of sciences begins telling me, not without emotion, that he passed his doctor's examinations this year, and has now only to write his thesis. He would like to work with me, under my aegis, and I would oblige him infinitely by suggesting a theme for his thesis.

"I should be happy to be of use, Collega," I say, "But first let us define clearly what a thesis is. The word is usually supposed to connote an essay arising out of independent work. That is so, is it not? An essay written to another's theme and under

another's guidance has another name...."

The aspirant makes no reply. I jump out of my chair in an

outburst of indignation.

"What makes you all come to me, I wonder?" I exclaim angrily. "Do I keep a shop? I do not deal in themes! For the hundredth time I would beg von all to leave me in peace! Excuse me if I seem rude, but really I'm sick of this!"

The aspirant still says not a word, but a faint blush appears above his cheek-bones. His face expresses profound respect for my famous name and erudition, but his eyes show me that he despises my voice, my pitiful physique, and my nervous gesticulations. He finds me an eccentric figure in my wrath.
"I don't keep a shop!" I repeat angrily. "It's really extra-

ordinary! Why don't you want to be independent? Why is

liberty so odious to you?"

f go on and on and he stilf maintains silence. At last f levin to quieten down, but of course I will give in to him The aspirant will receive from me some worn-out theme, write under my direc tion a paper of no earthfy use to anyone, come out the victor in a wearrsome debate, and receive a scientific degree which will never do him any good

The bell rings constantly, but I will limit myself to recounting only the first four When the bell rings for the fourth time f hear familiar footsteps, the rustfe of a dress, a voice f love

Figliteen years ago a friend of mine, an eye specialit die f leaving a seven year-old daughter, hatys and about sixty thou sand rubles He appointed me as her guardian in his will hatta lived in my family till she was ten when she was sent to a boarding school, and only came back to us for the summer holidays f had no time to fook after her upbringing had only brief opportunities for observing her, and can therefore say very little about her childhood

Ils earliest memors of her and one which I hold dear is the wonderful confidence with which she came into my home and allowed herself to be treated by the doctors in illness-a con fidence which always ht up her face. She might be sitting apart with a swollen and bandaged cheek but invariably taking the utmost interest in all going on around her whether watching me writing and turning over the pages of a book or my wife bustling about, or the cook peeling potatoes in the kitchen or manning amount or the country periods in the killener or thought "Everything that goes on in the world is wise and wonderful" She was extremely curious and loved talking to me Sometimes she would sit opposite me at the other side of the table, following my movements and putting questions to me She wanted to know what f wa reading what I did a the University, whether f was not afraid of corpses what I did with my salary

"Do the students at the University fight? the would ask

'Yes, darling, they do'

'And do you make them stand in the corner'

Oh yest'

She thought it so funny that the students fought and I made them stand in the corner that she laughed She was a gentle patient good child. I often watched her when I can I have I of something, unjustly punished or left with her our six un satisfied At such moments sadness would be filended with the expression of permanent confidence on her face, but that was all. I did not know how to stand up for her, but when I saw her look sad I felt a longing to draw her elose to me. and pity her, like an old nurse: "My blessed little orphan!"

I remember, too, how fond of dressing and scenting herself she was. In that respect she was like me. I, too, like fine clothes

and expensive scent.

I regret that I never had time nor inclination to follow the development of what became Katya's ruling passion from her fourteenth or fifteenth year. I refer to her ardent love for the theatre. When she came home from boarding-school for the summer there was nothing she spoke about with such satisfaction and ardour as plays and actors. She fairly wore ns out with her incessant chatter about the theatre. My wife and children would not listen to her. I was the only one who had not the courage to refuse her my attention. When she felt the desire to share her enthusiasm with someone, she would come into my study and say in a beseeching voice:

"Nikolai Stepanich, may I talk to you about the theatre?"

I would point to the clock and say: "I give you half an hour. Go ahead."

Later on she got into the habit of bringing home dozens of portraits of actors and actresses, the objects of her adoration. Then she tried her hand at amateur theatricals and at last, when her school days were over, she announced to me that she was born to be an actress.

I never shared Katya's theatrical enthusiasm. In my opinion, if a play is any good there is no need, for the production of the desired effect, to trouble actors. Reading is quite enough. If a

' play is bad, then no acting will make it good.

In my youth I went often to the theatre, and my family still engage a box twice a year, and take me there "to air myself." This does not entitle me to judge of the theatre, of course, and I will not say much about it. In my opinion the theatre has not become any better than it was thirty or forty years ago. I am still unable, either in the passages or the fover, to find a glass of water to drink: the cloak-room attendants still fine me twenty kopeks for my coat, though there would seem to be nothing reprehensible in wearing warm clothes in the winter: music is still quite unnecessarily played during the intervals, adding something new and unwanted to the impression made by the play. Men still go to the bar for a drink during the intervals.

And since no progress is to be observed in trifles, there would be no good in my looking for it in greater matters. When an actor, steeped from head to foot in theatrical traditions and prejudices, declaims an ordinary simple monologue like "To be or not to be" without simplicity, hierang for no resons what ever and shaking all over, or when he tries to convince me at all costs that Charkky, who held forth to fools, and was in love with a fool of a girl, is a very elever man and that Fit Forks. For is not a boring play, it seems to me that the old routine which used to bore me forty years ago, when I was entertained with classical waitings and chest smiting, still emanates from the stage And I leave the theatre every time a greater conservative than lendered it.

The credulous sentimental crowd may allow seelf to be persuaded that the modern theater is a school but those will hold proper ideas of what a school should be will not swallow such but I do not know how things will be in fifty or a hundred year, but in modern conditions the theater can serie as nothing but entertainment. And this entertainment is too costly for its go on enjoying it I fishes from the state thousands of young, healthy, gifted men and women who if they had not decoted themselves to the thatter might have been excellent decoters, tillers of the soil teachers or officers. It fifthes from the public their exemp hours, the best time for intellectual work and frendly converse. Not to mention the financial eyen duture and the moral injure inflicted upon the spectators when they see murder adulters or slander glorified on the stage.

Astya, however, was of quite another opinion. She assured me that the theatre, even in its present stile is more important than lectures and books more important than anothing else in the world. The theatre is a force uniting within itself all the arts, and actors are missionaires. Vo act or scence exercises such a powerful and unequinocal influence on the human spirit as the stage, and it is not for nothing that even the most me diocre actor is more popular than the greatest scientist or artist. And no other public actury gives such enjoyment and salts faction as acting gives to actors.

And one fine day hatta joined a theatrical company and went away, to Ufa I think, taking with her quite a lot of money a mass of rainbow hard hopes and an aristocratic approach to the theatre.

em, lost in admiration that these small sheets of paper could ontain so much youth, spiritual purity, blessed innocence. on bined with a subtle, practical judgement which would have lone honour to the finest masculine mind. The Volga, the Scenery, the towns she visited, her comrades, her successes and her failures she did not so much describe, as sing. Every line breathed the confidence that I was accustomed to see on her face, and withal there were immmerable mistakes in grammar,

Six months had hardly passed when I received an extremely and hardly any punctuation whatever. poetical and enthusiastic letter, beginning with the words: have fallen in love." To this letter was appended a photograph of a young man with a cleanshaven face, wearing a broadbrimmed hat, and carrying a plaid rug over one shoulder. The next few letters were just as wonderful, but now punctuation marks began to make their appearance, there were no more grammar mistakes, and the letters themselves smacked strongly of male influence. Katya now wrote to tell me how nice it would be to build a big theatre somewhere on the Volga, on co-operative lines, of course, and get some wealthy merchants and shipowners to contribute to this enterprise. plenty of money, the box-office receipts would be enormous, the actors would work for mutual profits. ... This might be all very well, I told myself, but such ideas could only come from a masculine mind.

However that may have been, a year or two later everything was apparently still going well. Katya was in love, believed in her cause, and was happy. But after this I began to observe obvious signs of weariness in her letters. In the first place Katya began complaining to me of her comrades—this was the first and most ominous symptom. If a young scientist or writer begins and most ominous symptom. It a young scientists or writers, it his activities by complaining bitterly of scientists or writers, it means he is already fatigued, and not fit for his work. Katya wrote me that her comrades did not attend rehearsals and never knew their parts. The absurdity of the plays produced, and the behaviour of the actors on the stage, showed that each one of them felt the utmost contempt for the andience. In the interests of box-office receipts, which was the sole topic of conversation actresses demeaned themselves by singing chansonnettes, an tragic actors sang couplets in which deceived husbands and the pregnancy of unfaithful wives were made fun of. It was quite wonder that provincial theatres still survived and that they could continue in such a meagre and corrupt vein

In reply I sent Katya a long, and, I am afraid an extremely tedious letter Among other things I wrote "I have often hal talks with old actors, high minded people who have been good enough to bestow their affection on me From conversation with them I could see that their work is ruled not so much by their own minds and wills as by the fashion and mood prevailing among audiences The best of them, in their time have had to act in tragedies and operettas, in Parisian farces, and in panto mime, and in every ease they believed themselves to be follow ing the right path and doing good So you see the root of the evil must be sought for not in the actors but deeper, in art itself, and in the attitude of society towards art " This letter of mine only irritated Katya. We are talking at cross puri oses she replied "I did not write to you about high minded people who hestowed their affection upon you, but about a band of rotters with nothing high souled about them. They are a horde of savages, only in the theatre because unable to find employ ment anywhere else, and only calling themselves actors out (I insolence Not a single talented person, but any amount of mediocrities, drunkards schemers, and backbiters I can never tell you how bitter it is to me that the art I love to much should have fallen into the hands of people I detest that the best minds only see this exil from a distance do not desire to approach it more nearly, and, instead of sympathizing write heavy hande l commonplaces and go in for utterly superfluous moralizing And so on, all in the same manner

Some more time elapsed and I received the following epistle 'I have been cruelly decerned I cannot go on living. Make use of my money as you see fit I have loved you as my father and only friend farewell.

She had been away for some four years, during the whole of which time it must be admitted that I played a strange and not very admirable part with regard to her. In the early days, when she announced her intention of going on the stage, wrote to me about her love, had fits of extravagance, compelling me to send, now a thousand, now two thousand rubles, when she wrote to me of her desire to die, and then of the death of her child, I lost my head and my only part in her destiny was to think constantly of her and write her long, dull letters, which I might as well have left unwritten. And yet, was not I in the place of a father to her, did not I love her as my own daughter?

At present Katya lives a quarter of a mile from me. She has rented a five-room apartment and furnished it very comfortably, with that taste which is all her own. If anyone should undertake to describe the atmosphere in which she lives, the emphasis would have to he on its languor. Soft conches and soft chairs for the lazy hody, soft carpets for the lazy feet, dim. faded, blurred colours for the lazy eyes. And for the lazy soul, an abundance of cheap fans on the walls and small pictures in which originality of execution prevails over subject, abundance of little tables, shelves, everywhere perfectly superfluous and worthless objects, odd seraps of material, curtains.... All this, and the obvious avoidance of bright colours, symmetry, and space, reveals, as well as spiritual laziness, the perversion of natural taste. Katya lies on a couch for days on end, reading—mainly novels and short stories. She only goes out once a day, in the afternoon, to come and see me.

I go on working and Katya sits not far off on the sofa, silently drawing the folds of her shawl round her, as if she were cold. Either because I am fond of her, or because I got used to her requent visits when she was still a little girl, her presence does not prevent me from concentrating. Every now and then I toss an idle question at her, and she gives me a brief reply. Or, feeling the need of a moment's relaxation, I turn and look at her as she skims absently through a medical magazine or a new-paper. And then I observe that her face no longer wears its former expression of confidence. It is now cold, apathetic, abstracted, like the faces of passengers forced to wait a long time for their train. She still dresses well, with her former simplicity of taste, but she is no longer neat and trim. Her dress and hair show signs of contact with the conches and rocking-chairs on which she reposes all day. And she is no longer

currous to know everything as she used to be the no longer puts any questions to me-as if, having experienced all that life had to offer, she no longer expects to hear anything new

A little before five signs of life are heard in the sitting room and drawing room. This means that I iza has come back from the conservatoire and brought some girl friends with her Some body can be heard playing the piano, somefully sings a note or two, laughter rings out In the diming room Yegor is laving the table, rattling the dishes

'Good bye, says Katya, 'I won't go in to them today They must excuse me I have no time Come and see me"

When I see her to the front door she inspects me severely from head to loot and ears crossly 'You get thinner and thinner Why don't you have treatment?

I shall make Serger Fedorovich come and see you Let him examine you

"Don't do that Katya

'I can't understand what your people are thinking about!

A fine family you have!

She jerks on her coat a couple of hair pins invariably fall on the floor from her carelessly done hair She is too lazy, and in too much of a hurry to set her hair to rights merely pushing a tumbled curl under her hat before leaving

When I go into the diming room my wife asks me

'Has Katha been with you? Why didn't she come to see us? It looks so odd

'Oh, Vigmma," says Liza reproachfully. If she doesn't want to come, she can stay awas We don't have to go down on our knees to her " Whatever you say, it's rude To sit three hours in the study

and never give us a thought But she can do as she likes of

course '

Varya and Liza both detest Katva. I cannot understand their hatred, indeed, it would probably take another noman to do so I am ready to swear that hardly one of the hundred and fifty souths I see almost daily in my lecture hall or of the hundreds of middle aged men I meet in the course of a week would be able to understand this hatred and disgust for Katya's past for the fact that she had born a child out of wedlock this hatred for the illegitimate child itself It the same time I cannot think of a single woman or girl of my acquaintance who would not consciously or unconsciously chereds the same feeling And this not because women are more virtuous than men-after all, virtue and purity differ very slightly from vice, if they are not free from malice. I put it down to the backwardness of women. The melancholy sympathy and vague remorse felt by the modern man at the eight of misfortune ceem to me to show much more culture and moral development than hatred and disgust. The modern woman is as lachrymose and callous as were women in medieval time. And in my opinion those who advocate a man's upbringing for her are in the right.

My wife also dislikes Katya for having been on the stage, for her ingratitude, her pride, her eccentricity, for all those innumerable defects which one woman can always find in an-

other.

In addition to the home-circle there are two or three girl friends of my daughter at the dinner-table, and Liza's admirer and cuitor, Alexander Adolfovich Gnekker, a fair young man, about thirty years old, of middle height, stout, broad-chouldered, with reddish whickers and a dyed moustache, which give his smooth, fat face a doll-like appearance. He wears a very short jacket, a fancy warstcoat, checked trouvers very wide at the top and very narrow at the bottom, and flat-oled ban shoes. He has ladging, prawn like eyes, his tie is like the neck of a jarawn. and it even seems to me that this young man smells of prawn coup. He visits in every day, but none of us knows where he comes from, where he was educated, and what he lives on. Though he neither sings nor plays himself, he has comething to do with music and singing, selle mysterion- grand pianos to mysterious customers, is continually at the conservatoire, knows all the celebrities, and acts the host at concerts. He utters oracular musical criticisms and I have observed that everyone hartens to agree with him.

Rich people always have hangers-on, and it is the came with ceience and the art. I don't suppose there is a single art or science free from the presence of "foreign bodie," such as Mr. Guckler. I am not a rm man and may be mistaken about Gueller, whom moreover, I know very little. But his authoritative air and the complacency with which he stands near the piano and better when anyone plays or sings, strike me as surpicious.

You may be the name of rentility and a privy councillor, but if you have a daughter, you are never take from the atmosphere of middle-class subgatity which courting, match-making and

weddings will introduce into your house and your mood I for one can never reconcile myself to the triumphant expression on my wife's face whenever Gnekker visits us, or to the bottles of Lafitte, port and sherry, which are placed on the table solely on his account, so that he should see with his own eyes the luxurious scale on which we live Nor can I endure the staccato laugh which Liza has learned in the conservatoire, or her way of par rowing her eyes when we have male visitors. But the main thing is that I cannot for the life of me understand why a person utterly alien to my liality, my seience the whole manner of my life. utterly different from the sort of people I like, should come every day to my house, and dine with me every day My wife and the servants whisper mysteriously that he is the france," but even so I cannot make out why he should be here He arouses in me the same astonishment I should feel if a Zulu were to be given a place at the table beside me I find it strange, too, that my daughter, whom I still regard as a child should love this tie, these eyes, these pudgy cheeks

In the old days I used either to enjoy my dinner or, at the worst, be indifferent to it but now it arouses in me nothing but boredom and irritation free since I became an Excellency," and was made dean of the Laculty my wife and daughter have for some reason considered it necessary to introduce changes into our menu and the etiquette of our table Instead of the plain dishes to which I have been accustomed from the days when I was a student, and later a medico I am now fed on soup suree, with white blobs floating about in it and on kidness in mideira sauce My new rank and celebrity have deprived me for ever of cabbige soup with delicious pies of goose and apple sauce, of bream and buckwheat They have also deprived me of Agasha, the housemand, a jully garrulous old woman in whose place Yegor, a dull watted, pempous fellow serves the dinner wearing a white cotton glove on his right hand. The intervals between courses seem longer than they really are because there is noth ing to fill them up with Gone are the old gaiety, the easy chatter, jokes, laughter, the mutual careeses, the joyourness felt by the children, my wife, and myself, when we used to come together round the table For a busy man like misell dinner was a time of rest and reunion, and for my wile and children it was a treat, brief, it is true, but bright and gay, when they knew that for half an hour I I clonged not to the student not t conce but to themselves and no one else Gone is the altility to get

kwheat, the noisy enjoyment of every trifling dinner-time ident, such as a fight under the table between the cat and g. or the time when Katya's bandage fell from her cheek

It would be as unappetizing to describe our present dinners s it is to cat them. My wife, who always looks worried. now its there with an expression of ostentations solemnity on her face. She glances uneasily at our plates, saying: "I see you don't like the meat.... You know, you don't, so why not say so? And I have to reply: "Not at all, my dear! It's delicious!" And she: "You always stand up for me, Nikolai Stepanieli, you never say what you really think. But why does Alexander Adolfovich cat so little?" and this goes on throughout the meal. Liza utters her staceato laugh and narrows her eyes. I look from one to the other and it is at dinner-time that I realize with the utmost clarity that the inner life of both of them has long escaped my observation. I feel as if there had once been a time when I lived at home with my real family, and that now I am dining out with a not-real wife and regarding a not-real Liza. A startling change has taken place in them both, and I somehow failed to observe the long process leading to this change, so that it is no wonder I am unable to understand it now. What has brought this change about? I cannot say, Perhaps the real trouble is that the Lord has not endowed my wife and daughter with the powers possessed by myself. I have accustomed myself to resist external influences from my childhood up, and have trained myself in this. Such vicissitudes of life as fame, rank, the transfer from mere sufficiency to living beyond one's means, the acquaintance of celebrities, and so on, have made hardly any impression on me, my integrity has remained untouched by them. But all this has fallen like an avalanche upon my wife and Liza, weak and untrained as they were, and ernshed them.

Gueller and the young ladies discuss fugues, counter-point, singers, pranists. Bach and Brahms, and my wife, lest she should and utters ponderous wittiers historing condescendingly to the temarks of the young ladies. Every now and then he has an ingular to speak had French, and then, for some reason, he sees

fit to dub me "cotre excellence."

But I am morose Apparently I embarrass them and they embarrass me I have never before felt any starrings of enob hishness, but now I am tortured by something of the kind I endeavour to see nothing but had traits in Guckler This does not take me long, and soon I fall to worrying over the fact that a rank outsider should play the role of suitor in my house this presence has a had effect on me in another way, too As a rule, left to myself, or in the company of those I like, I do not think of my own ments, or if I should do so for a moment, they seem as trilling to me as if I had only been a qualified scientist for a very short time flut in the company of people like Grekker my mergs seem to tower like a mountain its peak this appearing into the cleud, and Guekkers creeping about at its foot, almost invisible to the eve

After dinner I retire to my study and emoke my pipe, the only one for the whole day, all that is left of my had old habit of smoking from morning till night While I smoke my wife comes to sit and talk to me Just as I do in the morning I know be-

forehand what she will talk about

"We must have a serious talk, Nikolat Stepanich" she begins "About I iza, I mean You mucht dist lay a little interest, after all

' If hat do you mean?

"You pretend not to notice anything it's too bid You have no right to be so east going Guekker has intentions towards What do you think about it?

'I can't say he's no good since I don't know him lut I se

told you again and again that I don't like him

"Int you can't you ran !

She gets up and paces the floor nervously

"You can't take a serious thing like thet so I althe she says When it is a question of your dan liter s happiness all personal considerations must be abandoned I know you don't like him Very well, then suppose we refuse him now break it off, can we be sure that I iza will not hold it against us all her life? Suitors are not so very plentiful nowadays, and it is possible that no other will turn up He is very much in love with Liza and as far as I can see the like him too I know he has no definite to mon but we car the lp that beis baje hell settle down one day He comes from a good lamily and has plents of money

'How do you know?

"He told me so. His father has a big house in Kharkov and an estate in the neighbourhood. You'll have to go to Kharkov, Nikolai Stepanich, you know!"

"What for?"

"You'll be able to find out when you're on the spot.... You know some of the professors there, they'll help you. I'd go myself, but I'm only a woman, I ean't...."

"I'm not going to Kharkov," I say gruffly.

My wife gives way to alarm, an expression of extreme anguish

appearing on her face.

"For God's sake, Nikolai Stepanieh!" she implores me, sobbing. "For God's sake lift this burden from my shoulders! I'm so unhappy!"

It pains me to see her like this.

"Very well, Varya," I say kindly. "I'll go to Kharkov, since you want me to, I'll do whatever you like."

She presses her handkerehief to her eyes and goes to her room

to cry. I am left alone.

Soon after, the lamp is brought in Familiar shadows, long ago become tedious to me, are thrown on the walls by the armchairs and the lamp-shade, and the sight of them reminds me that night has come and that my accursed insomnia will soon begin. I go to bed, get up again and walk up and down the room, then go back to bed.... As a rule it is after dinner, at nightfall, that my nervous excitement reaches its highest point. I begin crying for no apparent reason, hiding my head under the pillow. At such moments I am always afraid someone will come in, or that I will suddenly die, I am ashamed of my tears, and am altogether in a pitiable condition. I feel I can no longer hear to look at my lamp, my books, the shadows on the floor, I can no longer bear to listen to the sound of voices coming from the drawing-room. An invisible, incomprehensible force pushes me violently out of the house. I leap up, throw on my elothes, and go out, taking every precaution not to be noticed by any of the household. Where am I to go?

The answer to this question has long been in my mind-to Katya.

Ш

Usually I find her lying on a Turkish sofa or on a couch, reading. When she sees me she raises her head languidly, sits up and stretches out her hand to me.

"Lolling about as usual!" I say, after a short pause for rest "It's very bad for you. Why don't you find something to do?" "What?"

"You ought to find something to do, I tell you."

"But what? There's no choice for a woman between going to a factory or going on the stage." "Very well, then, since it's not to be a factory, why not go

on the stage?"

She makes no answer.

"Why don't you get married?" I say, half in earnest

"There's no one to marry. And why should 1?"

"You can't go on like this."

"Without a busband? What does it matter? There are plenty of men, if that was what I wanted" "That's not nice. Katsa "

"That isn't?"

"That you just said "

Seeing she had upset me, and anxious to soften the bad impression she had made, Kutya savs

"Come with me Come here! This was ""

She leads me into a small, ening room and points to a deck in it "Look I got it ready for you You will work here Come every day and bring your work with you They won't let you work in peace in jour own home Will you work here' Die sav tou will!in

i si is t Not to grieve her by a relucal I tell her I will like the room very much. Then we both sit d wi · nug

I Pr no

little room and start talking Warm, cosy surroundings and a sympati

longer arouse in me, as formerly feelin n but 1 feet are a powerful incentive to complaintbor as if a little self pity and complaining "Things are bad, dearie I begin \ir bad"

"What's the matter?" "It's like this, my dear Th 1 -acted pre-I me always fe': rogative of kings is the right to il . pretogatemyself a king, for I have as extensively I never judged wit il chowered pardons right and left on all W 'ested and ralife I have e---I merely advised and incress voured to make no comp r my fam'r ed all ale are servants. And this amilu i

do with me, I know it did. But now I am a king no longer. Something which would only be excusable in a slave is going on inside me-bitter thoughts pass through my mind day and night and feelings such as I never harhoured before have made a nest in my heart. I feel hatred and contempt, indignation, wrath, and fear. I have become overweeningly severe, exacting, irritable, rude, suspicious. That which would formerly have merely caused me to perpetrate a pun and laugh good-humouredly, now evokes in me dark feelings. My very sense of logic fails me-formerly it was only money itself which I despised, now I cherish bitterness with regard not to money, but to the rich, as if they were to blame. Formerly I detested tyranny and violence, but now I detest those who use violence, as if it was they, and not we who are imable to bring out the good in one another, who are to blame. What can be the meaning of all this? If my new thoughts and feelings arise from altered convictions, then what is the cause of this change in my convictions? Can it be that the world has become worse and I have become better, or is it that till now I have been blind and indifferent? If the change arises from a general decline of physical and mental powers -- I'm a sick man, you know, I lose weight every daythen my situation is indeed pitiful. For it would mean that these thoughts are abnormal, morbid, that I ought to be ashamed of them, regard them as insignificant."

"It's nothing to do with your illness," Katya interrupted me. "It's just that your eyes have been opened, that's all. You now see what you refused to see before. In my opinion the first thing for you to do is to make a final break with your family and

leave them."

"You're talking nonsense."

"You don't care for them-why play the hypocrite? Is that what you call a family? Nonentities! If they were to die today,

tomorrow nobody would notice they weren't there."

Katya despises my wife and daughter just as much as they hate her. Nowadays one hardly likes to speak of the right of people to despise one another. But if one adopts Katya's point of view and acknowledges the existence of such a right, it becomes impossible to deny that she has just as much right to despise my wife and Liza as they have to detest her.

"Nonentities!" she repeats "Have you had dinner today? How is it they remembered to call you to the table? How is

it they still remember your exceere?"

"hatya," I say stermb "I ad you to stop talking like that " "And do you suppose it's fun for me to talk about them? I should be delighted not to know there at all Li ten to me, mi dear-drop everything and go away Go abroad! And the sooner the letter

"What nonsense! And what about the University?"
Drop the University, too! What's the University to you?
What do you get from it? You've Leen giving lectures for thirty years, and where are your pupils? Ifow many of them have become famous? Try and count them It doesn't need talent and honesty like yours to produce all these dictirs who can only exploit ignorance, and amass thousands of rubles. You are not needed1"

"For heaven's sake how blint you are!" I exclaim numified 'Stop, or I shall go! I don't know how to reply to this sort of talk 17

The maid comes in and announces that tea is served Beside the samovar, I am glad to say a change comes over our con versation Having poured out my complaints, I now wish to indulge in another weakness of the aged-remuiscences I tell Katva about my past, to my own asyonishment informing her of things I had no idea still survived in my memory. And she listens to me with sympathetic admiration with pride, and with bated breath I am carticularly fond of telling her of my days in the seminary, and of my dreams of getting into the University

I need to walk about the parden of the seminary fitell ler 'From some distant treern the wind hears the droning of a concerting and the sound of an ine or a troiks dusties part the wall of the seminars with bells jingling and this is quite enough for me to feel joy welling up not only in my frenet but in my stomach, legs arms. I wild but it be concerting, or to the sound of the recedual ile and in a use muself a doctor and paint imaginary pictures one more exquisite than unother And behold, my dreams have come true! I have had more than I dared to hope for For thirty years f five been a beloved professor, have had wonderful friends enjoyed on longurable conducted I have known lose murred for parsonate lose, had children In short lockin I ick I and I and a demitful comnosition, the work of a master \ v it only remains for me no to spoil the finale. This requires that I die like a rate If I ath is really a peril, then it must be faced it a say work s of a

teacher, a scientist and the citizen of a Christian state, with a cheerful, peaceful spirit. But I am spoiling the finale. Drowning, I run to you for help, and you tell me: drown, that's what you have to do."

But suddenly the front-door bell rings. Katya and I both recognize the ring, and say:

"It must be Mikhail Fedorovich."

And indeed, a minute later, in comes my philologist friend, Mikhail Fedorovich, tall, svelte, fifty years old, with thick grey hair, black eyebrows, and clean-shaven cheeks. He is a good man and a wonderful comrade. He comes of an ancient family of aristocrats, all more or less fortunate and gifted, all playing an important part in the history of our literature and education. He is himself clever, talented, highly-educated, but not without eccentricities. We are all a little strange one way or another, but there is something extraordinary about his eccentricities, and not without danger for his friends. Among the latter I know many who are quite unable to see his innumerable virtues, on account of these eccentricities.

He comes into the room slowly, drawing off his gloves and

saying in deep tones:

"Good evening, Having ten? Splendid! It's devilish cold."

Then he sits down at the table, pours himself out a glass of tea, and starts talking immediately. The distinguishing feature of his conversation is a tone of permanent facetiousness, a peculiar blend of philosophy and drollery, reminiscent of the grave-diggers in Hamlet. His talk is always of serious things, but he never talks seriously. His criticisms are invariably harsh and abusive, but his gentle, smooth, facetious manner takes the sting out of the abuse and harshness, and one soon gets used to his ways. Every evening he brings half a dozen university anecdotes which he invariably begins to relate when he sits down to table.

"God Almighty!" he sighs, twitching his black evebrows hunorously, "what funny folk there are in this world!"

"Tell us." savs Katva.

"As I was leaving the lecture hall today, I met that old fool of ours. N. N.... He was walking along with his horsy chin thrust out, as usual, looking for someone to complain to about his headaches, his wife, or the students, who stay away from his lectures. "He's seen me." I thought, "I'm in for it, now...."

And so on. Or he would begin like this:

"I was at our Z's public lecture yesterday I'm really astonished that our alma mater-whisper it not in Gath!-risks showing imberiles like 7 in public Why, he s notionus throughout Europe as a dunce You could comb Furope and not find another like him You know how he lectures, as if he were sucking sweets—um, im—then he takes fright, loves his place (his thoughts move about as quickly as an archbishop on a bicycle), and, worst of all, nobody knows what it is he wants to say As dull as ditch water. It's as boring as listening to the graduation speech (and what could be worse than that?) in the university hall "

Here he goes off at a tangent

"Three years ago-\ikolai Stepanich here will remember-it lell to me to make this speech Hot, stuffy, my official frock-coat tight under the arm pits-plies I spoke for half an hour, an hour, an hour and a half, two hours Well, I thought to myself, thank God there are only ten more pages left And the last four pages were quite innecessary I intended to leave them out So that leaves only six I said to myself. But what ilo you think! I looked up for a moment and saw a lemboned general and an archbishop sitting side by side in the front row The poor things were still with boredom blinking to keep their eyes open, and at the same time trying to look as if they were listening, and understood and liked what I was easing Well if you like it, I thought to myself, you shall have it So there And I read all through the last lour pages'

When he talks, only his eves and evel-rows seem to smile, as is usually the may with sarcastic individuals. There is neither dislike nor ill humour in his eyes at such times nothing but waggishness and a kind of viscoush slaness only seen on the laces of very observant persons. While I am speaking of his eves I may as well mention another of his peculiarities. When he takes a glass from hatta or listens to her remarks, or follows her with his eves if the happens to go out of the room for a moment, I catch a look of humility, entrealy innocence in his

The maid removes the samovar and places on the table a large hunk of cheese, some fruit and a lottle of Comean champagne, a rather poor wine which katta got lond of while living in the Crimea Mikhul Fedorouch takes too packs of cards from the what not and begins playing patience. He are its that some games of Patience demand the greatest concentration nt the eards. Katya keeps a keen eye on them, helping him more by gostures and mimiery than by words. She never drinks more than two small glasses of wine the whole evening, I sip at half a tumbler. The rest falls to the lot of Mikhail Fedorovich, who

Over the game of patience we solve a variety of problems, can drink a great deal without getting drunk. mainly of the loftiest order, and most of our shafts are directed

at what is dearest or an to us—science.

"Science has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows, "says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows, "says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows, "says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows, "says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows, "says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows, "says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows, "says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows, "says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows, "says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows, "says Mikhail Federace has outlived its age, God knows," says Mikhail Federace has outlined has been again to the says of the says at what is dearest of all to us—science. Oh, yes.... Humanity is beginning to feel the need for putting something else in its place. It sprang from the soil of prejudice, nourished itself on prejudice, and is now itself the quintessence of prejudice, like its defunct grandmothers—alchemy, metap. hysics, and philosophy. After all what has science given humanity? The difference between the learned Europeans and the Chinese,

who get along without any science whatever, is trifling, purely external. The Chinese have no use for science, and what have "Flies have no use for science, either," I say, "But what does they lost?"

"Don't get augry, Nikolai Stepanich, I wouldn't talk like this to anyone else.... I'm more cautious than you think, I wouldn't dream of saying such things in public—God forbid! The mass of humanity cherish the prejudice that science and art are loftier things than agriculture and commerce, loftier than industry. Our sect is kept alive on this prejudice and it is not for you and me

During the process of the game Youth comes in for plenty to destroy it. God forbid!"

"The public are defeniorating," sight Mikhail Fedorovich. "I's not thinking about ideals and all that if only they knew ho to work and think! Well may one say with the poet: isadly of abuen. over the ve deteriorated terribly, agrees Katva, "Can y

watch the coming generation !"

mention a cough distinguished pupil of yours during the

"I don't know about the other professors, but I can't the five-sir, for that matter-ten years?

oln my time, t continues Katra, of ye met lot- of your still and young exeauts, and lots of actors... And what do of anyone myself."

think? I've never happened to come across a single interesting person—not to mention heroic or talented individuals. They're all colourless, mediocre, puffed up affected

All this talk about deterioration invariably makes me feel as if I had accidentally overheard comething unpleasant alout ray daughter Such sweeping accusations, Iased upon threalbure commonplaces bugbears such as deterioration, lack of ideals, or references to the glorious past, sex me. Any accusation even when made in the presence of ladies should be formulated with the utmost exactitude otherwise it is no accusation, but

I am an old man, I have been working thirty years lut I observe neither deterioration nor lack of these and do not consider that the present is worse than the past. Nikolai the porter, whose experience on the matter is worth something says the students of today are neither better nor worse than those

of former times

If I were to be asked what it is I do not like about my present students, I should not be able to give an answer at once, or say much but I should not I e vague I know their defects and there fore do not need to te-out to blusted commonplaces. I wish they didn't smoke and drink so much and marry so late. I don't like their recklessness and that callon ness of theirs which frequently leads to indifference to the presence of necessitous students leads to indifference to the previous of incressions sunory among them, and the future to pri in their arrears to the Society for 4d to Areda Students. They have no knowledge of foteign languages and express themselves incorrectly in Russian Only vesterdry in ventleague the prefs or of hygienics, complained to me that he has to give twice as many lectures as the need to, on account of their weakness in physics and their complete ignorance of meteorology. The are eastly swared by the latest writers even when these ar Is no means the best but fried white is even when there are IV no means me first our mitterly indifferent to classies like Stake pears. Marcus Aurelius Epictelius, or Pascal and it is in this matchity to distinguish the great from the small that their lack of everyday common sense shows itself most of all Instead of traing to solve complicated questions of a more or less social character (land settlement for instance) Is scientific investigation and experience—the ways instance 1) scientific interligation and experience—the waste most appropriate to their socition and perfectls at their disposal—when reach draw in subscription 1/1. It is platful fector internet assistants fall oratin employe in the 1-physicians, and an content to occupy these policy to the age of

goes to the theatre, not for the sake of art, mark you! He must

And katya listens and laught There is something disconcerting about her laughter, it is a kind of rapid and rhythmical inhalation and exhalation, as if she were playing the concertina, and the only sign of mith on her face shows in her nostrils. My spirits sink and I do not know what to say I flare up, jump out of my chair, and shout.

"Stop at! You sat there like a couple of toads and posson the

air with your breath Fnough of that?

And I start to go home, without waiting for them to finish their backbiting It's time anylon—cleven o'clock

"Ill stay a little longer" says Mikhail Fedorovich "May I, lekstering Vladimirovna?

"Of course, ' replies Katya

"Bene In that case he so good as to let us have another hottle"
They both accompany me to the hall with candles in their
hands, and while I am getting into my overcoat Vhkhail Fedo
royich says

"You're looking terribly thin and old lately, Nikolai Stepa

mich What's the matter? Are you ill?"

"A little"

"And won't see a doctor puts in Katva morosely

"Why don't you consult tomeone? You can't go on like this! The Lord helps those who help themselves my friend Give your people my regards and my apologies for not visiting them! I'll come and say good bye in a few days. Lefore I go abroad

Really I will I'm leaving next week

I leave Katja in a state of irritation, alarmed by the talk of my illness, and displeased with myself. After all I ske myself, whij not go and consult one of my colleagues? And immediately I picture to myself my colleague after examining me gond over to the window in silence thinking a while and then turning to me, and trying to present me from reading the truth on his face, saying in casual tones. So far I see nothing special, but I would nevertheless advise you, colleague to give up work ing. "And this deprices me of my last hope.

Which of us does not cherish some hope. When I disgnove for miself, and treat my-elf, I can now and then hope that it is my ignorance which deceives me that I am metaken about the albu men and sugar I discover in my usine about the state of my learn and about the dropiscal swiptoms I have already twice noticed of a morning. When, with the ardour of a hypochondriac, I look through text-books on therapy, changing my medicine daily, I keep thinking that I shall come upon something consoling. How petty it all is!

Whether the sky is covered with clouds, or the moon and the stars shine, I look up at the heavens and think how soon death will be coming for me. It might be supposed that at such times my thoughts would be profound, vivid, deep as the sky itself.... But nothing of the sort. I think about myself, my wife, Liza, Gnekker, my students—in a word about people. My thoughts are mean, trifling, I try to hoodwink myself, and all the time my attitude to life might be expressed in the words of the famous Arakcheyev, who, in a private letter, wrote: "There must be something bad in all that is good in this world, and the bad always preponderates over the good." In other words—everything is loathsome, there is nothing to live for, and those sixty-two years already spent must be regarded as wasted. I catch myself in such thoughts and try to persuade myself that they are casual, passing thoughts, and have no deep roots in my being, but next moment I think:

"If this is so, what makes you want to go to those two toads

every night?"

And I make myself a vow never to go and see Katya again while

perfectly aware that I shall go the next day.

When I have pulled at my front-door bell and gone upstairs I feel as if I no longer had a family, and had no desire to get it back. Clearly the new thoughts suggested by Arakeheyev's words have no easual or transitory place in my being, but rule my whole existence. Tortured by conscience, wretched, languid, scarcely moving my limbs, as if I carried a ton weight about with me, I get into bed and soon fall asleep.

And then ... insomnia....

IV

With the arrival of summer, life changes.

One fine morning Liza comes into my room and says jocosely:

"Come on, Your Excellency! Everything's ready."

My Excellency is led out into the street, seated in a droshky, and driven off. As I drive I idly read the street notices from right to left. I read the word "traktir" (tavern) backwards—"ritkart." This would make a very good name for a baroness—Baroness Ritkart. We pass a ceinetery when we are in open country, and this makes

not the slightest impression on me, though I will be lying in it so soon Then our way lies through a wood, and through open country again Nothing interests me After a two hours' drive My Excel lency is taken into a country cottage, and en-concel in a small, bright room on the ground floor, with blue wallpaper

The night passes as usual in insomina, but in the morning instead of waking up and listening to my wife's conversation I stay in hed I am not exactly asleep, but in that drowsy state of cerni oblision, when one knows that one is not asleep, but goes on - m sheer light.

sellowbacks. triolic to read

Russian writers but I have to admit that I am not particularly foul of them With the exception of the works of a few acknowledged masters, the whole of modern literature strikes me not as literature but as a kind of home industry existing solely on the sufferance of the public and not finding a ready market for its wares. The best products of home industries can never be described as excellent and cannot smeetels be praised without a qualifying 'lint' And this holds good for those literary novelnes which I have read during the last ten or fifteen years—not a single remarkable one, no getting away from the 'buts' 'Clever, lofty, but not brilliant, Iralliant tofty but not elever or finally—bril hant, clever, but not lofts

Not that I consider all French books brilliant clever and fulty They do not satisfy me either but they are not quite as dull as Russian books, and it is no exception to find in them that salient quality—the sense of individual liberts—which no Russian authors Losses I cannot recall a single modern book in which the author floes not endeavour, from the very first page to screen himself behind convention and comprimise On writer is alread to men tion a naked body another I ml- lunseff hand and hos by psycho logical analysis a third must have a warm attitude to human beings," a fourth purposely smears whole pages with descriptions of scenery, for fear of being suspected of "tendencies" One wishes to make himself out a true hourgeons at all costs in his writings, another poses as an arriberat sul so on We have design, cautiousness circumspection but n freedom no courage to write us one likes and therefore no originality.

All this applies to what is known as belles lettres

When it comes to serious articles by buse a vithor in ich subjects, let us say, as sociolo, a art etc. I avoid the o from sheer lity. In my childhood and youth I was arraid of man posterior theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to this theatre-attendants, a fear which has remained with me to the same that the same understand. And it really is hard to understand why hall ters and theatre-attendants are so pompous, so arrogant, so gustly rude. And I experience the same vague fear when I gustry rude. And a experience the same vague roat when a their articles. Their extraordinary pomposity, foreign ad serious articles. lympian facetionsness, their familiar handling of foreign nuthors, their ability to make much out of nothing with such emarkable skill, are incomprehensible and alarming to me, so unlike the modesty, the quiet gentlemanly tone to which I am accustomed when reading the works of our medical and natural ist authors. I find it almost as hard to read the translations made or edited by serious Russian writers as to read their own articles. The Olympian, condescending tone of the preface, the multitude of translator's notes, preventing me from concentrating on the translators notes, preventing me from concentrating on the text itself, the question-marks and "sics" in brackets, with which the generous translator sprinkles the whole article or book, seem to me like so many attacks on the author's individuality

I was once invited to give an expert opinion at the district law-court. During the interval one of my colleagues (also an and my own independence as a reader. expert) drew my attention to the rude way in which the proseeutor addressed the accused, among whom were two educated women. I do not think I exaggerated in the least when I said to my colleague that this rudeness was no worse than the treatment of one another by the authors of serious articles. Indeed this rudeness is so marked that it is hard to speak calmly of it. Either they treat one another, or the writers they are criticizing, with an exaggerated respect amounting to servility, or, on the contrary, couch their opinions in terms very much bolder than those in which I refer in these notes, and in my thoughts, to my future son-in-law. Imputations of insanity, of dubious intentions, and even of all sorts of erimes, compose the usual adornments of serious articles. And all this, as our young doctors adornments or serious articles, And an inis, as our young activities attitude in their "articles," ultima ratio. Such an attitude eanut but affect the morals of the younger generation of writers and I am therefore no whit astonished to find, in the new books and I am increiore no will assonished to mid, in the last ten of which have enriched our belies-lettres during the last ten or fifteen years, heroes who drink too much vodka, and heroine who are insufficiently chaste. I read my French novels and who are insufficiently chaste. glance out of the open window. I can see the tops of the paling in the fence round my front garden, two or three sickly booking trees, and, heyond the fence, a field, terminated by a broad belt of pine trees I often watch a boy and girl, both furhaired and ragged, climbing on to the fence and lauching at my I ald head In their bright eyes I can read their thought 'I ook at the halds! These are almost the only ones who care nothing either for my reputation or my rank

I do not have visitors every day now I will speak only of the visits of Vikolai and of Pyotr Ignatevich Nikolai usually comes to see me on holidays, ostensible about business, but chiefly for the sake of seeing me He is extremely tipsy, o thing

which never happens to him in the winter

"Well-how's everything? I ask, going out to him on the

porch

"Your Excellency he says, laving his hand on his heart and gazing at me with the eestass of a lover ") our fixellency! As God is my witness! May God strike me dead! Gaudeamus tutur iut enestus And he cagerly kisses my shoulder my sleeves and my coat

huttons "Everything all right over there," I ask

"Your Ixcellenes" As God is my judge He soon tires me out with his me seant invocations of God and I send him to the kitchen where they will give him dinner Prote Ignaterich comes to me un h lidare too on jurpose to see me and share his thoughts with me He usually sits down not far from the table modest neat and clean rational not ventur ing to cross his legs or fean in the ed e of the table. And he never reases in his gentle even lones to give me in smooth bookish language, what he considers extremely interesting and piquant items of information gle incl by I in fr in ningazines and hooks All these tulbits it exictly this in I belong to the same type some Lenchman has made a discusery some one else-o German-has exposed him proving that this the covers was made as long ago as 1870 ht some \imerican and a third-also o German-has outwitted them both proving to them that they have deceased themselves and taken air bubliles seen through the microscope for a dark panient. Pretr Igna teyicly even when his intention is I six rain me speaks at length and in detail as if he were left thin a the is with a long list of the lubbiographical source I I amforting trying hard to make no mustakes in his dia s it is of the

The engle lower than the chiel may fly, But never will the chiel en reach the sty

And what is most verations of all is that the clincken Guelder intrined out to be a great of it was it than the eight professor Conscious that my sife and daughter are on his side, he main aims the following factives to right to my tainits with imaligent silence (the old man is a bit barmy, no see arguing with him), or else to rally me good humouredly. It is quite surprising to see how petty a man can become I am capable, throughout the whole meth, of imbiging in a day-dream, in which Griekker turns out to be a swindler, my wife and I ray see their error, and I tainit them—indulging in these and similar fantasies when I have one foot in the grave.

I am now a witness of seenes formerly only known to me by hearsay. Much as it mains me I will describe one which occur

red a few days ago after dinner

I am sitting in my room smokus, my pape. We wife comes in a her custom is, sits down and be in severing how nice it would be for me to go to Abrikov while the weather is warm and I am free, there to discover what sort of man our Gnekker really is "Very well, Pil go," I agree

My wife, gratified gets up and goes to the door but turns

back on the threshold, to say

6.

*Oh, and another thing! I know von II be cross but it's my duty to warn you. I know no Nkoly: Sippanch but all our Iriends, and the neighbours to are be, ming to notice how often you go and see kaiva. The is clever and well educated and a charming companion but von must admit it looks rather odd for a man of your age and seems standing to take pleasure in her company. Headeds shall be such a registration.

The blood suddenly rishes to my hair spirks cent to be showering from my eyes I spring up and shout at the top of my voice, elutching my temples and stamping my foot

"Leave me alone" Leave me alone! Go away"

My face must look owful, and my voice must sound very strange, for my wife turns pale screening hully and shouting desperately, also at the top of her vis. Ill arms our cries Liza and Gnekker come running in full wid by yegor. Leave

me alone!" I repeat "Get out' Lewe me alone"

My legs go quite numb as al they in later with 1 fed myself falling into somelods starms, half aware of the sound

magazines or names, and taking care always to eall Petit, Jean Jacques Petit. Sometimes he stays to dinner, relating all through the meal similar piquant stories, driving us all frantic with boredom. Should Gnekker or Liza turn the conversation to fugues or counterpoint, Brahms or Bach, he lowers his eyes in modest confusion. He is ashamed that such trivialities should be mentioned in the presence of serious persons like myself and him.

In my present mood five minutes of his company hore me as much as if I had been seeing and hearing him for an age. I detest the poor man. My spirits droop beneath his gentle, even tones and bookish language, his ancedotes drive me into a stupor: lle has nothing but the kindest feelings for me and all he says is for the sole purpose of giving me pleasure, and I reward him by gazing steadily at him as if I wanted to hypnotize him, saying to myself over and over again: "Go, go, go...." But he does not respond to suggestion, and stays, and stays, and stays....

All the while he is with me I cannot shake off the thought: "It is quite possible that when I die he will be appointed in my place," and my unfortunate lecture-hall appears to me in the guise of an oasis in which my springs have dried up, and I am rude, silent, morose with Pyotr Ignatevich, as if he, and not myself, were to blame for such thoughts. When he starts on his usual lauding of German scientists I no longer answer him jokingly, but mutter glumly: "Your Germans are a pack of asses..."

I know I am behaving like the late Professor Nikita Krilov who, when bathing at Reval with Pirogov, was furious with the water for being cold, and said: "Those blasted Germans!" I behave badly to Pyotr Ignatevich, but when he leaves, and I see from the window his grey hat bobbing up and down past the fence, I have an impulse to eall him back and say: "Forgive me, old man."

Dinner is still more tedious than it was in the winter. That same Gnekker whom I now despise and detest dines with us almost every day. Formerly I endured his presence in silence, but now I direct the shafts of my wit against him, making my wife and Liza blush. Carried away by angry feelings, I often utter absurdities without knowing why. Thus it once happened that I fixed my scornful glance on Gnekker, and declaimed, without the slightest provocation:

'The eagle lower than the chief may fly, But never will the chiefen reach the sly'

And what is most vexations of ell is that the chicken Gnekker formed out to be a great of al way relian the cagle professor Conscious that my safe and doughter are on his side, he man tams the following factives to replict to my tunds with intidigent science (the chil man is a bit barmy, no use arguing with limit, or else to rally me good humourcult). It is quite surprising it see how petty a man can become I am capable thoughout the whole med, of indulging in a day dream in which Gnekker turns out to be a windler, my wide and Turs see their ceror, and I trunt them—indulging in these and similar fantasies when I have one foot in the grave.

I am now a witness of scenes formerly only known to me by hearsay. Much as it pains me I will describe one which occur

red a lew days ago after dinner

I am sitting in my room smoking, my pipe. My sife comes in as her custom is, sits down and begins saying how nice it would be for me to go to kharko while the scather is warm and I am free, there to discover what sort of man our Gnekker really is "Very well, VII go," I agree

My wife, gratified, gets up and goes to the door, but turns

hack on the threshold, to say

"Oh, and another thing! I know you'll I e cross hut it's my duty to warn you. I xcues mer, Nikolai Stepanish but all our Iriemil, and the neighbours too, are beginning to notice how often you go and see katya. She is clever and well clucated and a clastraing companion, lut you must admit it looks rather odd for a min of your age and seeril standing to take | leasure in her company | He-sdeed, she has such a regulation.

The blood suddenly rushes to my heart sparks and to be showering from my eyes I spring up and shout till to f

my voice, chitching my temples and stamping my f t

Leave me alone! Leave me alone! Go away face must look awhil, and my so e must list very strange, for my wife turns pale screams. I ally an I shouting desperately, also at the top of her viril 1 m art cress lart and Gnekker come running in foll 3 13 years. I cave

me alone!" I repeat "Get out" I en n l e

Ny legs go quite numl as if the e l e t l l f l

myself falling into somelody s arms bill e an e t lle sound

of someone sobbing, and sink into a swoon, which lasts for two or three hours.

To return to Katya. She comes to me every day just before night-fall, and this of course cannot pass unnoticed either by friends or neighbours. She comes in for a few minutes, and takes me out for a drive. She has her own horse and a new barouche, purchased this summer. Altogether she lives on a grand scale. She has rented an expensive country villa with a big garden, and has had all her furniture moved into it, and keeps two maids and a coachman.... I often ask her:

"What will you live on when you have run through the money your father left you, Katya?"

"We'll see," she replies.

"You ought to have more respect for this money, my dear. A good man worked hard to accumulate it."

"You've told me that before. I know."

At first we drive over open country, then through the pinewood I can see from my window. Nature still strikes me as heantiful, although an imp whispers in my ear that all these pines and firs, these birds, the white clouds in the sky will not notice my absence in three or four months' time, after I am dead. Katya likes taking the reins, the good weather and my presence beside her make her happy. She is in high spirits and does not inchalge in eanstic remarks.

"You're a good man, Nikolai Stepanieh," she says. "You are a rare specimen, and no actor could impersonate you. Quite a poor actor could impersonate me or Mikhail Fedorovich, but nobody could do you. I envy you, I envy you terribly. After all, who do I consider myself to be? What am I?"

After a moment's pause for thought, she asks me:

"I'm an undesirable type, aren't I, Nikolai Stepanich? I am, aren't 1?"

"Yes, you are."

"II'm . . . what can I do about it?"

How am I to answer her? It is easy to say: "Work," or "Give all you have to the poor," or "Know thyself!" and because this is so easy to say, I find nothing to say in reply to her.

My therapeutist colleagues tell their students to "individualize each separate case" when giving medical treatment. And the moment one begins to follow this advice one sees how futile are the remedies recommended in the textbooks as the Lest standard treatment, when it comes to individual cases it is just the same when it is not the body but the mind which is sick. But I must give her some sort of renly, and I say

suck But I must give her some sort of reply, and I say

'You have too much time on your hands, my dear You must
find something to do Now why don't you go on the stage again

"ince you feel a vocation?"

"I can't "

"Why do you put on such martyred airs? I don't like it, my least Its all your own fault Remember you began by picking laults in prople and society, but did nothing to improve the one or the other You did not rest text but only tirely jourself out, you were a victim and of strivelle, but of your own weak ness of will. But you were young and mexperienced then everything might go differently now. Come try again' You will work, serve the follows existed air.

"Bon't he a hypocrite 'Molai Stepanich' Kaiva interrupts me 'Tet's decide once and for all to talk about actors, actresses and writers but levue art in peace. You're a fine, rise person but you don't know enough about art to call it sacred with any nentretion. You have no flair for art no car You have been husy all your life and have had no time to cultivate this flair. And altogether I hate all this talk about art,' she continues trately, 'hate at' People vulgarize it enough in all constituence."

'Who vulgarizes it?'

'Snine by incessant drinking the 1 is 1's its flippanes wise folk by their philosophizings

'Philosophy has nothing to do with it

Oh, yes, it has When people plutnsophize they show they

unilerstand nothing '

To present the conversation from digenerating into meet aunts. I hasten to change the subject and then say nothing for a long time. Only when we emerge from the woods and approach hatya's villa do I return to the former subject of conversation and say.

"But you haven't told me why you don't want to go back to

"Nikolai Stepanich, that a cru! she cries and suddenly bludies all over "Do you want me to put the truth into words?"

Very well then since that what you like I have no telent No talent and and lots of vanity. There you are

of someone sobbing, and sink into a swoon, which lasts for two or three hours.

To return to Katya. She comes to me every day just before night-fall, and this of course cannot pass unnoticed either by friends or neighbours. She comes in for a few minutes, and takes me out for a drive. She has her own horse and a new barouche, purchased this summer. Altogether she lives on a grand scale. She has rented an expensive country villa with a big garden, and has had all her furniture moved into it, and keeps two maids and a coachman.... I often ask her:

"What will you live on when you have run through the money your father left you, Katya?"

"We'll see," she replics.

"You ought to have more respect for this money, my dear. A good man worked hard to accumulate it."

"You've told me that before. I know."

At first we drive over open country, then through the pinc-wood I can see from my window. Nature still strikes me as beautiful, although an imp whispers in my ear that all these pines and firs, these birds, the white clouds in the sky will not notice my absence in three or four months' time, after I am dead. Katya likes taking the reins, the good weather and my presence beside her make her happy. She is in high spirits and does not indulge in caustic remarks.

"You're a good man, Nikolai Stepanich," she says. "You are a rare specimen, and no actor could impersonate you. Quite a poor actor could impersonate me or Mikhail Fedorovich, but nobody could do you. I envy you, I envy you terribly. After all, who do I consider myself to be? What am I?"

After a moment's pause for thought, she asks me:

"I'm an undesirable type, aren't I, Nikolai Stepanich? I am, aren't I?"

"Ycs, you arc."

"H'm . . . what can I do about it?"

How am I to answer her? It is easy to say: "Work," or "Give all you have to the poor," or "Know thyself!" and because this is so easy to say, I find nothing to say in reply to her.

My therapeutist colleagues tell their students to "individualize each separate case" when giving medical treatment. And the moment one begins to follow this advice one sees how futile are the remedies recommended in the textbooks as the best standard treatment, when it comes to individual cases It is just the same when it is not the body, but the mind which is sick But I must give her some sort of reply, and I say

'You have too much time on your hands, my dear You must find something to do Ann why don't you go on the stage again since you feel a vocation?

"I can't "

'Why do you put on such martyred airs? I don't like it my dear It's all your own fault Bemember you began by picking faults in people and society, but did nothing to improve the one or the other and did not rest t earl but only tired yourself out, you were a victim not of structle but of your own weak ness of will But you were young and mexperienced then, every tlung might go differently now Come try again! You will

work serve the glorious cause of art 'Don't be a hypocrite Nikolai Stejianich' Katsa interrupts

me Let a decide once and for all to talk about actors, actresses, and writers, but lease art in peace You're a fine rare person but you don't know enough about art to call it sacred with any conviction You have no flair for art no ear You have heen hues all your life and lave had no time to cultivate this flair And altogether I hate all this talk about art, she continues grately, liste it l'eogle vulgarize it enough, in all conscience "

' Tho sulgarizes it?

Some Is incessant drinking the press by its flippancy wise folk by their philosophizings

Philosophy has nothing to do with it

Oh, yes, it has When people philosophize they of wither understand nothing

To present the conversation from degenerating taunts, I hasten to change the sulpect and if n a long time Only when we emerge fi m the value is as proach Katsa's silla do I return t tl fr fitt n

versation and say "But you haven't told me why y

the stage " "Nikolai Stepanich, that 1 I iddenly blushes all over 10 v

words Very well then since it i it n talent No talent, and and lots f vn v H r

lark to

After making this admission, she turns her face away from ne, tugging violently at the reins to conceal the trembling of her

As we drive up to Katya's villa we see in the distance Mikhail Fedorovich, strolling in front of the gate, and impatiently await-

ing 115.

"Again that Mikhail Fedorovich!" says Katya in vexation.

"Again that Mikhail Fedorovich!" says Katya in vexation.

"Again that Mikhail Fedorovich!" says Katya in vexation.

"Again that Mikhail Fedorovich!" says Katya in vexation. "Do take him away from me. He's a bore, he's nothing but a

Mikhail Fedorovich was to have left for abroad long ago, but keeps putting off his departure from week to week. A change dry slick! I've had enough of him!" has come over him of late. His face is drawn, wine affects him now, a thing that never happened before, and grey hairs have appeared in his black eyebrows. When the carriage draws up in front of the gate, he cannot conceal his joy and impatience. The makes a great fuss about helping Katya and myself to get out, bombards us with questions, laughs, and rubs his hands, and the humble, imploring, innocent expression which I formerly only noticed in his glance has now spread to his other features. The rejoices and at the same time is ashamed of his joy, ashamed of his habit of visiting Katya every evening, and considers it or ms made of vicinity waits by some obvious absurdity, such necessary to explain his visit by some obvious absurdity, such as: "I was driving by on business, and thought I'd drop in for a few minutes."

We all three go into the house. At first we have tea, and then all the objects I have 50 long been familiar with appear on the table—the two packs of cards, the hig hunk of cheese, the fruit, the bottle of Crimean champagne. The subjects of our conversation are not new, either, they are the same ones we discussed in the winter. The University, the students, literature and the theatre all come in for their share of obloquy. The atmosphere become turbid and close with malicious gossip, Poisoned by the breat not of two toads, as in the winter, but of three. The maid wh serves us now hears, in addition to the deep velvety laught and gasping accordion-like gusts, unpleasant, staccato laug like the tee-heeing of stage comic generals.

There are nights made terrible by thunder, lightning torrents of rain—"sparrows, nights," the Russian country I eall them. Such a night once played itself out in my own I waked up just after midnight and leaped out of hed. I had taken it into my head that I was going to die on the spot. What midde me think the? I felt no bodily sensation pointing to a rapid coil nothing hot a consciousness of horror, as if I had just seen some vi. to an inous glow in the sky.

Hasuly lighting the Ising, I drank some water out of the crafe, and rushed over to the open window. It was a heautiful night, the air Iris_runt with the scint of new mown hay and some other sweet small. I could see the tops of the pulmer, the drows summit of the sickly trees growing beside the window, the tood, the divik belt of the woods. The moon shone serene and bright in a cloudless sky. Perfic tstillness not a leal sturring. It seemed to me that everything was looking at me, It tening to me, ready to watch me the

Very smeter I closed the window and rushed back to my local tried to take my pulse, and unable to find it in my wrist, I tried to the my pulse, and unable to find it in my wrist, and wherever I touched myself I was called and champy with sweat Wa I result become more and more rapid, my whole frame trembled, my insules were in a state of violent inplicavit, and I felt as if my face and the hald spot on my head were covered with cabust's

What was to be ilone? (all my lamily? No I couldn't ilo that What could my wife and I izy ilo for me il they were to come?

I hill my head under the pillow, covered my eyes, and watted. Wy back was cold and I lelt as if my spine were being sucked inwards and as all death must inevitably come creejing up to me from I should

A sound suddenly broke the silence of the night keevee, kee yee I did not know where it came from—from within myself, or but of doors

'hee vee, kee vee'

God, how terrible it was! I wanted to take another ilrink of water, Int was afrield to open my eyes or trave my head limit he pillow. I was in the grap of senseless animal terror, include to understand what it was I was afroid of—was it that I wanted to go on hing or that some new unknown pina wasted me?

to go on fining of the sound when which we find a determine I from the from overled dense we is a time of perhaps laughing. I stand in wear Vinte liver stays were hered on the stans. Someon that it is an all the ran up a caum. Then steps could again le lead don't surple outside my door, and heterother.

The door opened, I opened my eyes boldly and saw my wife.

ler face was pale and her eyes red with weeping. "Are you awake, Nikolai Stepanich?" she asked.

"For God's sake, come and see Liza. She's in an awful "What's the matter?"

"In a minute," I muttered, glad not to be alone any more.

I followed my wife listening to what she told me, but too much agitated to understand her words. Spots of light danced I'll come ... just a minute." on the stairs from the candle in her hand, our long shadows trembled, I stumbled over the hem of my dressing gown, and I felt as if someone were chasing me and trying to grab myself.

back. "I shall die this very moment, on the stairs," and myself.

back. I shall die tins very moment, on the stairs, and end, and we "This very moment.... But the stairs came to an end, and we "This very moment.... slow slow of dark corridor terminating approached Liza's bedroom along a dark corridor terminating in a wide Italian window. She was sitting on the side of her bed with nothing on but a chemise, moaning, her bare legs

dangling.

"Oh, my God, my God," she muttered, blinking at the candle.

"I can't, I can't...," I said. "What's the matter with you?"
"Liza, my child," I said. "Ever and threw herself on

When she saw me she gave a cry and threw herself on my

Snontaer.

"Daddy, my kind Daddy," she solibed. "My good Daddy....

"Daddy, my kind Daddy," she solibed. "My good Daddy....
I don't know what's the matter with me....!" so unhappy!" shoulder.

She put her arms round me, kissing me and uttering the affectionate words I used to hear from her when she was a me. I'm so unhappy!"

"Calm yourself, my child," I said. "God bless you! Don't liule girl.

I tried to cover her up, my wife gave her something to drink and the two of us moved awkwardly round the bed. My shoulde ery! I'm unhappy, too. brushed against hers, reminding me of the days when we use "Do something for her!" my wife implored me. "Do son to give our children their baths together.

What could I do? There was nothing I could do. The P child had something on her mind, but I understood noth thing!" knew nothing, and could only murmur:

Don't cry, don't cry u'll pass go to sleep .

As if to spite us, a dog began howling somewhere outside, first softly and irresolutely, and then loudly, ranging from a high sourano to deep bass notes. I had never before attached any significance to omens, such as the howling of dogs or the houting of owls, but this time I felt a pang of anguish at my heart, and hastened to explain the reason for this howling to myself

"Nonsense" I told myself 'Merely the influence of one his ing ereature on another My violent nervous tension must have communicated itself to my wife, to Liza, to the dog, that's all .. Transfers of this sort are the true explanation of fore

boilings visions and the like

When, a little later I returned to my room to write out a prescription for I iza I no longer thought about my own sul den demise I simply felt so depressed and wretched that it is a pits I did not die then and there I stood motionless in the middle of the room for a long time trying to think what to prescribe for I iza. Lut the grouns overhead ceased and I decided not to prescribe anything. But still stool there.

Deathly silence a silence which as some writer puts it, seemed to ring in the ears. Time passed slowly the strips of moonlight on the window sill did not change their places, they seemed to be fixed there. Dawn would be long in coming

Suddenly the gate creaked and someone stole towards the house, breaking off a twig from one of the sickly trees and tap

ping cautiously at my window pane with it

*Nikolai Stepanich - I Leard someon whisper "Nikolai Stepanich"

I opened the window and thought I must be driaming. Beneath the all, pressed against the wall tood a woman in a black dress, brilliantly his up I's the mountight and gazing at me from great eves Her face was pale stern and unreal in the moonlight, as if carved from murble, but her chin was trembling

"It's me," she said ' Ve-Katya"

Moonlight makes all women's eves seem big and black, everyone looks taller and paler, and probably for this reason I had not recognized her at once

" What's the matter?"

"Don't be angry with me she said. I suddenly felt so un bearable miserable I couldn't stand it and I came ber in my carriage I saw a light in your window and I thought I would knock.... Forgive me.... Oh, if you only knew how unhappy I was! What are you doing just now?"

"Nothing ... I can't sleep...."

"I had a sort of foreboding. But of course it's all nonsense."

Her cycliows shot up, tears shone in her eyes and her whole face was irradiated, as if by a bright light, by that familiar expression of confidence I had not seen for such a long time.

"Nikolai Stepaniel," she pleaded, stretching out her arms towards me. "My darling, I beg you, I implore you.... If you do not seorn my friendship and my respect for you, do what

I ask you...."

"What is it?"

"Take my money from me."

"Now what have you taken into your head? What do I want

your money for?"

"You could go away and get yourself cured. You need medical treatment. Will you take it? Will you? Will you, my darling?" She gazed eagerly into my face and said again: "Will you?

Do say you will!"

"No, my dear, I will not," I said. "But thank you."

She turned her back on me and bent her head. No doubt there had been something in the tone of my refusal which did not admit of further talk about money.

"Go home to bed," I said. "We'll meet tomorrow."

"So you don't consider me your friend?" she asked dismally. "I didn't say that. But your money is no use to me now."

"Oh, sorry!" she said, lowering her voice a whole octave. "I understand. To borrow from a person like me—a retired actress.... Oh well, good-bye."

And she went away so swiftly that I did not even have time

to say good-bye to her.

VI

I am in Kharkov.

Since it would have been no use to try and struggle against my present mood, and indeed beyond my strength, I determined that my last days on earth should be at least outwardly irreproachable. If I have not been all that I should for my family, as I am well aware is the case, I could at least endeavour to do what they wanted. Since I am to go to Kharkov, to Kharkov

I will go Moreover, of late I have I ecome so indifferent to everything that I don't care in the least where I go-to Kharkov. to Paris or to Berdiches

I arrived here at alout noon and put up at a hotel not far from the cathedral. The movement of the train made me feel sick, and there was a draught in the compartment, and now I sit on the side of the bed clutching my temples and waiting for my tic to hegin I ought to go and see my friends among the professors here but lack the inclination and the strength

The old waiter comes to ask if I have brought bedfinen with me I keep lum for five minutes and question him about Grick ker, on whose account I am here The porter turns out to be a native of Kharkov knows the town inside out, but cannot think of a single householder by the name of Gnekker I ask him about

estates in the neighbourhood with the same result

The clock in the passage strikes one o'clock, two o'clock, three o'clock These la t few months of sitting and waiting for death seem to me larger than the whole of the rest of my life put together Never before have I been able to endure the slow passage of time so a steptly Tormerly when I was waiting at the station for a trant moor iting through an examina tion, every quarter of an hour cemed an eternity now I can sit motionless on the side of my bed all night and realize with complete indifference that tomorrow and the day after tomor row the nights will be just as long and uneventful The clock in the massage strikes five six

lt 13 sev en

getting dark There is a dull 1 ain in my cheek-that is the tie beginning. In order to occupy my thoughts I go back to the point of view which was mine before I became indifferent and ask myself why am I, a famous man, a prive councillor sitting on the side of this bed with a strange, grey blanket in a tiny hotel room? Why am I looking at this cherp from wash stand and listening to the ticking of the wretched clock in the passage? Is this worthy of my rejutation my high social position? I reply to these quesmy youth, I evaggerated the importance of lame and of the extraordinary position I supposed celebratics to occupy I am famous my name is pronounced with reverence my portrait has appeared in the Visa and the Universal Illustra ed Maga inc. 1 have actually read my own Liography in a German magazineand what of all this? Here I am, all alone in a strange town, on a strange bed, rubbing my aching check with the palm of my hand.... Domestic vieissitudes, the implacability of ereditors, the rudeness of railway employees, the inconvenience of the passport system, the expensive and unwholesome food in station buffets, the universal ignorance and rudeness-all this and a great deal more which it would take too long to enumerate. concerns me no less than it does any nonentity, who is unknown outside the street in which he lives. Then what is there so distinetive about my situation? Say I am the most famous man in the world, a hero of whom my country is proud; all papers publish bulletins on the state of my health, every post brings me letters of sympathy from my colleagues, pupils, and the general public, yet none of these things can prevent me from dying in a strange bed, wretched, utterly solitary.... No one is to blame for this, of course, and I, sinful mortal that I am. have no love for popularity. I feel as if it had betrayed me.

I fall asleep towards ten, sleeping soundly despite the tie, and would probably have slept a long time if someone had not waked

me. Soon after one there eame a knock at the door.

"Who's there?"
"A telegram."

"You could have kept it till tomorrow," I said angrily, taking the telegram from the porter. "Now I shan't be able to get to sleep again."

"Excuse me. Your light was on, so I thought you were awake." I opened the telegram, and looked for the signature. It was

from my wife. What does she want?"

"Gnekker and Liza married secretly yesterday. Come back."

I felt a moment of alarm on reading it. But it was not so much the action of Liza and Gnekker which alarmed me, as the indifference with which I received the news of their marriage. They say it is philosophers and sages who are indifferent. This is not true—indifference is paralysis of the soul, premature death.

I got back into bed and began trying to think of something to occupy my mind. What should I think about? Everything seemed to have been thought out, and there was now nothing

eapable of arousing my thoughts.

When day began to break I sat up in bed, embracing my knees, and made an effort, for want of something better to do, to understand myself. "Know thyself!" is splendid and useful advice, but the ancients forgot to point out how to follow it.

I armerly, when desirous of understanding myself or another, I fixed my attention not on actions, which do not depend on the individual but on his desires. Tell me what you desire and I will tell you what you are

And now I subject myself to examination what do I desire? I should like our wives, our eliddren, our friends, and our jumple to love us, not our reputations, a firm or a label, but ordinary lumnan beings. What else? I should like to have assistants and dreeples. What else? I should like to wake up in a lumified years time, and lasse a glimpse, only a passing glimpse, of the state of science. I should like to live another ten years.

What else?

Ther's all I thought and thought and could think of nothing And think as I would, it was clear to me, however far flung mi thoughts, that conteiling eventual, the main things was licking from my desires. My passion for science, my desires to go on living, my sitting up in the strange bed my attempts to know myerff, all these thoughts reneations and conceptions of mine had nothing in common with one another, nothing which might weare them into a single whole Each thought and feeling was isolated within me, and the most shiffin psychologist would fail to find in all my criticisms of science, the theatre hierature, my pupils, in all the pictures which my imagination j suited, any thing which might be called a general idea or serve as a god for a living man.

And if this is missing then everything is missing

Given such poverty of spirit any serious indisposition, the fear of death, the influence of circumstances and prople are sufficient to upset and break into smilherens everything I have been accustomed to regard as my mental outlook exercting in which I used to see the meaning and joy of life. It is therefore no wonder that the last months of my life are being darkened by thoughts and feelings worthy of a slave or a savage, that I have become too indifferent to look at the dawn. When that which is higher and stronger than all external influences is lacking in an undividual, a violent cold in the head is quite enough to unlying him and make him see an owl in every lated hear a dogs how I in every sound. And all his pessimon and optimism all lost thoughts, lofty or petty are only important as sympaton.

I am defeated That being so, there is no point a going on

thinking, no point in talking. I will sit and wait silently for the inevitable.

The next morning the porter brought me tea and a copy of the local newspaper. I glanced mechanically through the advertisements on the front page, the leading article, the extracts from other newspapers and magazines, the news... Among other items I found the following piece of information in the news column: "Yesterday the well-known scientist, Honoured Professor Nikolai Stepanovich N., arrived at Kharkov by the express train, and is staying at the N. hotel."

Great names apparently exist in order to live a life of their own, apart from that of their possessors. My name is now walking about Kharkov with perfect nonchalance. In three months' time it will blaze like the sun itself in gilt letters on a

tombstone, while I myself am already moss-grown....
A light tap on the door. Somebody wants to see me.

"Who's there? Come in."

The door opens and I retreat a step in my astonishment, hastily drawing the folds of my dressing-gown round me. Katya stands before me.

"Hullo," she says, breathing heavily after her ascent of the stairs. "You weren't expecting me? I...I came here, too."

She sat down and went on talking, stammering slightly and

avoiding my glance.

"Why don't you speak to me? I came here, too.... I came today. I heard you were staying in this hotel and I came to see you."

"I'm delighted to see you," I said, shrugging my shoulders, "but I'm astonished. It's like a bolt from the blue. What brings you here?"

"Me? I just thought I'd come."

Silence. Suddenly she rose abruptly and came towards me.

"Nikolai Stepanieh," she said, turning pale and pressing her hands to her breast. "Nikolai Stepanieh! I can't go on living like this! I can't! For God's sake, tell me, tell me quickly, this moment—what am I to do? Tell me what I am to do!"

"What can I tell you?" I said in astonishment. "I have nothing

to tell you."

"Tell me, I implore you!" she continued, gasping, and trembling all over. "I swear I can't go on like this! It's too much for me!"

She sank on to a chair and fell to sobbing. She threw back

longer'
She took a hundkerchief out of her reticule, and with it came some letters which fell from her kners to the floor. I picked them up and recognized on one the writing of Vikhail Fedorovich, accidentials catching sight of a fragment of a word—"pass toom."
"There is nothing I can tell you katya," I said 'Help me' she sobbed, seguing my hand and covering it with kisses. You are my father ms only friend! You are wise, educated, you have fixed a long time! You have been a jeacher. Tell me—what am I to do.

I was embarrassed confused touched by her sobs and

1

her head wrong for hands stamped on the floor flor hat fell off

'llelp me! llelp me! 'she implored me 'I can't go on any

and hung on its clastic, her hair came down

'On my soul Katya I don't know'

Lets have breakfast Katsa I said with

scarcely able to stand on my feet

Do stop crying

"Where are you going?"

"To the Crimea... to the Caucasus, 1 mean."

"Really? For long?"

"I don't know."

Katya gets up and holds out her hand to me, smiling coldly,

and not looking at me.

I want to ask her: "So you won't be at my funeral?" But she does not look at me, her hand is cold, like the hand of a stranger. I accompany her to the door in silence. Now she has left me, is passing down the long passage without looking back. She knows I am looking after her, when she gets to the turn she will surely look back.

But she does not. Her black dress disappears, the sound of her

footsteps ceases. . . . Good-bye, my precious!

1889

THE GRASSHOPPER

All Olga Ivanovna's Irrends and acquaintances went to her wedding

"Look at him—there is something about him, isn't there?" the said to her friends nodding towards her hisbraid—apparent by anxious to explain how it was that she had agreed to marry a commonulace, it no was remarkable man

Ossip Stepanovich Dimos her husband was a doctor with the rank of titular connection He worked in two hospitals, in one as non-resident physician and in the other as prosector From nine till noon he received ompatients and visited his ward, and in the alternoon took the horse tram to another hospital, where he performed post mortems on Latients who had died there His private practice amounted to very little, about 500 ruldes a year And that is all There is nothing more to say about him Whereas Olga Ivanovna and her friends and acquaint ances were by no means ordinary people fach of them was distinguished in some was or other in last alt lether unknown, having already made a name and Laund a certain celebraty or il nut exactly celebrated set all gave promise of a brilliant future. One was an actor, whose genuine drimatic talents had already found recognition, he was elegant clever and discreet, recited beautifully, and gave Olga Ivanovas lessons in elecution. another was an opera singer fat and a sed hum sired who assured Olga francours with a sigh that she was running herself-if she were not so lazs, if she would only take herself in hand she would make a fine singer as well as these there were several artists, chiel among them Brabossky who went in f r painting problem pictures, animals and landscapes and was su extreme

ly handsome fair young man of about twenty-five, whose pictures made a hit at exhibitions-his latest had fetched five hundred rubles. He used to finish off Olga Ivanovna's sketches for her, and always said that something might come of her painting. Then there was a 'cellist who could make his 'cello "weep," and who declared openly that of all the women whom he knew, the only one capable of accompanying him was Olga Ivanovna. And a writer, young, but already well known, who had produced short novels, plays and stories. Who else? Oh. yes, there was Vasili Vasilievich, a genteel land-owner, amateur book-illustrator and creator of vignettes; he had a true feeling for the old Russian style, and for the legendary epic. He could produce veritable miracles on paper, on china, and on smoked plates. Amidst this artistic, liberal society, these favourities of fortune, who, while perfectly urbane and well-bred, only remembered existence of doctors when they were ill, and in whose ears the name of Dimov was equivalent to such common names as Sidorov or Tara-ov. Dimov seemed like a stranger. superfluous, small, though he was actually very tall and broad-shouldered. His frock-coat -cemed to have been made for someone else, and he had a heard like a tradesman's. Of course, if he had been a writer or an artist everyone would have said that his beard made him look lil e Zola.

The actor told Olga Ivanovna that with her flaxen hair and in her wedding attire, she was exactly like a slender cherry-tree, when covered in the spring with delicate white blossom.

"No, but listen!" Olga Ivanovna said, seizing him by the hand. "How could it have happened? Listen to me, listen... My father and Dimov worked in the same ho-pital, you know. When poor father fell ill Dimos watched by his bed-side day and night. Such a self-sacrifice! Listen. Ryahovsky! And you listen, writer, you'll find it very interesting. Come nearer. Such selfsacrifice, such sincere sympathy. I didn't sleep at night, either, I sat by my father and all of a sudden-I won the heart of the lusty youth-just like that! My Dimov was head-over-ears in love. How queer fate can be! Well, after my father died Dimov came to see me sometimes, and we sometimes met out-of-doors, and one fine day-lo and behold-a proposal, like a holt from the blue! I cried all night. I fell madly in love, too. And here I am a married woman. There is something strong, something powerful, bearish, about him, isn't there, now? He's three-quarter face to us now, the light's all wrong, but when he turns full

lice just have a look at his forehead. What have you to say to such a fortherd, hydboxky? Dimoy we're talking about you!" she shouted to her husband "Come here! Give hydboxky your honest hand... That's right. You must be friends."

Dimov held his hand out to Ryalovsky with a naive, good

hamoured smile

'Delighted," he said 'There was a Rynboysky with me at collinge the's no relation of yours I suppose?'

71

Olga Ivanovna was twenty two, Dimov, thirty one. They had a wonderful life after their marriage. Olga Ivanovna covered the walls of her drawing room with sketches, framed and inframed, by hersell and her friends, and surrounded the grand piano and the furniture with an artistic jumble of Chinese paravols, casels, many coloured drapes, daggers, small Juste, photographs in the duning room she hung cheap coloured prints, bast shoes, and set the control of grouped as the set of the sall and grouped as the sall and grouped.

and syther on the wall and grouped a sythe and a roke in the corner, thus achieving a diming toom a far russe. She draped the coling and walls of the heldroom with dark cloth, to make it look like a cave, hing a Venetian Lintern user the hedy, and placed a figure holding an halberd at the drox. Ynd everyone said that the young couple had made themselves a very cosymet.

Olga Ivanovna got up at eleven every day placed the phano, or, if there was sunshine painted in oils. I hade alter twelve she went to her dressmaker the and Dimus had very little money, only just enough for their needs, and if she was to appear constantly in new dresses, and look effective the dressmaker and she had to resort to all sort found in. April and again slicer miracles were achieved and i il no d'utter enchantment, not a diese, but a dream was created from an old dyed brock and some old bits of talle and face from the dressmaker Olga Ivanovna usually went on to an actress friend, and while she was about it, tried to wangle tickets for some first night, or some lody's 'benefit" From the actiess she lid to visit an artist's studio, or go to a picture show and then in to some celebrate to invite him to her house, to return a call or imply to chatter And everywhere she was greeted with games and condulity and assured that she was good, sweet unusual. Those whom she called celebrated and great received her as are of it insches.

n an equal footing, and declared unanimously that with ner ifts, taste and mind she would come to something big, if only the would stop wasting her talents in so many directions. She sang, played the piano; painted in oils, modelled in elay, acted in amateur theatricals, and all this not just anyhow, but display ing real talent. Whatever she did, whether it was making lanterns for illuminations, dressing up, or simply tying somebody's tie, turned out artistic, graceful, charming. But in nothing did her talents display themselves so vividly as in her ability to strike up lightning friendships and get on intimate terms with eelebrated folk. The moment anyone distinguished himself in the very slightest degree, or got himself talked about, she seraped up an acquaintance with him, made friends instantly, and invited him to her house. Every time she made a new acquaintance was a veritable red-letter day for her. She worshipped the famous, she was proud of them, she dreamed of them every night. She thirsted for eelebrities and could never slake this thirst. Old friends disappeared and were forgotten, new ones came to take their place, but she soon grew tired of these, too, or they disappointed her, and she began eagerly seeking new friends, new eelebrities, and, when she had found them, looking for others. And why?

Between four and five she had dinner at home with her husband. His simplicity, common sense and good humour reduced her to a state of admiration and cestasy. She was continually jumping up, slinging her arms round his neck, and showering

"You are a wise, high-minded man, Dimov," she told him. "But you have one very grave defect. You take no interest whatever kisses on him.

"I don't understand them," he said humbly. "I have worked in art. You quite ignore music and painting." at natural science and medicine my whole life, and I never had any time to go in for art."

"Why? Your friends know nothing about natural science o medicine, and you don't hold it against them. Everyone to hi own. I don't understand landscapes or operas, but I look at this way: since some clever people devote their whole lives them, and other clever people pay enormous sums for them, th must be necessary. I don't understand, but that doesn't me

After dinner Olga Ivanovna paid calls, then she went to that I ignore them." "Let me press your honest hand!" 100

theatre or a concert, and did not get home till after midnight And this went on every day

On Wednesday evenings she was at home to visitors There was no card playing or dancing on these Wednesday evenings and the company entertained themselves with the arts The well known actor recited the singer sang the artists made drawings in Olga's innumerable albums, the 'cellist played and the hostess herself drew mo lelled, sang and played accompaniments In the intervals between reciting playing and singing they talked and argued about literature, the theatre art There were no ladies present, for Olga Ivanouna considered all women except actresses and her dressmaker trivial and boring. There was not a single Wednesday evening when the hostess did not start at every ring at the door bell saying with a triumphant counte nance 'It's him! by which pronoun she indicated some newly invited celebrity. Dimos was never in the drawing room, and nobody so much as remembered his existence. But precisely at half past eleven the door into the dining room opened and Dimov appeared in the door was with his good natured gentle smile, rubbing the palms of his hands together, and saving

Come to supper gentlemen

Everyone filed into the dining room and every time their eyes were greeted by the same objects a dish of systems a round of him or real sardines cheese caviate pickled mushrooms vodka and two decements of une.

"Wy darling mattre dhotel Olga Ivanovna would say classy for the rhands in cestass. Your smilly charming." Do look at his forchead, everyone? Dimov turn your profile to us! Look, everyone—the face of a Bengal tiger and an expression as sweet and kind as a does! You set.

The guests ate glancing at Dimov and thinking. He really is a nice chap but they soon forgot about him and went on

talking about the theatre music art

The young couple were happy and their life went smoothly on True, the third week of their honeymoon did not pasy quite happily, indeed it was said Dimos caught crisipelas at the hos pital and lad to stay in bed six dais and have his beautiful black hair cropped to the roots Olga Lanoona sait at his bed side weeping bitterly but when he got a little better she tied a white kerchief over his cropped heat and legan painting him as a Tedoun Ind they both thought it great fun Three days

after he had quite recovered and begun going to the hospital

again, a fresh misfortune overtook him.

"I have no luck, Mums," he said to her one day at dinner. "I had four post-mortems today, and I got two of my fingers cut at once. And I only noticed after I got home."

Olga Ivanovna was alarmed. He smiled and said it was a trifle and that he often cut his hands during post-mortems.

"I get carried away, Mums, and then I'm absent-minded."

Olga Ivanovna nervously awaited the onset of blood poisoning, and prayed every night that it might be averted; it all passed off harmlessly. And the old happy, tranquil life, untouched by grief or anxiety, was resumed. The present was splendid, and soon spring would be coming, smiling at them from afar, and promising a hundred joys. Happiness would go on for ever. For April, May and June there would be the country cottage a long way from Moscow, walks, sketches, fishing, nightingales, and then, from July right up to the autumn, the artists' excursion on the Volga, an excursion in which Olga Ivanovna, as a permanent member of their circle, would take part. She had already had herself made two travelling costumes of crash, and had bought paints, brushes, canvas and a new palette for the journey. Ryabovsky visited her almost every day to see how her painting was getting on. When she showed him her work he would thrust his hands deep into his pockets, compress his lips firmly, sniff and say:

"Well, well.... That cloud screams: that's not an evening light. The foreground is a bit messy, and there's something, you know what I mean—lacking.... Your hut looks as if it had been squashed and was whining piteously.... Make that corner darker.

But on the whole it's not so dusty.... I'm pleased."

And the more obscure his way of speaking, the more easily Olga Ivanovna understood what he meant.

Ш

On Whitmonday Dimov went out in the afternoon and bought some snacks and sweets to take to his wife in the country. He had not seen her for a fortnight, and missed her sorely. In the railway carriage and afterwards, while trying to find his cottage in a thick copse, he felt the pangs of hunger, and indulged in dreams of sitting down to a leisurely supper with his wife, and afterwards tumbling into bed It cheered him up to look at his parcel, which contained cavare, cheese and smoked fish

By the time he had found and recognized the cottage the sun had gone down The elderly servant told him that the mistress was not at home, but that she would probably soon be back. The cottage, a highly unattractive structure with low ceilings, note paper on the walls and uneven floors, full of gaps, contained only three rooms In one was a bed, in the next canvases, paint brushes, a piece of dirty paper, men's coats and hats on chairs and window sells, and in the third Dimov came upon three strange men Two were dark and bearded, and the third was clean shaven and stout, an actor apparently A samovar was steaming on the table

'What do you want? asked the actor in a bass voice, casting an unfriendly glance at Dimos "To see Olga Ivanosna? Wait a

minute She'll be here soon "

Dimov sat down and waited One of the dark men, looking at him with drows; languor, poured out some tea, and asked "Have some tea?"

Dimov was both hungry and thirsty, but he refused the ter so as not to take the edge off his appetite Soon steps were heard and a familiar laugh A door banged and Olga Ivanovna burst into the room in a broad brimmed hat carrying a box, after her, holding a big parasol and a folding stool came Ryabovsky, red cheeked and in high spirits

"Dimov!" screamed Olga Ivanovna flushing up with delight 'Dimos!" she repeated laying her head and hoth her hands on his chest 'It's you! Why haven't you been for such a long time? Why? Why?"

'When could I, Mums? Im always busy and when I have any free time it always happens there's no suitable train

"Oh. how glad I am to see you! I dreamed of you all night, all night. I was afraid you were ill or something Oh if only you knew what a darling you are, and how lucky it is you came! You are my deliverer! You're the only one who can save me! There's going to be the most original wedding here tomor row," she went on, laughing and re tying her husband's tie "The telegraph operator at the station is going to be married Chikel devey his name is Good looking boy and no fool there's something strong bearish about his face you know. If could sit for the postrait of a vouthful Varangian All we immer visitors take an interest in him and have given our word of honour to be at his wedding.... He's hard up, lonely, shy, it would be a sin to refuse him our sympathy. Faney, the wedding will be just after the service, and everyone is going straight from the church to the home of the bride.... The grove, the singing of hirds, spots of sun on the grass, you know, and all of us coloured spots against a bright green background-ever so original, just like the French expressionists. But, Dimov, what am I to wear at church?" said Olga Ivanovna, making a dolorous face. "I have nothing here, literally nothing. No dress, no flowers. no gloves.... You simply must save me! Your coming just now means fate intended you to save me. Take my keys, darling, go home, and get me my pink dress out of the wardrobe. You know it, it's hanging right in front.... And on the floor of the box-room you'll see two eardboard boxes. When you open the top one you'll see nothing but tulle, tulle, tulle and all sorts of seraps, and underneath them, flowers. Take out all the flowers very carefully, try not to erumple them, my pet, I'll choose something from them afterwards. And buy me a pair of gloves."

"Very well." said Dimov. "I'll go back tomorrow and send

them."

"Tomorrow?" repeated Olga Ivanovna, gazing at him in consternation. "You couldn't possibly be in time tomorrow! The first train leaves at nine tomorrow, and the wedding's at eleven. No, ducky, you'll have to go today, you'll simply have to! If you ean't come tomorrow yourself, send everything with a messenger. Go on, now.... The train will be here soon. Don't be late, my pet."

"All right."

"How I hate to let you go!" said Olga Ivanovna, and tears welled up in her eyes. "What a fool I was to promise the telegraph-operator!"

Dimov, gulping down a glass of tea and picking up a cracknel, smiled meekly and went to the station. The caviare, cheese and smoked fish were eaten by the two dark men and the fat actor.

17

On a still moonlit night in July, Olga Ivanovna stood on the deck of a Volga steamer, looking in turns at the water and the exquisite river bank. Beside her stood Ryabovsky, telling her that the black shadows on the surface of the water were not

shadows but a dream, that it would be good to forget everything, to die, to become a memory, surrounded by this magical, gleating water, this infinite sky, these mournful, pensive banks, all speaking to us of the vanity of our lines, and of the evi-tence of something higher, something eternal, blistelf IT he past was trivial and devoid of interest, the future was blank, and even this divine, never to be repeated night would soon end, would become part of eternity—why, then, line?

And Olga Ivanovan listened in turn to Ryabovsky's voice and to the silence of the night, and told herself that she was immortal, that she would never die The opalescent water, which was like nothing she had ever before seen, the sky, the banks, the black shadows, and the unaccountable toy filling her soul, all told her that she would one day be a great artist, and that somewhere, heyond the distance beyond the moonlit night, in infinite space, there awaited her success glors, the love of the people When she gazed long and unblinkingly into the distance she seemed to see crowds, lights the sounds of solemn music, cries of enthus jasm berself in a white dress and flowers raining upon her from all sides She told herself, too, that beside her, leaning on the rail, stood a truly great man a genius one of God's elect . Everything he had done up to now was wonderful, fresh, unusual, and the work he would do in time when his extraordinary talent had matured with the years would be striking immeasurably lofts, and all this could be seen in his face in his way of expres

nature was almost arrestable the was good looking, too, and original, and his life independent, free without earthly ties, was like the life of a bird

"It's getting chilly said Olga lyanovna and she shivered Ryaboysky wrapped his coat round her saying mournfully

"I feel I am in your power I am a slave What makes you so fascinating today?"

He gazed at her all the time meer looking away, and there was something terrible in his eyes she was afraid to look, at his "I am madly in lore with you." he whispered breathing on lier cheek. 'Only say the word and I will stop living throw up art. 'he murmured projoundly strired. Lore me love me."

"Don't talk like that ' said Olga Ivanovna closing her eves "It's awful And what about Dimov?"

What does Dimov matter? Why Dimov! What have I Dimov? The Volga, the moon, beauty, my love, my eestasy, no Dimov. Oh, I know nothing. I don't need the past,

Olga Ivanovna's heart beat violently. She tried to think of her asband, but the entire past, her wedding, Dimov, her Wednesday venings, now seemed to her small, insignificant, dull, useless, nd far, far away... And after all—what did Dimov matter? Why Dimov? What had she to do with Dimov? Was there really

The happiness he has had is quite enough for an ordinary such a person, wasn't he just a dream?

man like him," she told herself, eovering her face with her hands. "Let them judge there, let them eurse me, I will go to my ruin, yes, to my ruin, just to spite them... One should try everything

Well? Well?" murmured the artist, putting his arms round once. Oh, God, how terrifying, and how lovely! her and eagerly kissing the hands with which she was feebly tryher and eagerly kissing the hands with which she was feeling ity ing to push him away. "Do you love me? Do you? Oh, what a

"Yes, what a night!" she whispered, looking into his eyes, which were shining with tears, and then, looking away quicknight! What a divine night!" ly, she put her arms round him and kissed him firmly or

"We'll be at Kineshma in a minute," said someone from the other side of the deck. Heavy steps were heard. It was the man

from joy. "Bring us some wine." from the refreshment-room passing.

The artist, pale with agitation, sat down on a bench, looking at Olga Ivanovna with adoring, grateful eyes, and then shut his own, and said with a weary smile:

And he laid his head on the rail. "I'm tired."

The second of September was a warm, still day, but misty. A light fog had hovered over the Volga in the early morning, and after nine o'clock it began to drizzle. And there was not the sligh test hope of its elearing up. At breakfast Ryabovsky had tol Olga Ivanovna that painting was the most ungrateful and tedion of the airs, that he was no artist, that no one but fools believe in his talent, and suddenly, without the faintest warning, seized a kinfe and slashed at his most successful sketch. After breakfast he sat moodily at the window and looked out at the river. And the Volga, no longer shrining, was dimmed, dull cold looking Exerything spoke of the approach of the sad, bleak autumn It seemed as if the lish green carpets on the banks, the diamond like reflections of the sun's rays, the transparent, blue distance, and all the elegant show of nature had been taken from the Volga and laid away in a chest till next spring, and the cross flew over the river, teasing at "Bare!" Ryabox sky listened to their cawing and told himself that he had painted himself out and lost his talent, that excrything in the world was conventional, relative, didotte, and that he should never have got truck up with this woman. In a word he was devicted and decressed

Olga Ivanovna sat on the bed on the other side of the parti tion passing her fingers through her beautiful flaxen hair, seeing herself in imagination in her drawing room, in the bedroom, in her husband's study Her imagination bore her to the theatre, to the dressmaker, to her celebrated friends What were they doing at this moment? Did they ever think of her? The season had begun and it was time to think of her Wednesday evenings And Dimoy? Dear Dimoy! How meekly and with what childish plain tiveness he kept begging her in his letters to come home Every month he sent her 75 rubles and when she wrote him that she had borrowed a hundred rubles from the artists he sent her another hundred What a good generous man' The journey had tired Olga Ivanovna she was bored she was longing to get away from these peasants, from the smell of damp rising from the river, to shake off the feeling of physical uncleanliness which never left her, while living in peasant huts and migrating from village to village If Rvabovsky had not given the artists his word of honour that he would stay with them till the twentieth of September they could have gone away this very day And wouldn't that have been nice!

"My God, groaned Ryabovsky 'Whenever will the sun come out? I can't go on with a sunfit landscape when there isn't any sun"

"You have a sketch with a cloudy sky said Olga Ivanovna coming out from belind the partition. Don't you remember—with a wood in the right foreground and a herd of cows and geese on the left. You much finish it now.

"For God's sake!" The artist made a grimace of distaste. "Finish! Do you really consider me too much of a fool to know what I ought to do?"

"How you have changed to me," sighed Olga Ivanovna.

"And a good thing, too!"

Olga Ivanovna's features twitched, she crossed over to the stove, and stood there, crying.

"And now tears-if that isn't the limit! Stop it! I have a

thousand reasons for crying, but I don't ery."

"Reasons!" sobbed Olga Ivanovna. "The chief reason of all is that you are sick of me. Yes, you are!" And her sobs increased. "The whole truth is that you are ashamed of our love. You are afraid of the artists noticing, though there's no concealing it, and they've known about it for ages."

"Olga, I ask you only one thing," said the artist in imploring tones, placing his hand on his heart. "Only one thing—leave me

alone! That's all I want from you.

"But swear that you still love me!"

"This is torture!" the artist hissed through elenehed teeth, and he leaped to his feet. "It'll end in my throwing myself into the Volga or going mad! Leave me alone!"

"Kill me, then, go on, kill me!" cried Olga Ivanovna. "Kill

me!"

She burst out sobbing and went behind the partition again. The rain rustled on the straw thatch. Ryabovsky clutched at his head and paced up and down the room for a time, and then, an expression of determination on his face, as if he were clinching an argument with someone, he put on his eap, threw his gun over his shoulder, and went out of the hut.

After he had gone, Olga Ivanovna lay on her bed for a long time, crying. At first she thought how nice it would be to take poison, and for Ryahovsky to find her dead when he came back, but very soon her thoughts flew back to her drawing-room, to her husband's study, and she saw herself sitting quite still beside Dimov, enjoying the physical sensations of peace and cleanliness, and then seated in the theatre listening to Mazzini. And the yearning for civilization, for the noises of the city, for celebrated men, struck a pang to her heart. A country-woman eame into the luit and began heating the stove with leisured movements, in preparation for cooking dinner. There was a smell of smouldering wood, and the air turned blue with smoke. The artists came in in their muddy high-boots, their faces wet with rain, looked at one

another's sketches and consoled themselves by the reflection that the Volga had its charm even in bad weather. And the pendulum of the cheap clock on the wall went tick tick tick Chilly flies clustered in the corner next to the icons, buzzing faintly, and cock roaches crawled about in the bulging files under the benches Ryabovsky returned to the hut at aunset. He flung his cap on

the table, sank on to the bench pale, exhausted, still in his muddy boots, and closed his eves

'I'm tired he said his eyebrows twitching in the effort to lift his evelide

Olga Ivanovna in her anxiety to ingratiate herself, and show him that she was not really anery went over to him, kissed him in silence, and passed a comb through his fair hair She felt a sudden desire to comb his hair

'What's this? he said starting as if something clammy had touched him, and opening his eyes 'What's this? Leave me in

peace, I beg you!'

He pushed her from him and moved away and the caught an expression of disgust and annovance on his face. Just then the noman came up to him holding a plate of cabbage soup care fully in both hands and Olga Ivanovna notice I that her thick thumbs were wet with the soup. And the late and a the her skirt drawn tight over her stomach the 11 Ryabovsky fell upon cagerly the hut the lit I had at fir t seemed so delightful in its simplicity. It it I rd r now struck her as appalling Suddenly. It it I bidly

from sheer boredom 1 m ick of 11 1 1 leave today "Haw? On a henomstick

. If at nine thirty "Today's Thureday !! 'Will it? Oh ses \r a I livabovsky It i fa nankin It's softly, wiping his hip vill dull for you here and I 1 1 1 1 4 t 1 try and detain

you Go, well meet and ift rife Hil Olga Isanovna tart I i I I I art her cheeks

flaming with sati facti 1 uil t II I he asked herself 'that she would san! It! It has no room painting sleeping in a b dream a d! I cl th on the table? 4 load seemed to fall f n l t l ll and he was no longer angry with the artist "Ill leave von ny fat ill ile hyabusha," sle call'd

a bring them back tow out "If there are any left

mind you don't get lazy when I'm not here, don't indulge in the blues—work! You're a brick, Ryabusha!"

At nine o'clock Ryabovsky kissed her good-bye, so as not to have to kiss her on the deck in front of the artists, she was sure, and saw her to the landing-stage. The steamer soon hove in sight

and hore her away.

She was home in two and a half days. Without removing her hat and waterproof, breathing heavily in her agitation, she went into the drawing-room, and from there to the dining-room. Dimov was seated at the table in his shirt sleeves, his waistcoat unbuttoned, sharpening a knife on the prongs of a fork; on a plate before him was a roasted grouse. Olga Ivanovna had entered the flat with the conviction that she must conecal everything from her husband, and that she had the ability and strength to do this, but at the sight of his broad, meek, joyful smile and the happiness shining in his eyes she felt that it would be as base and detestable, as impossible for her to deceive such a man as it would be to slander, to steal, or to murder, and she then and there decided to tell him all that had occurred. Allowing him to kiss and embrace her, she sank down on her knees before him and covered her face with her hands.

"What is it? What is it, Mums?" he asked her tenderly. "Did

you miss me so?"

She lifted her face, red with shame, and cast a guilty look, full of entreaty, at him, but shame and fear prevented her from telling him the truth.

"It's nothing..." she said. "I'm just...."

"Let's sit down," he said, raising her, and seating her at the table. "That's the way.... Have some grouse. You're hungry, poor darling."

She inhaled the familiar atmosphere eagerly, and ate some grouse, while he gazed at her affectionately, laughing with

delight.

VΙ

It was apparently some time in the middle of the winter that Dimov began to suspect that he was being deceived. He could no longer look his wife in the eyes, as if it were he whose conscience was not clear, no longer smiled joyfully when he met her, and in order to be as little alone with her as possible often brought home to dinner his friend Korostelev, a crop-headed little man with juckered features, who started buttoning and unbuttoning his coat from sheer embarrassment whenever Olga I vanon in addressed limi, and then fell to tweaking the left side of his moust tache with his right hand. During dinner the doctors remarked that when the diaphragm was too high up, palputations sometimes occurred, or that there had been a great deal of nervous disease late ly, or that Dimos, the evening before, performing a post mottem on a patient said to have died of perincious anemia, had diveous ered cancer of the pancress and they seemed to carry on this medical conversation just to give Olga fisanoma an excue not to talk, that is, not to he After dimner koroteles would sit down at the pano, and Dimos would seit and call out

'Come on, old boy! What are you waiting for? Give us some

thing nice and sad

His shoulders raised and his fingers outspread, Korostelev would strike a few chords and begin singing in a tenor voice "Show me, show me the place in our country, where the Russian muzhik does not ground" and Dimos would give another sigh,

prop his head on his firt and plunge into thought

Olga Ivanovna had now begun to behave extremely incaptionals She woke up every morning in the worst possible spirits, to the thought that she no longer loved Ryabovsky and that it was all over between them, thank God But after she had had a cup of coffee she would remind herself that Ryahovsky had robbed her of her husband and that she was now left without a husband, and without Ryabovsky Then she would remember that her friends were speaking of some marvellous picture Ryabovsky was finishing for a show, a kind of mixture of landscape and problem picture, in the style of Polenov, and that everyone who visited his studio was in ecstasies about it But he had created this picture under her influence, she told herself he had improved enormously, thanks to her influence Her influence had been so beneficial, so real, that if she were to leave him he might go all to pieces. She remembered, moreover, that the last time he had come to see her he had worn a grey coat with silvery threads in it and a new tie. and had asked her in languishing tones "Do I look nice?" And he had certainly looked very nice in his smart coat with his long curls and blue eyes (or at least she had thought so) and he had been very affectionate with her

Remembering all this and more and forming her own conclusions, Olga Ivanovna would dress and go in a state of great excitement to Ryabovsky's studio. She usually found him in excellent and you don't get lazy when I'm not here, don't manage in the

Mes—work: 100 re a prick, hyanusha.

At nine o'clock Ryabovsky kissed her good-bye, so as not to ave to kiss her on the deek in front of the artists, she was sure, and saw her to the landing-stage. The steamer soon hove in sight

She was home in two and a half days. Without removing her hat and waterproof, breathing heavily in her agitation, she went into the drawing-room, and from there to the dining-room. Dimov and bore her away. was scaled at the table in his shirt sleeves, his waisteout unbuttoned, sharpening a knife on the prongs of a fork; on a plate before him was a roasted grouse. Olga Ivanovna had entered the flat with the conviction that she must conceal everything from her husband, and that she had the ability and strength to do this, but at the sight of his broad, meek, joyful smile and the happiness shining in his eyes she felt that it would be as base and detestable, as impossible for her to deceive such a man as it would

be to slander, to steal, or to murder, and she then and there decided to tell him all that had occurred. Allowing him to kiss and embrace her, she sank down on her knees before him and What is it? What is it, Mums?" he asked her tenderly. "Did covered her face with her hands.

She lifted her face, red with shame, and east a guilty look, full of enticaty, at him, but shame and fear prevented her from telling you miss me so?"

"It's nothing...," she said. "I'm just...."

"It's nothing...," he said, raising her, and seating her at the "Let's sit down, he said, raising her, and seating her at the grouse. You're hungry, table. "That's the way.... Have some grouse. You're hungry, way.... him the truth.

She inhaled the familiar atmosphere cagerly, laughing with grouse, while he gazed at her affectionately, poor darling." delight.

It was apparently some time in the middle of the winter that Dimov began to suspect that he was being deceived. He could n longer look his wife in the cycs, as if it were he whose conscien was not clear, no longer smiled joyfully when he met her, a in order to be as little alone with her as possible often brough home to dinner his friend Korostelev, a crop-headed little n ividi puckered features, who started buttoning and unbuttoning his coat from sheer embarrassment whenever Olga Is anown a diversed him and then fell to tweaking the left side of his moust tache with his right hand. During dinner the doctors remarked that when the daphragm was too high up, palpatations sometimes occurred, or that there had been a great deal of nervous disease late, or that Dimos, the exeming before, performing a port mortem on a patient said to have died of permicious amenin, had discovered cancer of the paneress And they seemed to earry on this medical connectsation just to gue Olga banons an excess not talk, that is, not to the After dinner horosteles would sit down at the piano, and Dimos would such and call out

'Come on old boy! What are you waiting for? Give us some

thing nice and sad

His shoulders raised and his fingers outspread, Koro-telev would strike a few chords and begin singing in a tenor voice "Show me, show me the place in our country, where the Russian muzhik does not groun! and Dimov would give another sigh,

prop his head on his fist and plunge into thought

Olga Ivanovna had now begun to beliave extremely incautiously She woke up every morning in the worst possible spirits, to tho thought that she no longer loved Ryaboveky and that it was all over between them thank God But alter she had had a eup of coffee she would remind herself that Ryabovsky had robbed her of her husband and that she was now left without a husband, and without Ilyabovsky Then she would remember that her friends were speaking of some marvellous ; jeture Lyabovsky was finishing for a show, a kind of mixture of landscape and problem picture, in the style of Polenos and that everyone who visited his studio was in cestasies about it But he had created this picture under her influence, she told herself he had improved enormously, thanks to her influence. Her influence I ad been so beneficial so real, that if she were to leave him he might go all to pieces. She remembered, moreover, that the last time he had come to see her he had worn a grey coat with silvery threads in it and a new tie and had asked her in languishing tones Do I look nice?' And he had certainly looked very nice in his smart coat with his long curls and blue eyes (or at least she had thought so) and he had been very affectionate with her

Remembering all this and more and forming her own conchisions, Olga Ivanovna would dress and go in a state of great excitement to Ryabovsky's studio. She usually found him in excellent spirits and full of admiration for his picture, which really was very good. When he was in a playful mood, he would fool about and parry serious questions with a joke. Olga Ivanovua was jealous of the picture and detested it, but always stood in front of it in polite silence for five minutes, and then would say, sighing as people sigh in a shrine:

"Yes, you never painted anything like it before. You know, it

quite frightens me."

Then she would implore him to love her, not to throw her over, to pity her, poor, unhappy thing. She would weep, kiss his hands, try to drag an assurance of love out of him, pointing out that without her good influence he would stray from the path and be lost. Then, having thoroughly upset him and humiliated herself, she would go to the dressmaker or to an actress friend about a theatre-ticket.

On the days when she did not find him in his studio she left him a note threatening to take poison if he did not come to see her that very day. Alarmed, he would go to her and stay to dinner. Unabashed by the presence of her husband, he would make insulting remarks to her, she repaying him in his own coin. They both felt that they were in each other's way, that they were tyrants and enemies, and this infuriated them, and in their fury they did not notice how indecent their behaviour was and that even the crop-headed Korostelev could not fail to understand everything. After dinner Ryabovsky would bid them a hasty farewell and go.

"Where are you going?" Olga Ivanovna would ask him in the

hall, looking at him with hatred.

Frowning and narrowing his eyes he would name some lady whom they both knew, and it was obvious that he was making fun of her jealousy and wanted to annoy her. She would go to her bedroom and lie down. In her jealousy, rage, humiliation and shame she would bite the pillow and sob loudly. Then Dimov would leave Korostelev in the drawing-room and step into the bedroom, looking shy and embarrassed, and say in a low voice:

"Don't cry so. Mums! What's the good? You ought to keep quiet about it. You mustn't let people sec. . . . What's done can't

he undone, you know."

Unable to control her jealousy, which made her very temples throb, and telling herself that it was not too late to put things right, she would get up and wash, powder her tear-stained face, and rush off to the lady he had mentioned. Not finding Ryabovsky there, she would drive to another, and another.... At first she

felt shame in these journeys, but she soon g sometimes visited all the women she knew in her search for Ryabovsky, and they all unde

Once she said to Ryabovsky of her husban 'That man oppresses me with his magnani

This phrase pleased her so much that who of the artists who were in the secret of her a sky, she would mention her husband, saying gesture

'That man oppresses me with his magnanimity"

Their routine of life went on just the same as the preceding year On Wednesday evenings there were the athomes. The actor recited the artists drew the cellist played, the singer sang, and marribly at half past eleven the door into the drining room opened and Dimov said smiling "Come to supper, cellidenen".

As before, Olga Ixanovna ought out great men, found them, and, still not satisfied, went to look for others. As before, she came home late every night, but Dimos was never askeep when she returned, as he had been the year before, but sat working at something in his study. He went to bed at three and got up at eight.

One evening when she was taking a last look at herself 1 the glass before going to the theatre. Dimove came it i tl b l om in a frock eoat and white tie. He smiled me M l l ked straight into her eves, as he used to formerly l l l int.

"I ve just presented my thesis, le ! 1 ind

smoothing the knees of his trouser 'Was it a success?' asked Olga Is a

'Wasn't t just' he haughed crimin, hi i ki i h sight of his wife's face in the mirror for she till t i di her back towards him putting the finishin i t just'! he repeated And i ! ! Know that they'll make me docent in gire t j ! ! k ver she

It was obvious from his bli fit it by the sign that if Olga Ivanovina had shired it it it it is fit it would have for gotten all, but she under to it it if it is in one what general pathology ment for it. It is not have for the theater, and so she if

He sat on for a f

ing a olyers "

'pirits an'
very ge
and

VII

o' It had been a most restless day.

Dimov had a violent headache. He had no breakfast and did not go to the hospital, but lay all day on the couch in his study. Olga Ivanovna went off as usual to Ryabovsky soon after twelve, to show him a sketch for a still life that she had made, and ask him why he had not been to see her the day before. She knew her sketch was poor, and had only painted it so as to have an excuse to go and see the artist.

She went in without ringing and while she was taking off her galoshes in the hall she thought she heard soft steps in the studio, accompanied by the rustle of a woman's dress, and when she glanced hastily in she was just in time to catch a glimpse of a brown skirt, which flashed by one moment and disappeared the next behind a large canvas over which a sheet of black calico was draped, covering the casel and reaching to the floor. There could be no doubt that a woman was hiding there. How often had Olga Ivanovna found herself a hiding place behind this canvas! Ryabovsky, obviously profoundly embarrassed, stretched out both his hands towards her, as if astonished to see her, and said with a strained smile:

"A-a-ah! Glad to see you! What's your news?"

Olga Ivanovna's eyes filled with tears. She felt ashamed and wretelied, and would not for anything in the world have spoken in front of that other woman, her rival, that liar, who was now standing helind the canvas and no doubt laughing up her sleeve.

"I just wanted to show you my sketch," she said, in a high,

timid voice, and her hips quivered. "It's a nature-morte."

"A-a-a-h, a sketch...."

The artist took the sketch in his hands, and, his eyes fixed on it, strolled as it were absent-mindedly into the next room.

Olga Ivanovna followed him submissively.

"Nature-morte, of the very best sort," he muttered, mechanical-

ly seeking rhymes. "kur-ort, sport, port, short...."

The sound of hasty steps and the rustling of skirts came from the studio. This meant she had gone. Olga Ivanovna felt an impulse to ery out, to hit the artist over the head with something heavy, and run away, but she was blinded with tears, crushed with shame, and felt she was no longer Olga Ivanovna, the artist, but some wretched little pigmy. "I'm tired," said the artist in languishing tones, looking at the sketch and trying to shake off his fatigue with a toss of his head. Its quite mice, of course, but it's a sketch today, and a sketch last year and in a month's time another sketch. Arent you sick of them? In your place I would give up art and go in for music or something seriously. You're not an artist, you know, you're a musician? But if you only knew how tired I am! I'll tell them to bring us some tea, shall I'm.

them to bring us some tea, small I?"

He went out of the room and Olga Ivanovna could hear him speaking something to his man servant. To avoid a leave taking and a scene, above all to prevent herself from bursting out crying, she ran out into the hall before Ryabovsky had time to get back, put on her galoshes, and ment out Once in the street she hrealited more freely, feeling that she had shaken off Ryabovsky, art, and the uncendurable sense of humiliation she had undergone in the studio, for rood and all This was the end

She went to her dressmaker, then to Barnai, who had only just come back, from Barnai to a music shop, thinking all the time of the cold, ruthless and dignified letter she would write to Rya borsky, and of how she would go to the Crimea with Dimov in the spring or summer, there to shake off the part for eyer, and

begin a new life

She got home quite late, but instead of going to her room to undress she went straight to the drawing room to compose heter Ryabovsky had told her she was not an artist and in revenge she would now tell him that he painted the same picture year after year, that he said the same things day after day, that he had gone off, that he would never achieve any more than he had already achieved. She intended to add that he was greatly indebted to her good influence and that if he was now behaving badly it was because her influence had been stulisfied by all sorts of disreptuable creatures, his the one who had hidden behind the

picture today
'Mums' called Dimov from his study, without opening the

door 'Mums"

"What d you want?"

'Don't come near me Nums, but just come to the door That's right I caught diphtheria a day or two ago in the hospital and I feel very bad Send for Korosteley

Olga Ivanovna always called her husband by his surname as she did all her men friends His name was Ossip and she did not like it, for it reminded her of Gogol's Ossip and a silly pun on the names Ossip and Arkhip. But now she exclaimed:

"Oh, Ossip, it ean't be true!"

"Send for him. I feel bad..." said Dimov from inside the room, and she could hear him walk over to the sofa and lie down. "Send for him." His voice sounded hollow.

"Can it really be?" thought Olga Ivanovna, cold with horror.

"Why, it's dangerous!"

Without knowing why she lit a candle and took it to her bedroom, and while trying to decide what she ought to do, she eaught sight of herself in the looking-glass. With her pale, frightened face, in her jacket with the high, puffy sleeves, and yellow flounces in front, and the eccentric diagonal stripes on her skirt, she saw herself as an awful fright, a revolting creature. An infinite pity for Dimov surged up within her, for his boundless love for her, his young life and even his lonely bed, in which he had not slept for so long and she remembered his invariable meek, submissive smile. She wept bitterly and wrote an imploring note to Korostelev. It was two o'clock in the morning.

VIII

When Olga Ivanovna, her head heavy from lack of sleep, her liair not done, a guilty expression on her face, and looking quite plain, came out of her bedroom soon after seven the next morning, a gentleman with a black heard, a doctor apparently, passed her in the hall. There was a smell of medicaments. Korostelev was standing at the door in the study, tweaking the left side of his moustache with his right hand.

"Sorry, but I can't let you go to him," he said morosely to Olga Ivanovna. "You might eatch it. And besides, there's no point

in your going to him. He's delirious."

"Has he really got diplitheria?" whispered Olga Ivanovna.

"I would have everyone who courts danger needlessly sent to prison," muttered Korostelev, not answering her question. "D'you know how he got infected? He sucked up pus from the throat of a little boy with diphtheria. And what for? Sheer folly, imbecility!"

"Is it very dangerous?" asked Olga Ivanovna.

"Yes, they say it's a very bad ease. What we ought to do is to send for Shreek."

A red hared little man with a long nose and a Jewish accent came, and after him a tall, stooping, slaggy man, rather like an archdeacon, and then a yoonger man, stout and red faced wearing spectacles. They were all doctors who came to take turns at the hed side of their commack. Korostelev, who did not go home when his watch was over, wandered about the rooms like a ghost The mand made tea for the doctors and was always running to the chemist's, so there was no one to do the rooms. It was very quet, very dreary.

Olga Ivanovna sat in her bedroom telling herself that God was punishing her for deceiving her husband. The silent, unmurmur ing, enigmatic being, his individuality sapped by good nature, yielding, weakened by excess of kindness, now lay on the couch, suffering in silence If he had complained, if he had even raved in delirium, the doctors keeping watch over him would have dis covered that it was not only diplitheria that was to blame They might have asked Korosteles, he knew all, and it was not for nothing that he regarded his friend's wife with eyes which seemed to say that it was she who was the evil genius, and that the diph theria was merely her ally. She forgot the moonlit night on the Volga, the assurances of love, the poetic life in the peasant hut, and remembered only that she had plunged head and shoulders into something foul and sticky from which she would never be able to wash herself clean-and all out of sheer caprice for the sake of trivial amusement

"What a har I have been?" she said to herself remembering the resiless love which had existed between Ryabovsky and her

self "A curse on it all!"

At four o'clock she had dinner with Koroveley IIe ate nothing only drinking some red wine and frowing \$\foathermooth{t} for the total sprayed silently promising God that if Dimov recovered she would love him again and be a faultful wife. And then forget ting her troibles for a moment she would look at Korovelev and wonder "Surely it must be a bore to be such an insignificant, obscure person, with such a puckered up face and such had manners!" And again it seemed to her that God might strike her down this very moment for, in her fear of infection never one having been in her husband's study Her prevailing mood was a feeling of dull mivery and the conviction that her life was ruined and snoil beyond repair.

After dinner the dusk soon fell. When Olga Ivanovna went into the drawing room she found korostelev asleep in the sola

his head on a silk eushion embroidered in gilt thread. "Hup-wah,"

he snored. "Hup-wah."

The doctors, coming and going on their visits to the bed-side, were quite unaware of all this irregularity. The strange man snoring in the drawing-room, the pictures on the walls, the eccentric furniture, the mistress of the house going about with her hair not done and her dress in disarray, all this was now incapable of arousing the slightest interest. One of the doctors happened to laugh at something, and the laugh sounded strangely timid, making everyone feel uneasy.

When Olga Ivanovna next went into the drawing-room Koros-

telev was awake sitting up on the sofa, smoking.

"The diphtheria has settled in the nasal eavities," he said in an undertone. "His heart is already beginning to show the strain. Things look bad, bad."

"Why don't you send for Shreek?" asked Olga Ivanovna.

"He's been. It was he who noticed that the diphtheria had gone into the nose. And who's Shreek, anyhow? Shreek is nothing special, really. He's Shreek and I'm Korostelev, and that's all."

Time passed with agonizing slowness. Olga Ivanovna, fully dressed, lay dozing on her bed, unmade since the morning. The whole flat seemed to be filled from floor to ceiling by a huge block of iron, and she felt that if only this block could be removed, everyone would eheer up. Waking with a start, she realized that it was not a block of iron but Dimov's illness.

"Nature-morte, port," she said to herself, again falling into a doze, "sport, kur-ort.... And who's Shreek? Shreek, treek ... wreek ... kreek. And where are all my friends? Do they know we are in trouble? Oh, God, save us, have merey.... Shreek, treek...."

And again the block of iron.... Time dragged on endlessly, though the clock on the floor below seemed to be always striking the hour. And every now and then there came rings at the bell; the doctors coming to Dimov.... The maid came into the room holding a tray with an empty glass on it.

"Shall I do your bed, Ma'am?" she asked.

Getting no reply she went out again. The clock downstairs struck the hour. Olga Ivanovna dreamed it was raining on the Volga, and again someone came into her room, a stranger apparently. But the next moment she recognized Korostelev, and sat up in bed.

"What's the time?" she zeked

"About three " "How is he?"

"How is he? I came to tell you he's dving."

He swallowed a sob, and sat down on the bed beside her, wiping away his tears with his cuff She did not take it in at first, but went suddenly cold and crossed herself slowly

"Dying" he repeated in a high voice and again sobbed 'Dying, because he sacrificed himself What a loss to science!" he said with bitter emphasis "In comparison with all the rest of us he was a great man, a remarkable man What a gift! What hopes he inspired in us all! ' went on Korosteley, wringing his hands "Ny God my God he would have been such a scientist, such a rare scientist! Ossip Dimot, Ossip Dimov, what have you done? Oh God!

In his despair Korostelev covered his face with both hands

"And what moral force" he continued, getting more and more angry with someone 'kind pure affectionate soul-crystal clear! He served science and he died in the cause of science Worked like a horse, day and night nobody spared him, and he, young, learned, a future professor had to look for private practice "it up at night doing translations to pay for those-mierable rags!"

horosteles looked at Olga Ivanovna with loathing seized the sheet in both his hands and tore angrily at it, as if it were to

blame

'He did not spare himself and nobody spared him But what's the good of talking?" "Yes, he was a remarkable man came in deep tones from the

drawing room Olga Ivanovna went back in memory over her whole life with hum, from beginning to end in the utmost detail and suddenly realized that he really had been a remarkable man an unusual man, a great man in comparison with all the others she had known And remembering the attitude to him of her late father. and of all his colleagues she realized that they had all seen in him a future celebrity. The walls the ceiling the lamp and the carpet on the floor winked mockingly at her as if trying to say "You've missed your chance!" She rushed weeping out of the bedroom almost running into a strange man in the drawing room. and Juret into the study to her husband. He lay motionless on the couch a blanket covering him up to the waist llis face was terribly drawn and thin and had that greyish vellow tinge never

seen on the living. Only his forehead, his black eyebrows and his familiar smile showed that it was Dimov. Olga Ivanovna touched his breast, his brow and his hands with rapid movements. The breast was still warm, but the brow and hands were unpleasantly cold. And the half-shut eyes gazed, not at Olga Ivanovna, but at the blanket.

"Dimov!" she ealled out loud. "Dimov!"

She wanted to explain to him that it had all been a mistake, that everything was not yet lost, that life might yet be beautiful and happy, that he was an unusual, a remarkable, a great man, and that she would worship him all her life, would kneel before him, would feel a sacred awe of him....

"Dimov!" she ealled, shaking him by the shoulder, unable to believe that he would never again wake up. "Dimov, Dimov, I say!"

And in the drawing-room Korostelev was saying to the maid: "What is there to ask about? Go round to the church and ask where the almswomen live. They'll wash the body and put everything in order—they'll do all that is necessary."

1892

WARD No. 6

.

In the hospital yard as a small annew, surrounded by a regular jungle of burdock stinging nettles and wild hemp. The roof is rusty, the chimney crumbling the rotting porch steps are over grown with grass and there are only faint vestiges of plaster on the walls. It faces the hospital and its back is turned towards a field from which it is separated by a discoloured fence bristling with nails. The upward pointing nails the fence, and the annexe it elf have that dismit God forsaken look characteristic of our hospital and purson buildings.

If you are not afraid of the nettles come with me along the narrow path leading to the annexe and let us peep inside As we open the front door we find ourselves in a passage Mountains of hospital rubbish are piled against the walls and the stove This ragged useless trash—mattreves old dressing gowns under drawers, string bline shirts wom out boots—is unmbled together

in a malodorous lieau

The watchman vikits in old soldier with mouldy looking stripes on his coal sleec and a pipe always between his teel reposes on the top of this rubbish. Its shaggy evebrows lend to his grim, drink soldien face the expression of a Russian sheep dog, his nose is red small lean and wity there is nevertheless something imposing about his carriage and his first are massive

indi criminately on frees chests and backs convinced that there is no other way to keep order

From here we enter a spacious room which occupies the whole annexe except for the space taken up by the passage. The walls are painted a muddy blue, the ceiling is black with soot, like the

beams of an old-time hut, with no chimney, indicating that the stoves smoke in the winter, filling the room with poisonous fumes. The windows are hideous with inside iron bars, the floor discoloured and splintery. The place smells of sour cabbage, smoking lamps, bugs and ammonia, and when you first go in, this stench makes you think you are entering a menagerie.

The beds are screwed into the floor. Men clothed in blue hospital gowns and old-fa-hioned night-caps are sitting and lying

on them. They are mental patients.

There are five of them. Only one of them belongs to the upper classes, the rest are from the common people. The one nearest to the door, a tall, lean man with a glossy red moustache and eyes red with weeping, sits with his head on his fists, staring fixedly in front of him. Day and night he grieves, nodding, sighing, giving wry smiles: he seldom joins in the general conversation and as a rule does not answer when spoken to. He takes his food and drink mechanically when it is brought to him. Judging by his painful, almost ince-ant cough and the hectic flush on his cheeks, he is in the early stages of consumption.

The next bed is occupied by a small, lively, extremely agile old man with a pointed beard and hair as black and curly as a Negro's. In the day-time he struts about the room, from window to window, or sit- on his bed with his legs crossed beneath him, alternately whistling as indefatigably as a bullfinch, singing in a low voice, or simply tittering. Even in the night he displays his child-like gaiety and lively temperament, getting up to say his prayers, that is to beat his chest with his doubled fists, and to fumble at the doors. He is Moses, the Jewish hat-maker, and has been mad these twenty years, ever since his shop was burned down.

He is the only inhabitant of Ward No. 6 who is permitted to leave the building and even go through the hospital yard and into the street. He has enjoyed this privilege for years, probably because he has been so long in the hospital and is such a quiet, harmless fool, the butt of the town, whose appearance, surrounded by a crowd of small boys and dogs, has become a part of everyday life. In his hospital gown, absurd night-cap and slippers, sometimes barefoot and quite naked beneath the gown, he roams the streets, stopping at gates and in front of little shops, begging for a kopek. He gets some krass* at one place, a bit of bread or

^{*} Kind of eider made from fermented bread .- Tr

a kopek at another, and returns to the annexe rich and content Everything he brings back is taken from him by Nikita The solder does this roughly, angrily, turning the man's pockets in side out and calling God to witness that he will never again let the Jew go out into the streets, and that there is nothing worse than dworder.

Moses is an obliging soul. He brings his room mates water when they are thirsty, covers them up when they are asleep, promises to bring home a kopek for each of them and make new caps for all, it is he who feeds with a spoon his neighbour on the left—a paralytie. He does this not from compassion or from any luminiments, but merely following the example, and imiountarily submitting to the influence of his neighbour on the right, Gromov

Ivan Dmitrich Gromos, a man about thirty three years old, who comes of a good family and was once a builff and the sec retary of a provinceal government office suffers from persecution manual life either lies buddled up on his bed or paece back wards and forwards as if he were taking a conclutional and is rarely to be found sitting. He is in a state of perpetual excitement and agitation, always tense with vague, indefinite expectations. At the slightest rustle in the passage or noise in the yard he lifts his lead and letens—have they come for him? Is it him they are looking for? At such moments his face expresses extreme per turbation and loathing:

I like his broad pale unhapps face with the high check bones a face in which, as in a mirror is reflected a soil formented by incereant struggle and fear His grimaces are queer and morbid, but the subtle lines which profound and genuine suffering has drawn on his face are ensitive and intelligent and there is a warm, sane light in his eyes I like the man always polite kind and considerate with everyone but Nikta If anyone drops a but ton or a spoon, he leaps from his bed and picks it up He wishes everyone "good morning" when he gets up, and says "good night" before going to hed

Its insanity manifests itself apart from his grimaces and the continual strain under which he labours in the following ways sometimes in the evenings he draws his robe round him, and, trembling all over, his teeth chattering he walks rapidly up and down the room and between the beds lie is then like a man in the grip of a violent fever. From the way in which he suddenly halts and looks at his room mattes it would appear that he had something very important to tell them, but evidently realizing that nobody will listen to him or understand him, he tosses his head impatiently and resumes his walking. Soon, however, the desire to talk overrules all other considerations and he lets himself go, pouring out eager, impassioned effusions. His speech, wild and disconnected as the ravings of a fever-patient, is not always intelligible, but there is something in his words and accents that is singularly appealing. When he speaks, you can hear both the sane human being and the madman in him. It would be hard to put down on paper his wild ravings. He discourses of human baseness, of that oppression which destroys truth, of the beautiful life that will one day dawn in this world, of the iron bars on the windows which remind him continually of the stupidity and eruelty of the oppressors. The result is an incoherent, clumsy blend of songs which, though old, have not yet been sung to the end.

11

Some twelve or fifteen years ago there lived in his own house in the main street of the town a certain official by the name of Gromov, a steady well-to-do man. He had two sons: Sergei and Ivan. Sergei, after completing three years of study at the University, contracted galloping consumption and died, and this death was the beginning of a series of disasters which overtook the Gromov family. A week after Sergei's funeral the old man was sued for forgery and embezzlement, and died soon after in the prison hospital of typhus. His house and property were sold at auction, and Ivan Dmitrieh and his mother were left without any means of support.

While his father was alive Ivan Dmitrieh lived in Petersburg, studying at the University, and receiving 60 or 70 rubles from home every month, so that he had never known want, but now he was forced to make drastic changes in his way of life. He had to work from morning till night, giving lessons for trifling payment, eopying documents, and even so he went hungry, for he sent all he earned to his mother. Ivan Dmitrieh was not fit for this sort of life; he lost heart, fell ill, left the University and went home. Here, in the small town, he got work as a teacher in the district school through influential friends, but finding he was unable to get on with his colleagues or win the sympathy of the pupils, he soon gave up the post. His mother died. He was

without a job for about six months, living on brend and water, and then took the post of bailiff. This last post he held till dis charged for reasons of health.

lle had never, even in his student days, appeared robust lle was always pale and thin, subject to colds, eating little and sleep ing badly A single glass of wine made him giddy and hysterical He was drawn to his fellow mortals, but owing to his irritable and suspicious disposition, there was no one with whom he was on intimate terms, no one he could call a friend lie invariably re ferred to the townsmen with contempt, declaring that their gross ignorance and drows; ammal existence made him sick This voice was shrill, and he spoke loudly and passionately, always either in wrathful indignation or in ecstasy and amazement, and always sincercly Whatever you spoke to him about, he would manage to turn the conversation to his favourite subject, the atmosphere in our town is stifling, life is dull, society devoid of higher interests, dragging out a dreary, meaningless existence only enlivened by violence, coarse debauchery and hypocrisy, knaves are well fed and well clad while hone t folk live from hand to mouth, schools, a progressive local newspaper, a theatre, public lectures and the co operation of all the intellectual forces, is what is needed, so ciety must be made aware of all this be made to see how shocking it is In judging his fellow men he laid the paint on thick, but his palette held only black and white it admitted of no fine shades, according to him, mankind consisted of honest people and knaves, there was no intermediate category. Of women and love he spoke with ardent enthusiasm, though he had never been in love

Despite his centoriousness and nervous tritability he was liked in our town, and behind his back referred to affectionately as Yanya Ilis delicity, his readness to oblige his high principles and moral integrity combined with his shabhy coat sackly appearance and the affections which had befaller his family all tended to create a warm, friendly feeling for him, tinged with melancholy, then he was well educated and well read his fellow citizens said there was nothing he did not know, and he was regarded by everyone as a kind of walking encyclopacial.

He was a great reader. He would sit in the club by the hour, tugging nerrously at his small beard and turning over the pages of megazines and books and his face showed that he was not so much reading as devouting their contents hardly giving him elf time to turn them over in his mind Reading had evidently I come a morbid habit with him, for he fell upon everyth e that came

his way with equal avidity, even though it was nothing more interesting than last year's papers and almanacs. At home he always read lying down.

III

One autumn morning Ivan Dmitrieli, his coat-collar turned up, plodded through the slush of side-streets and backyards on his way to hand a writ of execution to some citizen. He was in his usual morning mood, which was bad. In one of the side-streets he met two manacled men, under an armed convoy of four. Ivan Dmitrich was used to such meetings which invariably roused in him feeling of pity and embarrassment, but this time he was strangely and unaccountably affected. For some reason it suddenly came into his head that there was nothing to prevent him from being manacled himself and led like these prisoners through the muddy streets to the prison. On his way home from delivering the writ, he met a police inspector of his acquaintance near the postoffice; the latter, after exchanging greetings with him, accompanied him for a few paces, and somehow this struck Gromov as suspicious. When he got home, the thought of the prisoners and the soldiers with their rifles haunted him all day, and a strange mental disquietude prevented him from reading, and concentrating on his thoughts. He did not light his lamp in the evening, and could not sleep for thinking of how he, too, might be arrested, manaeled and thrown into prison. He knew he was guilty of no crime, and could guarantee that he would never murder, commit arson, or steal; but was it not possible to commit a crime as it were accidentally, without meaning to? Besides, were there not such things as fraud or even miscarriage of justice? Does not the popular saying: "nobody is safe from the poorhouse or the prison' reflect the experience of ages? And in the present state of legal proceedings what could be more likely than a miscarriage of justice? Such people as judges, police authorities and doctors, who regard human suffering in a strictly official light, become in the course of time and from habit so callous that they cannot, even if they wanted to, treat their clients in any but a formal way; in this respect there is no difference between them and the peasant slaughtering slicep and calves in his backyard, perfectly oblivious to the blood. And once this formal, callous attitude has been established, only one thing is needed to make a judge deprive an innocent person of his rights and sentence him

to hard labour—time Just the time necessary for the observation of the few formalities for which the judge recettes his salary, and all will be over. And then you may seek juttee and protection in the small dirty town two hundred versts away from the nearest railway station! And is it not absurd to think of justice when every act of oppression is regarded by society as rational and expedient, and every act of elemence, such as an acquittal, is greeted with an outburst of unsatisfied revengeful feelings?

The next morning Ixan Dmitrieb rose from his bed in a state of abject terror, with cold sweat breaking out in on his brow, and the conviction that he might be arrested any minute. Since the oppersive thoughts of the day before would not leave him, he told imiself that there must be some real ground for them. After all, they could not have entered his mind without some good reason. A policeman passed his window at a lensurely pace what could little man? Two men stopped opposets his house and stood silent

Why were they silent?

Days and nights of anguish ensued for Ivan Dmitrich He thought everyone who passed his windows or entered his yard was a spy or a detective. The district police inspector was in the habit of driving along the street in his carriage and pair every day at noon, he drove from his country estate to the police office. but to Ivan Dmitrich it seemed he was driving too fast, and that there was a significant look on his face, he was probably hasten ing to announce that there was a dangerous criminal hime in the town Every time the doorbell rang or there was a knock at the gate. Isan Dmitrich started be felt uneasy if his landlady had a visitor he had not seen before when he met a policeman or a cendarme he smiled and whistled a tune to appear at ease. He lay awake all night for fear of being arrested but snored loudly and sighed drowed, to make the landlady think he was asleep for if he did not sleep would not it mean he had something on his cons cience-and what a clue that would be! Facts and common sense assured him that his fears were absurd and morbid, that there was nothing terrible in arrest or imprisonment if one took a broad view of things-so long as ones conscience was clear, but the saner and more logical his reasoning the greater the acuter became his restlessness. He was like the bermit who tried to clear himself a spot in the jungle but found that the trees and bushes grew all the denser under the axe healizing the futility of it. Ivan Dmitrich at last gave up reason and surrendered himself to terror and despair

He began to seek solitude and slum society. His work, which he had always detested, had now become quite intolerable to him. He was afraid someone might play him a dirty trick, slip a bribe into his pocket without his noticing, and then expose him, that he would let some error which would be tantamount to forgery creep into the official papers or that he would lose money which did not belong to him. It was quite remarkable how ingenious and versatile his mind had become, now that he daily invented a thousand reasons why he should tremble for his honour and freedom. On the other hand, his interest in the outside world and in reading was weakening, his memory had deteriorated considerably.

In the spring, after the snow had melted, the corpses of an old woman and a little boy, both in a state of decomposition, and bearing the signs of death by violence, were found in the gully outside the eemetery. The whole town talked of nothing but these corpses and the unknown murderers. To prevent people from thinking he was the murderer, Ivan Dmitrich walked about the streets with a smile on his face and when he met his acquaintances, he would assure them, paling and flushing by turns, that there was no crime so base as that of killing the weak and defenceless. But he soon got tired of perpetual dissembling and decided that the best thing for a man in his position to do would be to hide in the cellar. He spent a day, the night following, and another day in the cellar, got chilled to the bone and sneaked back to his own room like a thief as soon as it was dark. He stood still in the middle of the room till daybreak, listening. Just before daybreak some stove-makers came to the landlady. Ivan Dmitrich was perfectly aware that they had come to repair the kitchen stove, but fear whispered to him they were policemen disguised as stovemakers. He crept quietly out of the house, without stopping to put on his hat and coat, and rushed panie-stricken into the street. Dogs ran after him barking, a man shouted behind him, the wind whistled in his ears, and it seemed to Ivan Dmitrich that all the violence in the world had accumulated behind his back and was chasing him.

He was stopped and brought home, and his landlady sent for the doctor. Doctor Andrei Yesimich, of whom there will be more to say hereaster, prescribed cold compresses and laurel drops, shook his head sadly and went away, telling the landlady he would not come any more, it was no good trying to prevent people from going mad. Since he had no money to live on and to pay for medical treatment Ivan Dmitrich was sent to the hospital, where they found a place for him in the ward for ven ereal patients lie did not sleep at night, was irritable, and dis turbed the other patients, and soon, on the orders of Andrei

Yesimich he was transferred to Ward No 6 In a year pobody in the town remembered Ivan Dmitrich, and his books, which his landlady dumped into a sleigh under the roof of a lean to were all taken by the neighbouring boys

I1

The neighbour to the left of Ivan Dmitrich was, as has already been said Moses the Jew and his right hand neighbour was a round, bloated peasant with a blank, absolutely meaningless countenance, an mert, gluttonous, unclean animal, who had long forgotten what it was to think or to feel, and who exided a pun gent, stifling odour

Nikita, whose duty it was to look after this man, beat him savagely, with all his might not sparing his own fists, and it was not so much the fact that he was beaten which was so appalling -one gets used to that sort of thing-but that the still effect beast did not react to the as-ault either by sound gesture or the flicker of an eyelid merely rocking from side to side like a heavy barrel

The fifth and last inhabitant of Ward No 6 is a townsman formerly a mail sorter at the post office he is a suarse, leanfair haired man with a kind but slightly roguish face. To judge by the screne and cheerful look in his intelligent eves he knows how to take care of lumself and cherishes some important and delightful secret the hides something under his pillow or his mattress which he shows no one not for lear of it being taken away from him or stolen but from bashfulness Sometimes he walks up to the window and with his back to the other lungs something on his chest and looks down at it if anyone should come up to him at such a moment he will tear the some thing off his chest and display extreme and right ment little not very hard to divine his secret

'You may congratulate me le retinies y to Ivan Dmitrich, 'I have been recommended f r 1 Stanishaus of the second order with a star The second ord r with a tir given only to foreigners but for some rea on they your to make an exception in my favour." And he adds with a smile and a shrug: "I must say I never expected it!"

"I know nothing about these matters," answers Ivan Dmitrieh

grimly.

"But you know what I mean to get sooner or later?" continues the former mail-sorter narrowing his eyes slyly. "I am sure to get the Swedish 'Polar Star.' Such an order is worth taking a little trouble for. A white cross and a black ribbon. Very

pretty."

Life is probably nowhere so monotonous as it is in the hospital annexe. In the morning all the patients except the paralytic and the fat peasant go out into the passage and wash in a great wooden bowl, drying themselves on the skirts of their gowns; after that they drink tea out of tin mugs brought by Nikita from the main building. Each is allowed one mugful. At noon they have soup made from sour cabbage and porridge, and supper consists of the porridge left over from dinner. Between meals they lie on their beds, sleep, gaze out of the windows or pace up and down the room. Thus it goes on from day to day. Even the former mail-sorter talks of the same orders all the time.

A fresh face is not often seen in Ward No. 6. The doctor has long stopped taking any more mental eases, and not many people from the outside world care to visit lunatic asylums. Once every two months Semyon Lazarich, the barber, visits the ward. We will not describe how he cuts the patients' hair, and how Nikita aids him in it, nor the panic spread among the patients at the sight of the drunken, smiling barber.

Apart from the barber nobody visits the annexe. The patients have to put up with the undiluted company of Nikita, day after day. Of late, however, a strange rumour has begun to be spread in the hospital. They say the doctor has begun visiting Ward

No. 6 regularly.

v

This is indeed a strange rumour!

Doetor Andrei Yesimich Ragin is a remarkable man in his way. He is said to have been very religious in his early youth, and to have set his heart on an ecclesiastic career, intending, on leaving high school in 1863, to enter the ecclesiastical academy, had not his father, who practised medicine and was a surgeon, held him up to ridicule, declaring that he would no longer

regard him as his son if he became a priest I do not know how much truth there is in all this, but I have often heard Andrei Yefimich confess he never felt a vocation for medicine or for any particular branch of science

flowever that may he, after graduating from the medical department he did not take orders. He was not remarkable for his piety, and was no more like a elergyman at the beginning of

his medical career than he is now

He is a heavy, coarse peasant type, his face, beard, straight hair and strong, ungainly frame suggest the proprietor of a way side inn, well fed, stubborn and harsh His grim countenance is covered with a network of blue veins, the eyes are small, the nose is red life is tall and broad shouldered, with enormous hands and feet, and looks as if he could fell an ox with his bare firts But he walks softly and his gait is cautious, furtise, en countering anyone in a narrow passage, he is the first to stop and give way, saying, "orry" not as you might expect in a deen voice, but in reedy, gentle tones lie has a small tumour on his neck which prevents him from wearing stiff collars, and therefore he goes about in soft linen or cotton shirts. He does not dress like a doctor at all A suit lasts him ten years and when he does get a new onc, which he usually buys at a slopshop kept by a Jew, it looks just as worn and enimpled as the old suit, he receives patients, dines or visits friends in the same coat, and there is no stinginess in this nothing but sheer dis regard for his personal appearance

When Andrei Yesimich came to our town to take up his post, the "charitable institution was in an appalling state One could hardly breathe in the wards, the corridors, or the hospital yard for the stench lfospital attendants nurses and their families slept in the wards along with the patients Everyone complained that cockroaches, bugs and mice made life impossible. The surgical department was never free of eryspelas. There were only two scalnels in the whole hospital, and not a single thermometer. the bath tubs were used for storing potatoes. The superintendent, the matron and the medical a sistant robbed the patients of their food, and as for the old doctor who had held the post before Andrei Yesimich it was said that he speculated in the spirits allotted to the hospital and kept a veritable harem recruited from nurses and female patients. The inhabitants of the town were well aware of this disgraceful state of affairs they even exaggerated it, but no one seemed to take it to heart. Some exensed it all by saying that only peasants and the lower classes were treated in the hospital and that they could have nothing to complain of since they were much worse off at home than in the hospital: would you feed them on ortolans? Others pleaded that the town could not be expected to keep a decent hospital without the aid of the Zemstvo; one should be grateful for any hospital, even a bad one. And the Zemstvo, which had not been open long itself, did not start a hospital of its own either in the town or its vicinity, because, as they said, there was one already.

Andrei Yesimieh's first inspection of the hospital drove him to the conclusion that it was an immoral institution, highly detrimental to the health of the community. In his opinion the wisest thing to do would be to discharge the patients and close the hospital. But he reasoned that for this something more than his will would be required, and that it would be no good anyhow; if one sweeps away all the dirt, both moral and physical, from one place, it is sure to gather in another; one must wait for it to disappear of itself. Besides, since people had opened a hospital and tolerated it, it meant they needed it; ignorant prejudice, and all this everyday filth and abomination are necessary things, for in time they will be converted into something useful, as dung becomes fertile soil. There are no good things in the world which have not originally sprung from foulness.

When he started on his duties, Andrei Yesimich seems to have

When he started on his duties, Andrei Yehmieh seems to have made very little finss about all this disorder. He merely asked hospital attendants and nurses not to spend the night in the wards, and had a couple of cupboards for surgical instruments installed; the superintendent, the matron, and the crysipelas all

stayed where they were.

Andrei Yesimieh strongly appreciates wisdom and honesty, but he has not the strength of character, the considence in his own rights, which would enable him to organize the life round him on an honest and rational footing. He is not the man to give orders, to prohibit, to insist. It almost seemed as if he had taken a vow never to raise his voice or use the imperative mood. He finds it hard to say "give me," or "bring me"; when he feels hingry, he gives a hesitant cough and says to his cook: "What about some tea?..." or "What about dinner?" As for telling the superintendent to stop stealing, or sacking him, or abolishing the nunecessary sincence, that is quite beyond his strength. When people lie to Andrei Yesimieh, or slatter him, or bring

him an obviously false account to sign, he turns as red as a lobster and, feeling like a criminal, signs the paper, when the patients complain to him of hunger and rough treatment, he feels embarrassed and mutters apologetically

"All right, I !! look into it There must be some misunder

standing

At first Andrei Yesimich worked with zeal, receiving patients every day up till dinner time, performing operations and even going in for obstetries. The ladies maintained lie was very at tentive and diagnosed illnesses marvellously, especially those of women or children As time went on, however, he grew dis heartened by the monotony and obvious mefficiency of the work One day he would receive 30 patients, and lot the next day there would be 35 the day after 10, and so on from day to day, from year to year, the death rate in the town never decreasing, and fresh patients streaming in It was impossible to give any serious aid to the 40 out patients who came in the course of the morning, so that his work was necessarily a fraud, do what he might If in a given year he received 12 000 out patients it meant, by the sumplest reckoning that 12,000 men and women had been deceived To take the serious cases into the hospital and treat them according to the rules of science was impossible, too, for though there were plenty of rules there was no science, and quite apart from philosophy, merely to stick pedantically to the rules, like the other doctors, would have demanded, first and foremost, cleanliness and sentilation, and not filth, wholesome food, and not stinking sour cabbage soup helpful assistants, and not flucses

Resides, why prevent people from dying, since death is the normal and legitimate end of life? What it the life of some shop keeper or clerk is prolonged by five or ten years? And if the aim of medicine is to ease suffering by giving drugs the quite on meetably arises why should suffering be eased? In the first place, suffering is supposed to aid mankind learns to ease suffering by means of pills and ponders people will abandon the religion and philosophy in which they have litherto found not merely protection from all ills but happiness itself Pushkin nodured agonizing sufferings on his deathbad Heinel lay partly zed for years before he died why then should an Aurice Zeffinch, or a Martynna Saushan, whose trivial live, but for

suffering, would be as devoid of significance as the life of an amoeba, be free from sickness?

Oppressed by such arguments, Andrei Yefimieh lost heart and gave up going to the hospital every day.

VI

This is his daily routine. He usually gets up about eight in the morning, dresses and drinks tea. Then he sits in his study and reads, or goes to the hospital. In the dark narrow hospital eorridor he finds out-patients waiting to be admitted. Male and female hospital attendants rush past them, their boots elattering over the briek floor, emaciated in-patients saunter by in their gowns, dead bodies and pots of night-soil are borne out, ehildren howl, and sharp draughts rake the corridor. Andrei Yesimich is aware that such conditions are a torture to feverish, consumptive, or merely nervous patients, but what is to be done about it? In the reception-room he is greeted by his assistant Sergei Sergeich, a fat little man with a plump, clean-shaven, wellwashed face, easy, gentle manners, wearing a new loose-fitting suit, and looking much more like a senator than a medical assistant. He has an extensive practice in the town, wears a white tie, and considers he knows more than the doctor, who has no praetice. In the corner of the reception-room is an iconostasis with a great icon in it and a heavy icon-lamp hanging before it; nearby is a sconee for votive candles shrouded in white linen. Portraits of bishops, a view of the Svyatogorsk Monastery, and wreaths of dried cornflowers adorn the walls. Sergei Sergeich is religious and a stiekler for ceelesiastical propriety, it was he who had the ieon put up in the hospital; on Sundays he orders one of the patients to read a prayer, after which Sergei Sergeich himself makes the rounds of the wards, swinging the eenser to and fro and spreading the smell of incense.

The patients are numerous, and time is short, so that the doctor must restrict himself to a few questions to each patient and prescribe some medicine or other, mostly embrocation or castor-oil. Andrei Yesimich leans his cheek against his fist and falls into a reverie, questioning the patients mechanically. Sergei Sergeich is also seated, rubbing the palms of his hands together and oceasionally putting in a word.

"We suffer siekness and endure poverty," he says, "because

we do not pray to our merciful Lord. Yes, indeed!"

Andrea Vefinisch does not perform operations during reception hours, he has long got out of the habit of operating, and the sight of blood injects him. When he has to open a child's mouth to look down its throat and the child hawls and tries to push him away, with his little first, the noise makes Andrea Vefinisch giddy, and tears come to his eyes. He hastens to write out a pre-cription and waves his arms for the mother to take her child away.

The soon gets tired of the patients' timulity and stupidity, the presence of the ritual losing Serges Sergesch, the pictures on the walls and his own questions, which he has not varied these twenty years and more Alter receiving five or six patients, he noes home The rest are recursed by the assistant

Pleasantly conscious that he has long ago, thank God got rid of all private practice and that nobody will interrupt him, Andrei Yesimich settles down to his books the moment he gets home He reads a great deal and always with pleasure Half his salary goes on books and three of the six rooms in his apart ment are crammed with books and old magazines. His favourite reading is history and philosophy, the only medical magazine he subscribes to is The Physician which he invariably starts reading from the end He reads uninterruptedly for hours at a time, without experiencing the slightest fatigue. He does not read as rapidly and impetuously as Ivan Dmitrich used to, but slowly, with insight often dwelling on places which either give him pleasure or are hard to understand. There is always a carafe of yodka standing near his book and a salted cucumber or spiced apple lying strught on the baize top of his desk Every half hour, without taking his eyes from the page, he pours himself out a wine glass of vodka, feels for the cucumber and takes a bite from it

At three o clock he eees contion is to the kitchen door, gives a little cough and says

'What about dinner Darva'

After dinner, a badly seried rather tysteless affair, Andrei Acfmitch walks from 100m to 100m with folded arms thinking. The clock strikes four then five but Andrei Veffmich is still walking and thinking. Every now and then the kitchen door creaks and Darias a blowar, red face appears.

'Isn't it time for your beer \u00e4ndrei \u00e4efimich? she asks anxiously

'Not quite, he answers 1 little later just a little

Towards evening comes the postmaster Mikhail Averyanieh, the only man in the town whose company Andrei Yehmieh does not find irksome. Mikhail Averyanieh was a rich landowner in his day and served in the cavalry; but he ran through his fortune and was driven by want to take a job in the post-office in his old age. He looks hale and hearty, has luxurious white whiskers, good manners and a loud but pleasant voice. He is kind and sensitive, though hot-tempered. If a member of the public makes a protest at the post-office, disagrees or merely argues a point, Mikhail Averyanieh turns crimson and trembles violently, and he shouts in a voice of thunder: "Silence!" so that the post-office has a long-established reputation as a formidable place. Mikhail Averyanieh likes and respects Andrei Yehmieh for his crudition and loftiness of spirit, but he is supercilious to everyone else, treating them as inferiors.

"Here I am!" he cries on entering the room. "How are you,

my friend? Probably sick of me, hey?

"Not at all, not at all," the doctor answers. "You know I'm always glad to see you."

The friends sit down on the sofa in the study, smoking in

silence for a while.

"What about a little beer, Darya?" asks the doctor.

The first bottle is drunk in the same silence. The doctor looks pensive, while Mikhail Averyanich seems to be in high glee, like one who has a piece of very amusing information to impart.

It is usually the doctor who opens the conversation.

"Isn't it a pity," he begins quietly and slowly, with a gentle shake of his head and without looking at his friend's face (he never looks at anyone's face), "isn't it a pity, I say, my dear Mikhail Averyanieh, that there is not a soul in our town who cares about interesting and intelligent conversation or is capable of it? It is a great privation to us. Even the educated classes do not rise above the trivial; their mental development, I assure you, is in no way superior to that of the lower classes."

"Quite right. I agree."

"You are aware, of course," the doctor continues in his quiet level voice. "that everything in this world but the superior spiritual manifestations of the human mind is insignificant and uninteresting. It is the mind which draws the boundary-line between the human and the animal, giving us a glimpse of the divine nature of the former, and to a certain extent even taking the place of nonexistent immortality. Proceeding from this

premise, we may vay that the mind is the only source of enjoyment. We netter see nor hear of anything in the shape of a mind round ns, and that means we are deprised of enjoyment. True, we have our books, but they cannot take the place of conversation and personal contest. If you will allow me to use a metaphor— —and not a very happy one, I fear—l would say books were printed music, and conversation—singring.

Silence ensues Darya, an expression of dumb grief on her face, comes out of the kitchen and stands listening in the door

h "And you think people have

And he speaks of the old times when lile was wholesome, gay, full of interest, of the educated classes of old Russia, who set such a high value on lionour and friendship. People lent one another money without any recepts and it was considered a disgrace not to hold out a helping hand to a friend in need And the cumpaigns, the adventures, the karimishes, the friendships, the women' And the Cuessus—whot a country. There was the wife of a hattalion commander, an eccentric woman who dressed up as an officer and rode into the mountains every evening with out a guide. They said she was carrying on an affoir with some prince in a nomitant village.

"Holy Mother!" sighs Darya

"And how we drant! How we ate! And what desperate his crals we all were!"

Andrei Yesimich listens to him without taking in the meaning of the

people and converse with

the Mikhail Avervanch "Mikhail Avervanch" "My father give me a splendid education but influenced by the ideve of the 60 s, neide me go in for medicine. I sometimes think that if I had not obeyed him I would by now be in the very centre of some intellectual movement. I would probably be a member of a university staff. Of course the mind is not immortal and is transient like circuithing else but I have already explained to you why I rate it so highly. Lafe is simply a miserable trap As soon as a thinking individual reaches maturity and becomes capible of conceious thought he cannot help feeling that he is caught in a trap from which there is no way out. When you come to think of it he has been summored against his will and owner to think of it he has been summored against his will and owner.

to purely accidental causes from the state of non-existe What for? If he tries to find out the meaning and aim existence, he either gets no answer, or is told all man absurdities; he knocks, and no one opens to him; then comes to him—also against his will. And just as pris united by a common misfortune, feel happier when they ca together. people with a turn for analysis and generalization. mutually attracted and, not noticing that they are in a manage to while away the time in the exchange of lofty, m tered thoughts. In this respect the mind is the source of ince parable satisfaction.

Avoiding his interlocutor's eye, Andrei Yesimieh goes of the sitating voice about intelligent folk and the sitating voice about the sitating v joys of conversing with them, Mikhail Averyanich listening to him attentively and occasionally contributing his "Quite true." "But don't you believe in the immortality of the soul?" the postmaster suddenly asks. "I do not, my dear Mikhail Averyanieh, I neither believe in it nor have I any reason for such a belief." To tell the truth. I have my doubts about it, myself. On the other hand. I have a feeling I will never die, you know. Hi, old man, I say to myself sometimes, it's time to be dying! But a little voice whispers: don't believe it. you will never die." Soon after nine Mikhail Averyanieh leaves. As he stands in the hall stringgling into his heavy coat, he says with a sigh: To think what a hole fate has thrown as into! And the worst of it is, we shall have to die here, too. Oh dear!

After seeing his friend out, Andrei Yesimich sits at his desk and resumes his reading. Not a sound breaks the stillness of the night, time itself seems to have stopped and to be watching over the doctor and his book, as if the whole world consisted of nothing but this book and the lamp with it, green shade. The doctor's rough, bucolic features gradually light up with a smile of affection and respect for the manifestations of the human of allection and respect for the mannestations of the numan interest of the thinks, Why all these brain centres and convolutions, eyesight, speech, selfand these brain centres and convolutions, eyesight, speech, sential continuous awareness; genius, if they are only destined to mingle with the soil, and finally cool together with the earth's crust and whirl round the sun for billions of years, without aim or reason?

Surely it was not necessary, just for the sake of this cooling and whirling, to summon from oblivion man with his lofts, almost divine mind, and then, as if in bitter jest, to turn him into clay?

Metabolism' Who but a coward could find can-olation in this substitute of immortality? The unconscious processes which go on in nature are at a lower level than even human stupidity, for there is a certain amount of consciousness and sail in stupidity, whereas there is absolutely nothing underlying those processes. Only a coward whose fear of death is greater than his self respect, could solace himself with the thought that his body will go on hing in a blade of grass, in a store, in a toad. To see immortality in metabolism is just as radiculous as to forted! a brilliant future for a volin case after the valuable instrument has become braken and useless.

Every time the clock strikes the hour. Andrei Yesimich leans back in his arm chair and closes his eyes for a moment to con centrate on his thoughts for a while Under the influence of the lofty ideas expounded in the book he has just been reading, he begins unconsciously to analyze his life, past and present The past disgusts him and he prefers not to think of it And the present is just like the past He knows that while his thoughts whirl round the sun with the cooling crust of the earth, in the large building a few paces from the doctor's rooms people are languishing in disease and filth at this very moment, perhaps, someone is lying awake, fighting vermin, another has just been infected with erysipelas or is moaning from a tight bandage pressing on his wound, perhaps some of the patients are playing cards and drinking todka with the nurses. Twelve thousand men and women were deceased last year, the whole of hospital life is based on theft, quarrels, gossip, favouritism and shameless quackery, just as it was twents years ago and the hospital is still a highly immeral establishment detrimental to the health of citizens Andrei Vefimich knows that behind the bars in Ward No 6 Nikita beats the patients, and Moses goes nut into the streets every day, asking for alms

At the same time, he knows, too that the science of medicine has shown mixenlous development during the last twenty five years. While studying at the University it had seemed to him that medicine would soon be sharing, the late of alchemy and metaphysics, but now in his mights reading, this same medicine affects him deeply, secuting in him a wonder amounting to extang What innevpected brithname, what are resolution. Thanks

to antisepties, operations are now performed which the great Pirogov himself considered impossible even in spc. Ordinary Zemslyo doctors are not afraid of performing resections of the knee joint, only one person in a hundred dies after abdominal operations, and stone is regarded as too trivial even to mention in print. Syphilis can be radically enred. And there is the theory of heredity, hypnotism, the discoveries of Pasteur and Koch, hygiene, statisties, and our Russian Zemstvo medical organizations! Psychiatry with its modern classification of disease, the methods of diagnosis and treatment—all this lowers mountainhigh over the past. Mental eases are no longer doused with cold water or confined in strait jackets; they are treated as human beings and we read in the papers that theatrical performances and balls are actually got up for their entertainment, Andrei Yesimich knows that modern views and taste make an abomination like Ward No. 6 possible only in a lown lwo hundred versts away from a railway station, where the mayor and town comeillors are half-educated men, who regard the doctor as a high pricet to be implicitly believed, even were he to pour molten lead into a patient's mouth; in any other place the public and the papers would long ago have razed the little Bastille to the ground,

"But what's the good?" Andrei Yefinieh asks himself, opening his eyes wide, "What has come of it all? Antisepties, Koch, and hease remain where they were. Theatricals and balls are got it is all nonsense but they are not released from confinement. Nevertheless grief and a feeling akin to envy hospital."

Antisepties, Koch, and the between they were. Theatricals and balls are got were the best Viennesse clinic and my hospital."

Antisepties, Koch, and the between the best Viennesse clinic and my hospital."

Antisepties, Koch, and the between the best Viennesse clinic and my hospital."

Antisepties, Koch, and the between the best Viennesse clinic and my hospital."

Antisepties, Koch, and the best Viennesse clinic and my hospital."

Antisepties, Koch, and between the best Viennesse clinic and my hospital."

Antisepties, Koch, and between the best Viennesse clinic and my hospital."

Antisepties, Koch, and best Viennesse clinic and balls are got viennesse clinic and my hospital."

Antisepties, Koch, and best Viennesse clinic and balls are got viented and balls are got vien

an serving an evil cause, and I receive my salary from peoal particle in a necessary social evil; all district officials are
and not myself which is to blame for my dishonesty. Therefore it is the
clock strikes three, he puts out his lamp and goes to

A year or two ago the Jemstvo resolved, in a fit of generosity, to contribute a sum of three hundred rubles annually for the increasing of the hospital's medical staff till such time as a Zemstvo hospital should be opened, and district medical officer Yeigeny Fedorovich Khobotov was invited by the municipality to aid Andrei Yefimich in his duties. The new doctor was quite a young man, under thirty, tall and dark, with broad cheek bones and small eyes probably of non Russian origin lie arrived in our town without a korek in his pocket, with a small trunk and a plain young woman with a baby in her arms whom he called his cook Yevgeny Fedorovich wears a peaked cap and high boots, and goes about in the winter in a sleepskin tacket He soon made friends with Serger Sergerch, the medical assistant, and with the cashier, but the rest of the officials he calls, for some reason, aristocrats, and keeps away from them He only has one book in his whole apartment-The Latest Prescriptions of the I tennese Clinic for 1881. He never goes to see a patient without taking this book with him. He plays billiards in the club in the evenings but does not care for cards lle is extremely fond of using expressions such as lleres a pretty kettle of fish, 'Come now, man was made to be merry, and the like

He goes to the hospital twice a week makes the rounds of the wards and receives out patients. The fact that while there are no antisepties, there is a plential uppel) of engang glasses, stirs him to indignation but lie does not introduce any new methods for fear of offending Andrei Veilmich. He is consumed that his colleague Andrei Yelimich is a knave, suspects him of being yet; nelt, and secretly envies him He would gladly sup-

plant him

11

One spring exeming towards the end of March when there was no more snow on the ground and the startings were singing in the hospital yard the doctor went to the gate to see off his friend the postmaster. Just then Moses the Jew entered the vard retirm ing from one of his usual excursions. He had no eap 1 and wore galoshes straight on his bare feet in his hand he irried a small bug holding the alms he had collected. "Won't you give me a kopek?" he asked the doctor, shivering with cold, but smiling.

Andrei Yesimieh, who never knew how to refuse, gave him a

ten-kopek piece.

"How appalling!" he thought as he looked at the man's bare

legs and thin raw ankles. "In such damp weather...."

Moved by a feeling of mingled pity and disgust, he followed the Jew into the annexe, glancing from his bald pate to his ankles. On the doctor's entrance, Nikita jumped from off the rubbish heap and stood at attention.

"Good evening, Nikita!" Andrei Yesimieh said in his gentle voice. "What about giving that Jew a pair of boots or something;

he might eatch cold, you see."

"Very good, Sir. I will report it to the superintendent."

"Yes, do! Ask him in my name. Tell him I asked."

The door from the passage into the ward was open. Ivan Dmitrich was lying on his bed, propped on one elbow, listening anxiously to the unfamiliar voice. All at once he recognized the doctor. Shaking with rage, he leaped up, his face red and furious, his eyes starting from the sockets, and ran out into the middle of the room.

"The doctor has come!" he cried, and burst out laughing. "At last! I congratulate you, gentlemen: the doctor has deigned to pay us a visit! The damned scoundrel!" he almost squealed, stamping his foot in a frenzy never before witnessed in the ward. "Kill the scoundrel! No, killing is too good for him! Throw him into the privy."

Andrei Yehmich put his head in at the door and asked quietly:

"What for?"

"What for?" shouted Ivan Dmitrich, walking towards him with a menacing look and pulling the flaps of his robe round him with a convulsive gesture. "What for? You're a thief!" he cried in loathing, puckering up his lips as if he were going to spit. "Quack! Hangman!"

"Don't get excited," said Andrei Yehmich, smiling apologetieally, "I assure you I never stole anything in my life, and for the rest, you are probably exaggerating grossly. I see you are angry with me. Try and be calm and tell me without getting worked

up, what makes you so angry?"
"Why do you keep me here?"

"Because you are ill."

"Yes, I am ill. But there are scores and hundreds of madmen

enjoying their freedom only because you are too ignorant to distinguish them from normal men Why then must I, and these wretches, he cooped up here for the sins of others, like so mans scapegoats? You yourself, your assistant, the inspector and the whole hospital rabble are infinitely lower, morally, than any one of us, why then must me be here, and not you? What sort of logic is this ?

"Vloral values and logic have nothing to do with it Everything depends on chance Those who are put here, stay here, and those who are not enjoy their liberty, that's all There is neither morality nor logic in the fact that you are a mental patient and

I a doctor, nothing I ut mere chance

"I don't understand such nonsense," said Ivan Dmitrich in a hollow voice, seating him elf on the side of his bed

Moses, whom Nikita did not dare to search in the doctor's presence, suread out his crusts, papers and bones on his bed and, still shivering with cold, began talking to him elf in Jewi h in a rapid sing song He probably thought he had opened a shop

"Let me out!" said Ivan Dmitrick in a breaking voice "I can't do that "

"But why can t you? It ha not?"

"Because it is not in my power Ask yourself what would be the good of my letting you out? Supposing I do the towns people or the police would stop you and bring you back"

"Yes, yes, you are right said Ivan Dmitrich rubbing his forehead "It's terrible, What am I to do? What-tell me what! " His voice and his youthful face intelligent despite his grimae

ing appealed to Andrei Yelimich He longed to say comething kind to the young man, to calm him He sat down on the bed beside him, thought a while, and then said

"You ask me what you are to do? The be t thing for you to do would be to run away Unfortunately it would be useless You would be detained When society resolves to protect itself from criminals, mental patients, and other embarrassing folk it is invincible. There is only one line of behaviour open to you reconcile yourself to the fact that your presence here is neces sary '

"It is no good to anyone

"Since there are such things as pri one and lunatic asslum there must be people to fill them If it and you it me if t me, someone else Wait-in that distint future time who the are no longer either prisons or lunatic asslums there will be no more barred windows or hospital gowns. The time is sure to come, sooner or later."

Ivan Dmitrieli smiled scornfully.

"You don't mean it, of course," he said, narrowing his eyes. "What is the future to such gentlemen as yourself and your helpmate Nikita? But you may be sure that better times will come, Sir! My expressions may be trite, and you may laugh, but the dawn of a new life will break out in all its brilliancy, truth will triumph, and—we, too, will see the light! I shall not see it, I shall be dead by then, but other men's great-grandehildren will see it. I welcome them from the bottom of my heart, and rejoice for their sake! Forward! God help you, friends!"

Ivan Dmitrieh, his eyes shining, rose, stretching out his arms towards the window, and went on speaking in agitated tones:

"From behind these bars I send you my blessing! Long live

Truth! I rejoice!"

"I see no reason for rejoicing," said Andrei Yesimich who, while considering Ivan Dmitrich's exaltation somewhat theatrical, liked him for it. "There will be no more prisons and lunatic asylums, and truth, as you are pleased to say, will triumph, but the e-sence of things will not change, and the laws of nature will remain the same. People will fall ill, grow old and die just as they do now. However brilliantly the dawn lights up your life, in the end you will be shut up in a coffin and thrown into a hole in the ground."

"And what about immortality?"

"Rubbish!"

"You don't believe in it, but I do. Dostoyevsky, or maybe it was Voltaire, said if there were no God, men would have invented him. And it is my deepest conviction that if there is no such thing as immortality, sooner or later the great human mind will invent it."

"Well said," cried Andrei Yefimich, smiling with pleasure, "It's a good thing you have faith. With a faith like yours one can be happy even when cooped within four walls. But you are an educated man, I see?"

"Yes, I have been to the University, though I did not graduate."

"I see you are a man who knows how to think. You can find solace in your thoughts in any circumstances. Though, unshackled, profound striving for a full comprehension of life, together with utter contempt for the stupid bustle of the world—these are

ble ings higher thru any mankind has ever known. And you may possess them in spite of all the barred windows in the world. Diogenes, lived in a barrel and yet he was happier than

kings '

'Your Diogenes was a fool," said Ixan Dmittich sullenly ho you tilk to me of Diogenes and the comprehension of something or other? 'he said, leaping to his feet in sudden fury "I lote life, I lote it passionately! I suffer from persecution mania, I am tortured by constant, harassing fears, but there are moments when I am seried with a thirst for life, and then I am afraid I shall go mad I want to live, oh, how I want to live!"
He crossed the room in his excitement and said, lowering his

voice "Sometimes in my dreams I am visited by ghosts People come to see me, I hear voices and movie, and I think I am somewhere in the woods or on the sea shore, and I long for busile, for cares "Tell me, what's going on there?" he suddenly broke

off 'What is going on in the outside world?'
"Do you want me to tell you about our town or the world in

general⁵' Well, tell me about the town to begin with, and then about the world in general

"Very well There is nothing but boredom in town There is not a soil with whom one could talk, to whom one could listen No fresh people. As a matter of fact, a young doctor, one Kho botor, has been sent us recently."

"Yes, I know I was there when he came An onf, I suppose."

'Well, he is not a cultured man It's quite funny, you know

Judging from what one hears, there is no stagnation in our cities, there is intellectual activity, and that means there must be real people, but comeliow the specimens they send us are not up to much Unhappy town!

'Unhappy, indeed! sighed Ivan Dmitrich, and then laughed 'And the world? What do they write about in the magazines and

papers?"

It was dark in the ward by now The doctor rose to his feet and stood telling I vin Dmitrieh what the papers said abroad and in Russia what was the trend I nedern th ught I vin Dmitrich listened attentively, asking a question now and then when all of a sudden as if Is had jut I rein inhered omething terrible he elutched his head in Its hand and lay dawn in his bed with his back to the doctor.

"Don't you feel well?" asked Andrei Yesimieh.

"You won't get another word out of me," said Ivan Dmitrich rudely. "Leave me alone!"

"Why, what's the matter?"

"Leave me alone, I tell you! What the devil?"

With a sigh and a shrug, Andrei Yesimich lest the ward. As he passed through the passage, he said: "It would be nice if the place were cleaned up a bit, Nikita.... It smells awful."

"Very good, Sir!"

"A nice young man," mused Andrei Yesimich on his way home. "The first man I find I can talk to, after all these years. He can talk rationally, and is interested in the only things worth noticing."

Sitting reading that night, and later, in bed, he kept thinking about Ivan Dmitrich, and on waking up next morning he remembered he had made the acquaintance of an intelligent, interesting person, and decided to pay him another visit at the first opportunity.

х

Ivan Dmitrich was lying on his bed in the same pose as the day before, his hands pressed to his temples, his knees drawn up. His face was turned to the wall.

"Ilow are you, my friend?" said Andrei Yesimich. "You are

not asleep?"

"In the first place, I am not your friend," mumbled Ivan Dmitrich into his pillow, "and in the second place, you need not trouble yourself; you will not get a word out of me."

"Funny..." muttered Andrei Yesimieh, somewhat abashed. "We had such a nice talk yesterday, till you suddenly took offence and wouldn't go on.... I must have expressed myself badly, or said something that runs counter to your convictions...."

"Do you really expect to be believed?" said Ivan Dmitrich, sitting up and looking at the doctor at once mockingly and anxiously; his eyelids were red. "You had better go somewhere else to spy and cross-examine, you won't get anything out of me. I realized what you came here for, yesterday."
"What an idea!" chuckled the doctor. "D'you mean to say

you think I am a spy?"

"Yes, I do.... Either a spy or a doctor set to watch over me, it's all the same."

'Well you are-excuse me, but you are a funny chap!'

The doctor sat on a stool by the bed and shook his head re

proachfully

"Well now, supposing you're right," he began, "supposing I really were trying as you say, to get something out of you, in order to betray you to the police. You would be arrested and tried But do you think it would be any worse for you in the court or in prison? And if you are deported, or even given hard la bour, do you think that would be worse than this annexe? I don't believe it would. What is there for you to be afraid of, then?

The words evidently made an impression on Ivan Dmitrich He

seemed to relax

It was a little after four, the time of day when Andrei Yefimich usually paced up and down his room, and Darya asked him if he were ready for his beer. It was a still, bright evening

'I was taking my after dinner walk and thought I d drop in to see you,' said the doctor "A real spring day "

'What month is it? Vlarch?

"Yes, the end of March

'Is it very dirty out?"

'Not very The garden paths have dried up"

'It would be nice to drive out of town in a carriage on a day like this," said Ivan Dmitrich rubbing his red rimmed eyes, as if he had just wakened from a slumber 'and to return home, to a warm, comfortable study and to get a decent doctor to treat my headaches I have forgotten what it is to hive like a human being Its so squald here! Unbearably squaldid"

He was enervated and languid from the excitement of the day before and seemed to bring out the words reluctantly. His fingers

shook and you could see by his face that his head was sching

violently
'There is no difference between a warm comfortable study and
this ward,' said Andrei Yehnneh 'Men must seek peace and
satisfaction not in the world outside them, but in themselves"

"What do you mean?"
"The ordinary man looks for good or evil in outward things such as a carriage or a study, the thinking man looks for them within himself."

"Go and preach your philosophy in Greece where it is always warm and the air is fragrant with orange blossom—that sort of thing doesn't suit our chimate. Who was I speaking about Diog eres to 2 our?"

147

"Yes, yesterday."

"Diogenes did not need a study or a warm room, simply because it was warm anyhow. He could loll in his barrel eating oranges and olives. If he had lived in Russia he would have begged to be taken into a house not only in December, but even in May. The cold would have sent him into contortions."

"Not at all. Cold, just like any other pain, can be ignored. Marcus Aurelius said: 'Pain is the lively conception of pain; with the aid of your will-power you can alter this conception, shake it off, stop complaining, and the pain will be gone.' And he is right. The sage, or even merely the thinking man, is distinguished precisely by contempt for suffering; he is always content, and nothing surprises him."

"Then I must be an idiot, for I suffer, am discontented, and

am continually amazed at human baseness."

"You're wrong there. If you tried to get at the root of things more often, you would realize how trivial the external things which agitate us really are. You must strive for a comprehension of life, that is the only blessing."

"Comprehension..." said Ivan Dmitrich, wincing. "The external, internal... Lacuse me, but I do not understand this sort of thing. All I know is," he said rising and looking angrily at the doctor, "that God created me of warm blood and nerves. Yes, Sir! And organic matter, if it has any vital capacity, must react to irritation. And I do react! I react to pain with tears and cries, to baseness with indignation, to vileness with disgust, And that, in my opinion, is life! The lower the organism, the le - sensitive it is, and the feebler its reaction to irritation; and the higher it is, the more sensitive and energetic its reaction to reality. How is it you don't know that? A doctor not to know such elementary things! For a man to be able to despise suffering, always to be content, and wonder at nothing, he must have reached this stage," here Ivan Dmitrich pointed at the fat peasant, "or else have become so hardened by suffering as to have lost his sensitive east of the other words, to have ceased to live. Excuse me." he went or trately. "I am no sige, no philosopher, I understand nothing about such things. I am in no state to argue,"

"Oh. but you argue very well."

The stores whose teaching you travesty were no doubt remarkable men, but their philosophy has been at a standstill these two thousand years, and his not advanced an inch, and cannot advance, for it is an in practical, unrealistic philosophy. It was

popular with the minority who spent their lives in studying and avoiding different teachings, but the majority never understood it A philosophy which preaches indifference to riches and comforts contempt for suffering and deuth, is utterly incomprehensible to the majority, for the majority, have never known either riches or comforts, for them to despiese suffering would be tantamount to despissing his tistelf, for mive whole existence consists of servations of hunger, cold mortification, loss, and a Hamlet like lear of death. The whole of his is made up of these sensations and white his may be burdensome and loathnome, no one ever despived it. And so, I repeat, the teaching of the stores has no future, and from time immemorial to our own days the only things which show any progress are the power to struggle, sen sibility to require, and from, and the ability to react to struction.

Ivan Dmitrich suddenly lost the thread of his argument, and

but it his escaped, yes! This is what

I wanted to say one of the stones sold himself into slavery to redeem his neighbour. So you see the stone reacted to an tritiant, for in order to perform a magnitumous feet like destroying one's self for the sake of another one must possess a soul capable of feeling indigination and compassion Here in this prison, I have forgotten all I ever knew, or I would remember other examples Take Chirst, if you thice Chirst teacted to reality by neeping, smiling, mourning, Bying into a rage and givening he did not meet suffering with a smile, he did not despite death but prayed in the Garden of Getkernane, that the cup might pass' Here

perce and entent he within upoing it is right to diple a suffering and wonder at nothing. But what right has a like

preach this doctrine? Are you a sage, a philos pl
"No, I am not a philosopher, but every i inch

"No, I am not a philosopher, but every i into

"Ah, but I want to know why if an authority on comprehension cut it like? Have you ever suffered? Have the first the country of the country o

'No my parents disappr a l t

"And my father used to flog me unmercifully. He was a violent man, an official, he had a long nose and a yellow neck and suffered from piles. But let us speak about you. All your life no one ever so much as touched you with his little finger, no one intimidated you, no one oppressed you; and you are as strong as a horse. You grew up under your father's wing, were educated on his money and then got a sinceure. For over twenty years you have been enjoying a warm, well-lighted apartment free of charge; you keep a servant and have a perfect right to work only when you feel like it, or even not to work at all. You are a lazy, passive man by nature and have therefore tried to organize your life so as to avoid all trouble and superfluous movement. You have delegated all your work to your assistant and other scoundrels, yourself enjoying quiet and warmth, saving money, reading, feasting your mind on all manner of sublime nonsense, and," Ivan Dmitrich shot a glance at the doctor's red nose, "drinking. In a word, you have seen nothing of life, know nothing about it, and have only a theoretical knowledge of reality. You despise suffering and allow nothing to surprise you for a very simple reason: all your vanitas vanitatum, the external and the internal contempt of life, suffering and death, comprehension, true blessings, all this philosophy suits the Russian idler better than any other. You see a peasant heat his wife, for instance. Why interfere? Let him beat her, they'll both die sooner or later; besides, it is himself that the bully degrades, and not his victim. Of course it is stupid and indecorous to drink, butthose who drink and those who do not drink alike die. A woman comes to you with toothache.... Well, and what of it? Pain is nothing but our conception of pain, besides we can't expect to live without ever ailing, we shall all of us die; therefore, go thy ways, wench, and let me think and drink in peace. A young man comes to you for advice, he wants to know what he is to do, how to live; another person would pause to think before answering him, but you have your answer ready; strive for comprehension, or for the true blessing, as you call it. But what is this mystical 'true blessing'? There is, of course, no answer to this. We are kept here behind bars, beaten, allowed to rot, but all this is splendid and rational, for there is no difference between this ward and a warm comfortable study. A convenient philosophy, indeed! There is nothing to do about it, your conscience is clear, and you feel you are a true sage ... No. Sir, that is not philosophy, that is not thought, that is not the broad

view, it is merely laziness, fatalism, mental torpor deed! ' eried Ivan Dmitrich with renewed vehemence 'You despise suffering, but if your little finger were to be squeezed in the door, you would probably ery at the top of your voice!"
"Perhaps I wouldnt," said Andrea Yefimich, smiling gently

'Wouldn't you just! Now if you were suddenly smitten down with paralysis, or some fool or bounder, taking advantage of his rank and social position, insulted you publicly, and you knew he would escape unpunished, then you would know what it means to advice people to go in for comprehension and true blessings"

"This is very original," said Andrei Yesimich with a delighted laugh, rubbing his hands together "I admire your turn for gen cralizations, and the way you just now described my character is simply brilliant' Talking to you affords one the greatest pleas ure, I assure you Well, I heard you out, now be so good as to listen to me ."

M

They went on talking for almost an hour, and the conversa tion must have made a great impression on Andrei Yefimich He paid daily visits to the annexe now He went there in the morn ings, and after dinner, and often darkness would overtake him as he sat conversing with Ivan Dmitrich At first Ivan Dmitrich was distant with him, suspecting him of evil intentions and onenly arowing his dislike for him, but soon he got used to him and changed his harsh tone for one of indulgent irons

Soon the rumour spread about the hospital that doctor Andrei Yehmich habitually visited Ward No 6 No one-neither the assistant, nor Nikita, nor the nurses-could understand why he went there, why he stayed there by the hour what he found to talk about there and why he never wrote out a prescription Ilis behaviour seemed strange He was often out now, when Mikhail Averyanich came, and Darva did not know what to make of it. for the doctor had become stregular about his beer and was some times actually late for dinner

One day, towards the end of June Doctor khobotos went to see Andrei Yesimich about something not finding him at his house, he went into the yard to look for him there he was told the doctor was in the mental ward Going into the annexe and stonning in the passage, khobotos overheard the following con versation

"We shall never agree, and you will never convert me to you faith. Ivan Dmitrich was saying querulously. "You know noth ing of reality, you have never suffered. you have only, like a leech, fed on the sufferings of others, whereas I have done nothing but suffer from the day I was born. Therefore I will be frank with you: I feel that I am your superior and consider myself more competent in all respects. It is not for you to teach me." "I have not the slightest desire to convert you," answered Andrei Yesimich quietly and sadly, as if grieved at being misinterpreted. "And that is not the point, my friend. The fact that I have not suffered and you have, has nothing to do with the question. Both suffering and joy are transient; we may ignore them, they do not matter. The point is that you and I can think; we see in one another individuals capable of thought and argument, and this creates sympathy between us, however different our views. If you could only know how sick I am of the universal inadness, medioerity, stupidity, and how happy I am every time I converse with you, dear friend! You are intelligent, and therefore I enjoy your company,"

Khobotov opened the door an inch and peeped in: Ivan Dimitriel in his night-eap was sitting on the bed, and beside him was the doctor. The madman grimaced, starting continually and convulsively wrapping his robe round him while the doctor sat motionless, his head drooping his face flushed, helpless, monraful. Khobotov shragged his shoulders, smiled and exchanged glances with Nikita. The latter, too. shrugged his shoulders.

Next day Khobotov brought the medical assistant with him. They both stood in the passage, listening to the conversation. "Our old man seems to have run amok!" said Khobotov as they went out of the annexe.

"God forgive us, miserable sinners," sighed the pious Sergei Sergeich, carefully avoiding the puddles in the yard, so as not lear Yevgeny Tedorosich, I have long been expecting this!"

Soon after the visit of his colleague to the ward Andrei finish became conscious of an atmosphere of mystery surnding him. Hospital assistants, nurses and patients encountered with enquiring looks, and fell to whispering when he had

passed The superintendents lattle grid, Masha, whom he used to enjoy meeting in the garden of the hospital, now, when he approached smilingly to stroke her hair, ran away from him Vikhail Ateryamen the postmaster no longer answered his himangues with the usual "quite right," but mattered, with unac countable confusion "Certainly, certainly," and looked at limit houghfully and sadly, for some reason he began advising his friend to stop drinking beer and vodka, though always in a roundabout wax as beloved a man of his breeding, throwing out limits and telling him now about his hattalion commander, a fine fellow he was, now about their regimental priest, a good chap, too, both of whom had made themselves ill hy drinking, and recovered as soon as they gave it up. Once or twice his colleque, khobotos paid him a visit, he, too, advised Andrei Vefimich to give up drinking and without any apparent reason suggested he melt take potassium brombe.

In August Andrei Selimels received a letter from the mayor, summoning him on extremely important business. When he got to the town hall, Andrei Selimels found assembled there the military chief, the inspector of the district school, a member of the council, khobotos and a fair corpulent gentleman who was introduced to him as a doctor. This doctor who had a difficult Polsh name, lived at the suel farm thirty scrits away and was

only passing through the town

We have an application here which has some reference to you, said the member of the council, turning to Andrei Yelimch after the greetings were over and everyone was ceated round the table. Yesgeny Fedorouch here says there is not enough room for the dispensary in the main building, and that it ought to be transferred to one of the wings. It is not the actual change that worner us but the fact that the wing would have to be repaired in that case.

in that case
"'tes, repairs are needed badly, said Andrei Yefimich, paus
ing to think for a moment. If for instance, the corner wing were
to be used for the depensary, I suppose at least five hindred
rubles would be required. Unproductive expenditure."

I versone was silent for a while

I had the honour of telling you ten years ago went on their Yefmuch quieth that the ho tital in its present state is a lawar I eyond the means of our town. It was built in the forties, and things were different in those years. The City Connoil sends much too much on unnecessars. It middings and uncerfuous nominations. If things were run differently I am sure we could have two model hospitals for the same money."

"Well, then, let us run things differently," said the member

of the council eagerly.

"I had the honour of expressing my opinion before: let the Zemstvo take over the medical organization."

"Oh yes, give the Zemstvo our funds, by all means, so that it can steal the money," said the fair-haired doctor, laughing.
"No doubt, no doubt," agreed the member of the council, also

laughing.

Andrei Yesimieli turned a dull and jaundiced eye on the fairhaired doctor and said:

"We must be fair."

There was another pause. Tea was served. The military chief, for some reason greatly embarrassed, stretched his arm across the table to touch the hand of Andrei Yesimich.

"You seem to have quite forgotten us, Doctor," he said. "But you're a regular recluse, I know; you do not play eards and are indifferent to women. We are dull companions for

Everyone began saying how dull every man who was worth anything must find the town. No theatres, no music, and at the last ball held at the chib there had been twenty women and only two partners for them. The young men do not dance, preferring to crowd round the refreshment-bar or play eards. Without looking at anyone, Andrei Yefimich began saying in his slow, quiet voice, how sad, how exceedingly sad it was that the citizens wasted their energy, their souls and their minds on eards and gossip and, unable and unwilling to spend their time in interesting conversation or in reading, refused to enjoy the delights of the mind. The mind alone was interesting and remarkable, everything else was mean and trivial. Khobotov listened to his colleague with great attention, and suddenly interrupted him with the question:

"What is the date, Andrei Yehimich?"

llaving received an answer, he and the fair haired doctor went on to ask Andrei Yesimich what day of the week it was, how many days there were in a year and whether it was true that there was a wonderful prophet in Ward No. 6. Their tone was that of examiners aware of their own meompetency.

In answer to the last question Andrei Yefimich flushed slightly

and said:

"Yes, he is a sick man, but he is very interesting". No more questions were asked after that

As he was putting on his coat in the hall, the military chief

been summoned before a commission called to investigate his mental state Remembering the questions which had been put to him he flushed erimson, and for the first time in his life felt a kind of bitter pity for the science of medicine

'Good Lord,' he thought as he remembered the way the doctors had examined him, 'they have so very recently attended their fectures on psychiatry, and sat through their examinations—why, why then this utter ignorance? They have not an inkling

of what psychiatry is1

And for the first time in his life lie felt insulted and angry. On the evening of that very day Mikhail Averyanich came to see him Without stopping to greet him he walked up to him, took hoth his hands in his own and said in a deeply moved voice

"Dearest friend, prove to me that you believe in the sincerity of my feeling for you and consider me your friend. Dearest friend!" and not letting Andrei Yefninch speak, he went on extendly 'I love you for your learning and the nobility of your soul Aow listen to me, my friend Professional ethese compel the doctors to keep the truth from you, but I am a soldier, and will be blunt you are not well! Excuse me dear friend, but that is the truth, and it has been noticed by those round you for quite a time 1 vegon; Fedorovich has just been telling me that in the interests of your health you must have rest and distraction Quite true! Splendid! I am going on leave in a few days and mean to get some fresh air Gne me a proof of your friend hip—come with me! Come and we will revise our youth!

'I feel perfectly well, said Andrei Yelimich after a pause "And I cannot accompany you Let me prove my friendship for

you in some other way

To go away, for no reason leaving his books and Daya, and his heer, to break up the routine which had been established these twents years, at first seemed a mad fantastic idea. But then he remembered what had been said in the town hall and how be pressed he had felt on his way home and the thought of leaving the town for a while, the town where stund people regarded him as a madman, suddenly appealed to him Where do you intend to go?" he asked.

To Moscow, Pelersburg, Warsaw, ... I spent five year Warsaw, and they were the happiest years of my life, Wh sonderful town! Do come with me, dear friend!

A week later Andrei Yesimich was offered a rest, in other words usked to send in his resignation, which he did with the utmost unconcern, and in another week he was seated by the sidof Mikhail Aservanich in the mail coach, driving to the nearest railway station. It was cool, still weather, the sky was blue, the air transparent. They covered the two hundred versts to the station in two days, putting up twice for the night.

If they were served ten in dirty glasses at the posting stations. or their horses were not harnessed quickly enough, Mikhail Averyanich would go red in the face, tremble from head to foot in the face, in the Cananasis and Deland The and show; Shence: No arguing; And in the coach he tained adventure, he had had! The people he had met! He spoke so loudly, and his eyes grew so round with astonishment, that any one might have thought he was lying. To crown all, he breathed tight into Andrei Vehmielt's face, and laughed into his ear. This made the doctor uncomfortable and prevented him from concentrating on his thoughts,

They travelled third class for the sake of economy, choosing a Carriage for non-smokers. Half of the parsengers belonged to their our nonemorers, train or the passengers belonged to Averyanich was soon on a friendly footing with them all and, stepping from bench to bench, accured them in a loud voice they should refuse to travel on those atrocious road. Swindling all round! How different from riding. notions road, connecting an evaluation among an evaluation and feel fresh and word sour many a numerou versa in a one and real three and source due to the draining of the Part with property of course use to the graming best and property of the property of the post o the transport of the previous of the got the market in the state of the savone else put in a word. pression for treatments, we arried indied Vefimiels.

Which of the ought to he considered made he thought irritedly. A who try not to he a borden to my follow passengers, of this regard who thanks it is the most intelligent and interest. of the resolutions who dames to the members are all morning and monthly anyone enjoy

When they got to Moscow, Mikhail Averjamich donned a midtary jacket with no epaulettee, and trousers with red piping down the exams He went about in a military cap and overcost, and soldiers saluted him in the streets Andrei Yefimich now say in him a man who had managed to sequander all the good qualities of the country gentleman, retaining only the bad ones He was fond of being served even when there was no necessity for it. The hox of matches would be on the table belore him, and he would see it was there, and yet he would shout to the servant to hand it to him, he thought nothing of going about in his underclothes in front of the mand, he said "thou" to all servant, even when they were old men, calling them fools and oxfs when he was in a bad temper Andrei Yefimich knew this was typical of country gentlemen, but it degasted him.

Uikhail Averyanich began by taking his friend to pray at the Iver-kaya Shrine He prayed fervently, bowing to the very ground with tears in his eyes, and when he had finished praying,

he heared a profound sigh and said

One may not be a believer, but prayer does one good kies the image, old chap?"

Andres Vefimich bent down awkwardly and obsyed, but Mikiail Averyameth pursed his lips, shook his head from side to side, and whispered a prayer the tears welling into his eyes again Alter this they went to the Arendin, had a look at the Tar Connon and the Tars Bell, which they actually touched with their finger tips, admired the view over the river and paid vivits to the Cathedral of the Saviour and to the Bunyante on weight

They dined at the Testov restaurant Mikhail Averyanich studied the menu long patting his whiskers, and said to the waiter, assuming the tone of a gourmet very much at home in restaurants

'Let us see what you mean to give us today old chap!

χľ

The doctor went everywhere, looked at everything, ate and drank but all he felt was tratation with Wikhail Averyamic. He was tired of his firend's continual presence he was longing to every from him hade from him but Wikhuil Averyamic to sidered it his duty to stick to has side and provide him with every possible distraction. When there was nothing to look at, he animed him with conservation. Andrei V limitech bore

it all for two days, but on the third day he told his friend he did not feel well and wished to stay at home all day. His friend said in that ease he would stay at home, too. He quite agreed that they needed a rest, or they would walk themselves off their feet. Andrei Yefimich law down on a sofa with his back to the room, listening with elenched teeth to his friend, who was eagerly trying to assure him that France would smash Germany sooner or later, that Moseow was full of swindlers, and that you cannot judge a horse from its fine points alone. The doctor was conscions of palpitations and a buzzing in his ears, but was too polite to ask his friend to leave him, or to stop talking. Fortunately Mikhail Averyanich got tired of being at home and went out for a stroll after dinner.

Finding himself alone, Andrei Yesimich gave himself up to the sensation of peace. How good it was to be lying motionless on a sofa, conscious of being alone in the room! True happiness is inconceivable without solitude. The fallen augel must have betrayed God from a longing for that solitude which is denied to angels. Andrei Yesimich wanted to think about the things he had seen and heard during the last days, but could not get Mikhail Averyanich out of his head.

"And to think he asked for leave and came away with me out of sheer friendship and generosity!" thought the doctor irritably. "What can he worse than this sort of friendly patronage! He is kind and generous and gay, but—there you are—a bore. A dreadful bore. It is the same with him as with those people who never say anything that is not wise or good, and who nevertheless make

you feel how stupid they are."

On the days that followed Andrei Yefimich pleaded indisposition and did not go out of the room. He lay with his face to the wall, suffering when his friend tried to divert him with his talk, resting in his absence. He was angry both with himself for having taken this journey, and with his friend, who became more and more talkative and familiar every day, so that Andrei Yefimieh was unable to tune his mind to serious and sublime thoughts.

"I am being persecuted by that reality of which Ivan Dinitrich spoke," he thought, angry with himself for his inability to rise above the trivial. "But that's all nonsense.... When I get home,

everything will go on as before."

It was the same in Petersburg; he stayed in the hotel room for days on end, lying on the sofa, and only getting up to drink beer. Vikhail Averyanich kept saying they ought to hurry on to Warsaw

"Why should I go to Warsaw, my dear friend?" said Andrei Velimich imploringly "Go without me, and let me go home! Please do!"

"Not for the world?" protested Vikhail Averyanich "fi's such a wonderful town. I spent the five happiest years of my life there!

Andrea Yefimuch, too weak to imset, grudgingly accompanied his friend to Warasa Here he kept to his soom and hay on the sofa, furnous with himself, with his friend, and with the hotel servants, who stubbornly refered to understand Russian, while Mikhail Averyameh, as usual bursting with health and spirits, went about the town from morning till night looking up old friends "ometimes he stayed out all night One, after a night spent in some unknown place, he returned early in the morning, in a state of great exceiment, red faced and dishevelled He paced the room for a long time, muttering incoherently, then halted and said.

"Honour above all!"

After pacing up and down a little longer he clutched at his head and said in tragic tones

"Yes, honour above all other considerations! I curse the hour in which I conceived the idea of visiting this Babylon! Dearest fracing "he said turning to the doctor, "you may well despise me I have lost money gambling! Give me five hundred rubles!"

Andres Yefimich counted out five handred rubles and handed them in silence to his friend The latter, still red with shaine and rage, uttered an incoherent and quite superfloous yow, put on his cap and went out. Returning two hours later, he dropped into an arm chair, sighed nossils and said.

"My honoir is eated Let us go, my friend! I do not wish to remain another minute in this accurred town Swindlers! Austrian

It was November, and the snow fay deep in the streets by the time the friends returned from their travels Doctor Khobotov now filled the place which had formerly belonged to Andrei Yefimch, he was still living in his old rooms waiting for Andrei Yefimch to come back and wacast the hospital apartments The plain woman he called his cook was already hiving in one of the hospital wings it all for two days, but on the third day he told his friend he did not feel well and wished to stay at home all day. Ilis friend said in that case he would stay at home, too. He quite agreed that they needed a rest, or they would walk themselves off their feet. Andrei Yesimich law down on a sofa with his back to the room, listening with elenched teeth to his friend, who was engerly trying to assure him that France would smash Germany sooner or later, that Moscow was full of swindlers, and that you cannot indge a horse from its fine points alone. The doctor was conscions of palpitations and a buzzing in his ears, but was too polite to ask his friend to leave him, or to stop talking. Fortunately Mikhail Averyanich got tired of being at home and went out for a stroll after dinner.

Finding himself alone, Andrei Yesimich gave himself up to the sensation of peace. How good it was to be lying motionless on a sofa, conscious of being alone in the room! True happiness is inconecivable without solitude. The fallen angel must have betraved God from a longing for that solitude which is denied to angels. Andrei Yesimieli wanted to think about the things he had seen and heard during the last days, but could not get Mikhail Averyanich out of his head.

"And to think he asked for leave and came away with me out of sheer friendship and generosity!" thought the doctor irritably. "What can be worse than this sort of friendly patronage! He is kind and generous and gay, but—there you are—a bore. A dreadful bore. It is the same with him as with those people who never say anything that is not wise or good, and who nevertheless make you feel how stupid they are."

On the days that followed Andrei Yehmich pleaded indisposition and did not go out of the room. He las with his face to the wall, suffering when his friend tried to divert him with his talk, resting in his absence. He was angry both with hunself for having taken this journey, and with his friend, who became more and more talkative and familiar every day, so that Andrei Yefimich was mable to time his mind to serious and sublime thoughts.

"I am being persecuted by that reality of which Ivan Dmitrich spoke," he thought, angry with himself for his mability to rise above the trivial "But that's all nonsense When I get home, everything will go on as before"

It was the same in Petersburg; he staved in the hotel room for days on end, lying on the sofa, and only getting up to drink beer.

Mikhail Averyanich kept saying they ought to hurry on to Warsaw

"Why should I go to Warsaw, my dear friend?" said Andrei hefimich imploringly "Go without me, and let me go home! Please do!".

'Not for the world!' protested Mikhail Averyanich "It's such a wonderful town I spent the five happiest years of my life there!"

Andret \[\] \ \text{Adjusted}, too \[\text{weak to must, grudgingly accompanied his fixed to \[\text{Warraw} \] \] \ \ \text{Rev leep to his room and lay on the sofa, furious with himself, with his fixed, and with the lotel servants, who stabbornly refused to understand Russian, while \[\text{Mikhail Averyanch} \] as usual bursting with health and spirits, went about the town from morning till night looking up old \(\text{Irraw} \) \[\text{Sometimes be staped on all night \(\text{Ore, after a night spent in some unknown place, he returned early in the morning, in a state of great excitement, red faced and \(\text{absected} \) \[\text{diskevelled} \] \[\text{leep diskevelled} \]

'Honour above all'

After pacing up and down a little longer he clutched at his head and said in trage tones

'Yes, honour above all other considerations' I curse the hour in which I conceived the idea of visiting this Babylon' Dearest friend," he said turning to the doctor, you may well despise me I have lost money gambling! Give me five luindred mbles!"

Andrey Yefimich counted out five hundred rubles and handed them in silence to his friend The latter, atill red with shame and rage, uttered an incoherent and quite superfluous yow, put on his cap and went out licturumg two hours later he dropped into an arm chair, sighted noisily and said.

"My honour is sated! Let us go, my friend! I do not wish to remain another minute in this accursed town Swindlers! Austrian spires!"

It was November, and the enow lay deep in the streets by the time the finends returned from their travels Doctor Moljoton now filled the place which had formerly belonged to Andrei Yefimich, he was exhill himg in his old rooms waiting for Andrei Yefimich to come back and vacate the hospital apartments. The plain woman he called his cook was already hiving in one of the hospital junes.

The town was excited by fresh runnours about the hospi They said the plain woman had quarrelled with the inspector; that the latter had crawled before her on his knees, begging I pardon.

On the very day of his arrival Andrei Yefimich was oblige to go and look for rooms.

"Dearest friend," said the postmaster timidly to him, "forgiv me if I am indiscreet, but how much money have you? Andrei Yesimich counted up his money and said:

That was not what I meant," said Mikhail Averyanich, perplexed by the doctor's answer and embarrassed. I wanted to know how much money you had altogether?

Well, and I tell you: eighty-six rubles.... That's all."

Although Mikhail Averyanich considered the doctor an honest and high-minded man, he had been sure the latter had at least twenty thousand rubles put away somewhere. Now, on finding out that Andrei Yehmich was a pauper and did not have the means to live, he suddenly wept and flung his arms round his

Andrei Yesimich went to live in the house of a woman of the lower middle classes whose name was Belova. There were only three rooms in the little house, not counting the kitchen. Two of the rooms which looked out on the street were occupied by the doctor, and Darya, the landlady and her three children lived in the third room and the kitchen. Sometimes the landlady's sweetheart came to spend the night, a drunken fellow who was often very violent, terrifying Darya and the children. When he sat on a chair in the kitchen demanding vodka, the place would seem terribly cramped and the doctor would take the crying children into his room out of compassion, making up heds for them on the floor, and the second confidence in the second confid

He got up at eacht as he had always done, drank his tea, and settled down to read his old books and magazines. He had no money to but new ones. Lither because the books were old, or, forhaps, owing to his changed surroundings, reading no longer took him out of himself, indeed it exhausted him. So as not to be idle he drew up a decided estalogue of his books, sticking Labels on their backs, and finding the mechanical occupation

niore absorbing than reading. The monotonous laborious work in

entertaining On Saturdays and Sundays he went to church Leaning against the wall with closed eyes, he listened to the choir and thought of his father, his mother, the University, the various religions, he felt soothed and melanciols, and when he left the clurred was sort; the service was over so soon

Twice he went to the hospital to see I an Dmitrich and have a talk with him list both times he found him in a state of extra ordinary exettement and rage he begged to be left alone, saying he was sick of empty prattle and that for all the suffering he had indergone he begged of the accursed, base people only one recompense—olitary confinement Was he to be denied that, too? Both times, as Andret Yefimiet book his leave and bade him good might 1 and Dmitrich barked out

'Co to the devil'

** 7544

Andrei Yefimich could not make up his mind whether he should go to him a third time or not though he wanted very much to do so In the old days Andrei Yefimich used to employ the time after

In the old days Andrea Vefimeli used to employ the time after donner in juacing the floor and thinking now be lay on the sofa with his face to the wall till the time came for evening lea, giving lumself up to trivial thoughts which he could not stake off. It was mortified at not having been allotted either a pension or a grant after over twenty years of service. True he did not consider his work, had been lones to but all who had served were entitled to a pension, whether honest or not. The modern idea of justice consisted in the very fact that rank, orders and pensions were awarded not for moral qualities or abilities but for service what ever it had been like. Why then should be alone be made an exception? He had no money at all He was aslained to pass the shop and meet the shop keep er seye. He owed thirty two rubles for beer They owed Beloan at he landfully, too Darya secretly sold his old clothes and looks, telling the landfully that the doctor was expecting a large sum of money very soon.

He was furious with himself for living spent a thousand rubles on his frig. all his savings! How hinds that thousand would have been now. And he was severed at not being left alone. Allohotov considered it his duty to visit his ailing colleague every now and then Ferything about him disguisted Andrea Sefmitch his well mourished contenance his full fred condecending tone the way

he called him "colleague," his high-hoot; but most revolting all was that Eliobotov considered it his duty to look after Andr refimich, and thought he was really giving him medical treat ment. Every time he came he brought with him a bottle of potes cium bromide and grey powders,

Mikhail Averyanich, too, considered it his duty to wish his friend and try to de tract him. He would enter Andrei Yelimich's room with an air of familiarity and forced hilarity, accuring him he looked very well and was obviously on the mend, thank God, which only meant he considered his friend's case hopelers. He had not paid back the money he borrowed in Warsaw, and Lurdened by a heavy sense of shame and ctrain tried to laugh still louder and tell still funnier stories. His funny stories and his conversetion nos commed engless and were a torture both to Andrei

During his visite Andrei Yehmich usually lay down on the sofa with his back to him, listening to him and elemening his tenth; he felt layers of scum forming on the surface of his coul, and every time his friend visited him the layers commend to rise higher and higher, until they almost suffocated him.

In order to stiffe these base feelings he forced himself to dwell on the thought that tooner or later he himself. Ehobotov, and Mil hall Averyanich would peri h without leaving the elighted imprint behind them. If one could imagine come spirit a millie years hence flying through space part the globe, it would eee not ing but clus and bare rocks. Culture, worst law, everythin would have peri-hed end not so much as a blade of grawould grow When then were his mortification, his conce of chame before the chop-keeper, the in ignificant Kholotos, the appressive friend-hip of Sukhail Averyanish? Mere triffing rubbi-h.

But such reasoning was no longer any consolution to him. The momers he evoked the image of the globe a million year lance. El oboto, we als appear in he highboots from behind a reded rock, or Marad Aver sauch roating with Lingher, I would even Less the cubert and whatper the for the Warraw debt dear Treply will.

Orndry Mildrell Aversanch came to ver Andrei Yelimich in the become when the latter are bing on the colo. Khobotov kape sed to arrive together with the poly-lim bromide. Andrei

Yelimich drew himself into a sitting position with an effort, supporting himself on the sofa with his hand

'My dear chap," began Mikhail Averyanich, "you look much brighter than you did ye terday Why, you look splendid, absolute ly 'plendid!

Time you were thinking of getting better, colleague," Khobotov joined in with a yawn lou must be sick of the whole thing

yourself!"

'Why, we'll be as sound as a bell soon' cried Mikhail Averya mich gleefully We'll live another hundred years, you see if we don ti'

'I don't know about a hundred, but he's certainly good for another twenty years ' said khobotov reassuringly "Tut tut, col

league, chin up Keep up your spirits!"

Ho ho! roared Mikhail Averyanich well vet show you the stuff we're made of! You II see! Next summer, God willing, we'll rush off to the Caucasus and ride all over its mountains-hop puts hopputs hop! And when we come back from the Caucasus, who knows but we might not have a wedding! Mikhail Averyanich gave a sly wink We'll marry you off, old chap, see if we don't.

Andres Vefirmels suddenly felt the scurp rise to his throat, his heart thumped terrifically

'How sulgar all this is he said rising abruptly and walking

towards the window 'Can't you see how vulgar you are? He had meant to speak cently and mildly but despite himself

he doubled his firts and raised them above his head Leave me alone! he shouted at the top of his since it !

the face and shaking all over Get out Both of you Oct Mikhail Averyanieli and Khobotov both got up and t

him, first in reculexity then with twe 'Get out lath of v.

'Stupid men! Fools' I do n i want your fr

medicine either, you fool! Vulgar! Disgu 11 Exchanging bewildered glunces McI

nich backed to the door and out int snatched up the lottle of pota them, the lottle broke with a

'Go to the dead! he ern ? them into the passage. T il

After his visitors Lad 1 ft 1 had the ague, lay on the to

people! Fools!" When he calmed down, he at once thought how bad Mikhail Averyanich must be feeling now, how mortified, and how awful it all was. Such a thing had never happened to him before. Where were his intelligence and tact, his comprehension and philosophical indifference?

The doctor could not sleep all night for shame and vexation with himself, and in the morning, about ten o'clock, he went to

the post-office, to apologize to the postmaster.

"We will not dwell on what has happened," said the deeply moved Mikhail Averyanich, sighing, and pressing his hand warmly. "Let bygones be bygones. Lynbavkin!" he cried so loudly as to make all the office clerks and clients start. "Bring a chair! Can't you wait, you?" he shouted at a poor woman who was handing in a registered letter through the bars. "Don't you see I'm busy? Let bygones be bygones," he went on affectionately, turning to Andrei Yefimich. "Do sit down, dear friend, I beg yon."

For a whole minute he sat rubbing his knees in silence, then

said:

"I didn't take offence for a moment. I realize what it is to be ill. The doctor and I were quite alarmed by your attack yesterday, we had a long talk about you. Dearest friend, why don't you take your illness seriously? You must not go on like this, really! Forgive me a friend's frankness," Mikhail Averyanich lowered his voice to a whisper, "but you live in the most undesirable surroundings: cramped conditions, fifth all round, no care, no means of taking treatment.... My dear friend, the doctor and I both implore you to take our advice: go to the hospital! The food is wholesome there, you'll be taken care of and your disease treated. Yevgeny Fedorovich, who between you and me is very mauvais ton, is a clever doctor, for all that, and one can rely on him. He promises to look after you."

Andrei Yefimich was moved by the tone of heartfelt concern and by the tears that suddenly gleamed on the postmaster's checks.

"My most esteemed friend, don't believe them!" he whispered, putting his hand on his heart. "Don't believe them! It's all lies! All that is wrong with me is that in the course of twenty years I have met only one intelligent man in our town, and he is mad. I'm not a bit ill, I have simply been eaught in a vicious circle from which there is no way out. I don't care about anything, do as you like."

"Go to the hospital, my friend!"

'I don't care where I go-you can bury me alive if you like"
'Promise me you will obey Yeigeny Fedoroxich in everything,

old man."

"All right, I promise But I tell you again, my dear Sir, I am
caught in a vicious eircle From now on everything, even the
sincerest sympathy of my well wishers, tends to only one thing—
my destruction I am persilaing, and I have the courage to traitize

"But you'll get better, old chap1"

What's the use of talking like that?" said Andrei Yefimich tettly "Almost everyone has to go through this out of thing to wards the end of his life Whether you are told your kindeys are in a bad way, or that your heart is dilated, and you begin taking medical treatment or whether they vayyou aremad or a eriminal—in a word, as soon as people's attention is drawn to you, you may be sure you have entered a vicious circle from which you will never be able to escape. If you try to get out you will find your self still deeper in You had better give up, for no human effort will saye you At least that is my opinion.

In the meantime a crowd had formed on the other side of the counter Not to keep them waiting am longer, Andrei Yefimieh got up and began to say good bye Mikhail Averjanich made him

repeat his promise, and saw him to the door

That same evening khobotov came unexpectedly, in his sheep skin jacket and high boots, and said, just as if nothing had hap nened

'I've come to you on business colleague I want to ask you to

join me in a consultation-feel like coming?

Thinking Abebotov intended to divert him by the walk or even to give him a chance to earn a little money. Andrew Yelimich put on his cost and cap and went out with him II was plad of the opportunity to expante his fault. If the day lefore and felt gratfall towards Abiobotov, who said not a word about the incident, evid early bent on sparing his feelings like was quite surprised to find so much lated in a man so utterly unrefined.

"Where is your patient?" asked Andrei Yesimich

"At the hospital I have been wanting to show him to you for

some time An extremely curious cas

some time. An extrement curious cas.
They entered the hospital vard and sharting the main building walked towards the annexe where the mental cases were housed. For some reason neither spoke all this time. When they entered the wing. Whita syrang up and stood at attention as usual.

"One of them here has a complication in the lung," murmured kholotov, as he entered the ward together with Andrei Yelimich. "You wait for me in here, I'll be back in a minute. I'll just go and fetch my stethoscope."

And out he went.

XVII

It was growing dark. Ivan Dmitrich lay on his bed, his face half-buried in the pillow; the man with the paky sat motionle's, quietly weeping and moving his lips. The fat peacant and the former mail-corter were a-leep. It was quiet in the room.

Andrei Yefimich sat on the side of Ivan Dmitrich's bed, waiting. But half an hour passed, and instead of Khobotov, Nikita entered the ward, holding a dreeing-pown, some underelothes and slip-

pers in his arms.

"Change your clothes, Your Honour," he said quietly. "This is your cot," he added, pointing to an unoccupied hed which had evidently just been brought in. "You'll get over it, God willing, don't worry."

Andrei Yefinneh understood it all. Without a word, he walked over to the hed pointed out by Nikita, and cat on it; realizing that Nikita was writing for him, he stripped him elf naked, feeling horribly embarracted. Then he began pulling the hospital clothes on; the drawers were much too short, the shirt too long, and the dresing-gown smelt of smoked fish

"You'll get over it God willing repeated Nikita

Taking up Andrei Yehmich' clothe in his arm, he went out, closing the door behind him

the all the sime, thought Andrea Yelimich hishfully drawing the skirts of the gown round hun, "it's all the same of freely-coat,

uniform, or this govin-

But he watch? The note look which be lept in his cide pocket? His creaters? Where had Nil is tiden by clother to? He would probably recovered as the second and his second and his second and his second as the second and his second as the second and his second as the second and his second and his feet the second and Ward No. 6, that except the house of his landlady Belova and Ward No. 6, that except him in the world was non-sense, vanity of vanities and select the hands chook, and his feet turned cold and the the second at Ivan Dimetrich would water up and see him in the look. The made his least conduction again.

Hall an hour passed, then an hour, and he left sek and wears of sitting there, was it possible to line a whole day, a week, and even years here, like all these people? Well, he had sat for a while, had then walked about, and sat down again, he could go up to the window and look out, and pace the room once more And then what? Just sat there like a graven image all the time? No, no, that was quite impossible!

Andrei Yefimich lay down, but got up immediately, wiping the cold sweat from his brow with his electe and feeling as he did to

that his face smelt of smoked fish

"It's some misunderstanding" he said, throwing out his arms in bewilderment "I must speak to them, it's a misunderstanding .."

Just then I san Dimitrich woke up I le sat up, propping his checks on his fists. He spat on the floor. Then he glanced languidly at the doctor, evidently not understanding anything at first, but the next moment the expression of his drowsy face became triumphant and cruel.

'So they got you here too old chap' he said, his voice hourse with sleep and one eve not quite open. Glad to see you! Instead of sucking the blood of others, your blood will be sucked now Splendid'.

'Its some misunderstanding mattered Indres Vehmich, alarmed by Ivan Dmitrich's words he shrugged his shoulders and repeated once more "It must be some insunderstanding"

Ivan Dmitrich spat again, and lay down

"Accurred life! be grumbled "And what makes it to galling morthying is that this life will end not in recompense for suffering not with an apolitows like it does at the opera, but in death, a couple of attendants will come and pick up the dead body by the arms and legs and take it to the cellar Ugh! Never mind. Our das will come in the other world. My ghost will return and scare those swine 111 make their hair turn grey."

Just then Moses came back, and, observing the doctor, stretched out his hand

nt his hand "Give me a kopek!"

VVIII

Andrei Yessench walked up to the vindow and looked out at the field. It was getting quite dail, and on the right the moon was riging, cold and erimson. Not far from the bospital Ience, some seven hundred feet, not more, stood a tall white building, surrounded by a stone wall. It was the prison.

"So this is reality!" thought Andrei Yefimich, and he was

afraid.

Everything was terrible: the moon, the prison, the inverted nails on the top of the fence and the far-away flame coming from the kilns; behind his back someone sighed. Andrei Yefimich turned and saw a man with stars and orders sparkling all over his chest; the man was smiling and winking rognishly. This, too, was terrible.

Andrei Yesimich tried to tell himself that there was nothing nunsual in the moon, or in the prison building, that people who were mentally sound wore orders, that in time everything would rot and turn to clay, but he was suddenly overcome by despair and, seizing the bars on the window with both his hands, tried to shake them. The grating was strong and did not give in the least.

Then, in his effort to shake off his terror, he walked over to

Ivan Dmitrich's bed and sat down on the side of it.

"I have lost heart, dear friend," he unittered, shaking and wiping the cold sweat off his brow. "Lost heart."

"Try philosophizing," said Ivan Dmitrich derisively.

"My God, my God...! Oh, yes.... You were pleased to remark once that, while there is no school of philosophy in Russia, everyone philosophizes, even the common herd. But what harm does the philosophy of the common herd do anyone?" Andrei Yefimich's voice sounded as if he were going to erv, or trying to move his room-mate to pity. "Why then this malignant laugh, dear friend? And what is there left for the common herd to do but philosophize, since it can find no satisfaction? An intelligent, well-educated, proud, independent human being has no option but to become a doctor in a stupid dirty little town, and devote himself to cupping, leeches and mustard plasters for the rest of his life! The quackery, the narrowness, the yulgarity! Oh, my God!"

"You are talking nonsense! If you don't like being a doctor,

why didn't von become a minister of state?"

"No, no, there's nothing one can do! We are weak, my friend....! I was indifferent, I reasoned cheerfully and sanely, but the moment I feel the rude touch of life, I lose heart... prostration.... We are weak, wretched.... You, too, my friend! You are intelligent and high-minded, you imbibed noble impulses with your mother's milk, but you had hardly begun life when you wearied and fell ill.... Weak, weak!"

Something insistent, in addition to his fear and sense of ig nominy, had begun to gnaw at Andrei Yesimich with the onset of darkness. At last he realized that this was his desire for beer and cigarettes

"Ill leave you for a moment, my friend. " he said "Ill tell them to give us a light I cannot stand it I simply can't." Andrei Vefimich went towards the door and opened it, but im

mediately Nikita leaned up and barred the way

'Where are you going? None of that! he said "Time you were in hed!"

'I only want to go out for a few minutes, just for a stroll in the sard said Andrei Yelimielt completely taken aback 'No. no. it's not allowed You know it yourself"

And Nikita slammed the door, leaning his back against it 'But how would my going out hurt anyone?' asked An

drei Yesimich, shrugging his shoulders 'I can't understand, Nikita, I simply must go out he said, his voice breaking "I must"

"Don't you go infringing the peace now, admonsshed Nikita "It's a disgrace!" shouted Ivan Dmitrich suddenly, leaping up 'What right has he to prevent people going out? The law states distinctly enough I m sure that no one can be deprived of his liberty without a trial! It a sheer violence! Absolutely arbitrary!"

'Of course it's arbitrary' said Andrei Yesimich, encouraged by the unlooked for support 'I want to get out, I must! He has

no right to present me! Let me out I tell you!

Do you hear, you brute?" cried Ivan Dmitrich, thumping the door with his fist. Open the door or Ill break it down! You butcher!"

'Open the door!" cried Andrei Yefimich staking all over "I insi t[†] 7

'Go on! answered Vikita from the other side of the door "Go on1**

"At least go and call Yevgeny Fedorovich! Tell him I ask him

to step in for a minute " 'Hell come without being called tomorrow'

'They il never let us out' said Ivan Dmitrich They il leave us lere till we rot! Oh God can it le true there is no hell in the next world and that these scoundrels will be forgisen? Where is justice? Open the door you know I'm suffocating! he shouted lioarsely throwing his weight against the door "I'll beat out my brains! Murderers!"

Nikita opened the door abruptly and shoved Andrei Yehmich rudely aside, using his arms and one knee, then, brandishing his first, brought it down on Andrei Yehmich's face. An enormous salt wave seemed to engulf Andrei Yehmich from head to foot and drag him towards his bed; there really was a salty taste in his mouth; evidently his gums were bleeding. He waved his arms as if striving to emerge and caught at the back of someone's bed, feeling at the same time that Nikita struck him twice on the back.

Ivan Dmitrich gave a sharp cry. So he, too, was being beaten. Then all was quiet. The moon shed its pale light through the bars, and on the floor lay a shadow which looked like a net. Everything was terrifying. Andrei Yefimieh lay down, trying not to breathe, waiting, terrified, for another blow. He felt as if someone had taken a scythe, thrust it into his body and turned it several times in his chest and stomach. The pain made him bite into his pillow and clench his teeth, when all of a sudden, flashing through the chaos and filling his mind, came one thought, terrible, unbearable: the pain he was now experiencing must have been felt for years on end, day in day out, by all these people, now looking like black shadows in the moonlight. How was it that for over twenty years he had not known of it or had wished not to know of it? He had not known, had not had the slightest idea of the pain, therefore he was not to blame, but his couscience, as rude and implacable as Nikita, sent a cold shiver down his spine. He leapt up, wanting to cry at the top of his voice and rush out to kill Nikita, Khobotov, the superintendent and medical assistant, and then himself, but no sound came from his mouth. and his legs would not obey him; panting for air, he wrenched at his dressing-gown and shirt, tearing them, and fell back in his bed, unconscious.

XIX

He woke up next morning with throbbing head and a ringing in his cars; every hone in his body ached. The memory of his own weakness the night before caused him no shame. He had behaved like a coward, even allowed himself to be frightened by the moon and given vent, with complete sincerity, to thoughts and feelings he had never suspected in himself. That idea, for instance, of dissatisfaction making the common herd philosophize. But he did not care about anything now.

He neither ate nor drank, but lay motionless and speechless on his bed

"I don't care," he thought, when they questioned him "I won't I don t care "

After dinner Mikhail Averyanish came to see him, bringing a packet of tea and a pound of jujubes. Darya came too, to stand for an hour by his bed side with the expression of dumb grief on her face And Dr khobotos visited him He brought a bottle of potassium bromide with him and told Nikita to fumicate the

m an apoplectic

something loath some seemed to be spreading all over his body, right up to his finger til a rising from his stomach to his head and penetrating into his eyes and ears Everything turned green before him -Andrei Yefimich understood that this was the end and remembered that Ivan Dmitrich, Mikhail Averyanich and millions of others believed in immortality. Supposing there were such a thing? But he felt no desire for immortality, and only desorted a passing thought to it A herd of reindeer which he had been read ing alout the day before rushed past him, extraordinarily beau tiful and graceful then a country woman stretched out her hand to him holding a registered letter Mikhail Avervanich said something. Then everything disappeared and Andrei Yelimieli lost consciousness for ever

Two attendants came, picked lum up by his arms and legs, and took him into the chapel. There he lay on the table, with open eyes, and in the night the moon shone on him The next morning Serger Sergerch came, prayed with great piety before the crucifix and closed the eyes of his former chief

Two days later Andrei Yefimich was buried Only Mikhail Averyanich and Darva attended the funeral

THE HOUSE WITH THE MANSARD

AN ARTIST'S STORY

I

All this happened six or seven years ago when I was living in the province of T., on the estate of a landed proprietor called Belokurov, a young man who rose very early, went about in a full-skirted peasant coat, drank beer of an evening, and was always complaining that he never met with sympathy anywhere. He lived in an annexe in the parden, and I took up my quarters in the old mansion, in a huge pillared ball-room, with no furniture but a wide sofa on which I slept, and a table at which I played patience. All the time, even in still weather, the ancient stoves hummed, and during thunder-torms the whole house shook as if it were on the point of falling to pieces; this was rather alarming, especially on stormy nights, when the ten great windows were lit up by lightning.

Dooned as I was to a life of idleness, I did nothing whatever. For hours at a time I looked out of the window at the sky, the birds, the garden walks, read whatever the post brought me, and slept. Sometimes I left the house and roamed about till late at

night.

On my way home from one of these rambles, I happened upon an estate I had never seen before. The sun was setting and the shades of evening lay over the flowering rye. Two rows of ancient, towering fir-trees, planted close together so that they formed almost solid walls, enclosed a walk of sombre beauty. I climbed easily over some railings and made my way along this walk, my feet slipping on the carpet of pine-needles which lay an inch thick on the ground. It was still and dark but for the brilliant gold of the sunfight shanmering rainlow like in the spiders webs. The fragrance prend by the firtrees was almost overpowering f soon turned into a long arenue of lime tree-flere, too, everything spoke of neglect and age. Last years feaves rustled mourtfully underfoot, and standows lirked in the twilight between the trunks of the trees. On my right, in an ancient orchard, an ornole warbled feebly and briefesty—the bird, like everything cles here, was probably old. And then the fine trees came to an end in front of an old house with a verandati and a mansard, and

the cross on its top lit up in the last rays of the departing sun. For a moment 1 was under the speff of something familiar, something I had known long ago, as if I had seen this panorama

before, at some time during my childhood

A startly white stone gateway, adorned with hons, led from the courty ard into the open fields, and in this gateway stood two guits. The older of the two, slender, pale, very pretty, with a great knot of suburn hair on the top of her head and a small, no stanten two this, looked very severe, and scarcel; took, any notice of me, the other who looked extremely young, hardly more than eventeen or eighteen, was pade and slender, too, but her mouth war large and she looked why, gazing at me from great wondering eyes and dropping out a word or two in English as I passed by, and it seemed to me that I had known these chairming faces, too, at some distant time f returned home feeling as if I had had a delightful dream

One afternoon, a few days later, Belokurov and I were walking about in front of the house, when the tall grass rustled beneath the wheels of a light earnage turning into the yard fin it sat one of the girls f had seen

of the girls f had seen tion list for aid to the

us gravely, and in mu
the village of Siyanovo, the number of men, women and children
tendered homeless, and the temporary measures proposed by the
commutee, of which she was a member for rendering aid to the
victims. After giving us the let to way on the path it awas and

prepared to take her leave immediately.

You've quite forgotten us Pyotr Petrovich she said to Be lokurov, putting out her hand to him. Come and see us and if Monvieur N. (she named me) would like to make the avenuant.

ance of some of his admirers, my mother and I would be very glad to see him."

I bowed.

When she had gone Pyotr Petrovich began telling me about her. He said she came from a good family, and was called Lydia, Volchaninova, and both the estate on which she lived with her mother and sister, and the village on the other side of the pond, were called Shelkovka. Her father had occupied a prominent post in Moscow, and had died with the rank of privy councillor. Though quite well off, the Volchaninovs lived in the country all the year round, and Lydia taught in the Zemstvo school in her home village of Shelkovka, receiving a monthly salary of twenty-five rubles. She made this money suffice for her personal expenditure, and was proud to earn her own living.

"A very interesting family," said Belokurov, "We must pay

them a visit. They would be very pleased if you went."

One day after dinner—it was some saint's day—we remembered the Volchaninovs, and set off to Shelkovka. We found the mother and both daughters at home. The mother, Yekaterina Pavlovna, must once have been goodlooking, but had grown stouter than her age warranted, was short-winded, melancholy and absent-minded. She tried to entertain me with talk about art. Having learned from her daughter that I might visit Shelkovka, she had hastily recalled two or three landscapes of mine which she had seen at exhibitions in Moscow, and now asked me what I had intended to express by them. Lydia, or, as she was called at home, Leda, spoke more to Belokurov than to me. Her face grave and unsmiling, she asked him why he did not work in the Zemstvo, and why he had never been at a single one of its meetings.

"It's not right, Pyotr Petrovich," she said reproachfully, "Real-

ly it isn't-you ought to be ashamed of yourself."

"Quite true, Leda, quite true," agreed her mother, "lt's not right."

"Our whose district is in the hands of Balagin," continued Ledu, turned to me. He is the chairman of the local board and has put his rephews and sons in law into all the district posts, and does whitever he likes. We must resist. We young people ought to make up a strong party, but you see what our young people are like, It's too had. Prote Petrovich!"

Zhenya, the younger sister, said nothing while the Zemstvo was being discussed. She took no part in s rious conversation,

not leng consulered as a grown up person by the family, among whom she went under the children per name of Missac, because that was whit she had called her governess, when she was a hitle girl She kept looking at me with currousty, telling me all about he urigants of the family album I was looking through. That's my uncle that's my godfather," she said, touching the port raits with her finger, her shoulder brushing artlessly against mine, giving me a clear view of her slight undeveloped breasts, her slender shoulders, her plant, and her whole thin figure, tightly drawn in at the wast by her belt.

We played croquet and tennis, walked about the garden, drank tea, and afterwards sat a long time over supper. After the lugge empty, planed ball from I felt quite at case in the confortable little house in which there were no oleograph pictures on the walks, and they said 'jou and not the familiar 'flow' to the servictal Leila and Missie made the atmosphere seem pure and outbild, and everything herathed integrity. It supper Leida again talked to Eclokurov about the Zensto Bilagin, and school libraries. She was these, somere, strong in her convictions. She was an interesting talker, though she spoke a great deal, and very loudpring the heather was accustomed to addressing classes. My frend Pyotr Petrovich on the other hand, still cluing to the habit of his student days—the habit of turning every conversation into an argument He held forth bitlessly tedously, and at length, with an obvious desire to show off his intelligence and his progressive views. He gesticulated and knocked a sauce boat over with his cuff and a large pool formed on the table cloth, but no one but my self seemed to notice it.

When we set off for home it was dark and still

Good breeding does not consist in not upsetting sauce on the table, but in not noticing if someone else dies sight delaborative, there is delightful culture I family live lost touch with nice people—I vi determinated. There's so much to do, so much!

He spoke of the work to be done if you wanted to be a model landlord. And I thought what a lary unmanageable fellow he was When he spoke of services things he interspersed fine speech with punfully emphatic errers and he independently as he spoke—slowly always gettin, behind never finding anything in time. I did not believe he way a hit practical if only because when I give lum letters to post he kept them is his nocket for weeks.

"And the worst of it is," he muttered, as he walked by my side, "you work and work, and meet with no sympathy from anyone. No sympathy whatever."

11

I got into the habit of visiting the Volchaninovs. My usual place there was on the lowest of the steps leading to the verandah. I was devoured by remorse, deploring my life which was passing so rapidly and trivially, and continually telling myself that it would be a good thing if I could tear out my heart, which was such a heavy burden to me. And all the time there was talk going on on the verandah, the sound of skirts rustling, and pages being turned. I soon grew accustomed to the knowledge that Leda received patients, gave out books and went often to the village with a parasol over her uncovered head in the day-time, and in the evening talked in a loud voice about the Zemstvo and schools. Whenever this girl, slender, good-looking, invariably severe, with her small, daintily curved mouth, began talking about practical things, she would preface her remarks by saying to me coldly:

"This won't interest yon."

Me she disliked. She disliked me for being a landscape painter and not trying to show the needs of the people in my pictures, and also because she felt I was indifferent to all in which she believed so firmly. I remember riding along the shores of the Lake of Baikal, and meeting a Buryat girl in a shirt and blue denim trousers, riding astride. I asked her to sell me her pipe, but she only glanced contemptaously at my European features and hat, and, too bored to spend more than a minute talking to me, galloped past with a wild whoop. And Leda, too, felt there was something alien in me. She gave no outward signs of her dislike, but I could feel it, and, seated on the lowest step of the verandah, gave way to my itritation and said that to treat the peasants without being oneself a doctor was to deceive them, and that when one had any amount of broad acres, it was easy to be charitable.

But her sister Missie had not a care in the world, and, like myself, passed the time in complete idleness. The moment the got up of a morning she began reading, scated in a deep arm-chair on the verandah, her feet scarcely reaching the floor, or seehided hercelf with her hook in the lime-tree walk, or passed through the gate into the fields. She read all day, scanning the page- avidly,

and only an occasional weity and listless plane; and the extreme pather of her lace showed that this reading was a mental strain. When I arrived and she cought sight of me, she would librid family experts relanquish her book, and, fixing her great eyes on my face, legin to tell me what had hippened since she list saw me—that the chimnes had I een on fire in the servant's quarters, that one of the workmen had I een on fire in the servant's quarters, that one of the workmen had usught a log fish in the poil and so on On week days she usually wore a cohorted blouse and a dark blue shart. She and I need to stroll about, pick cherres for jamor growing and when she jumped upto reach a cherry, or hent over the outs her thin, debeate arms showed through her wide sleeves Or I would sketch, and she would stand he, watching admiringly.

One 'study in the end of July, I set off for the Volchanon's at a lout time ocheck in the morning. I walked about the park keeping as far from the baise as possible, looking for musthrooms, which were very lightiful flirt summer, and marking the place where I found them with sticks so as later to gather them with Zhona A warm wind was blowing. I could see Zhenya and her mother, both in light columned smaled decesses, coming lume from church. Zhonya hidding her hat on against the wind. Then I heard sounds which meant they were having tea on the verandah.

For a cyrefree inhydral like myelf alway speking an excuse to he idle, these summer Sunday mornings on our country estate-hold a special chrim. When the garden green and sparking with des, her radiant and happy in the rays of the sun, when the ole-index and the magnosite in the flower holes near the liouse spread their perfume and the voting folk just returned from chitch, are having test in the garden and eservice is so cheerful and so chirmingly dressed when I remuid myself that all these healths, well noursided good looking people will do nothing at all the heclong day. I long for life to be always like this This yntructuals memning I was thinking these same thoughts and wilking about the garden ready to stroll about aimlessity, with nothing to do the saide day the whole summer.

Alma appeared with a hasket over her arm Her expression showed that she had known, or at any rate felt that she would find me in the garden. We gathered mushrooms and talked and when she not a question to me she went in fint so as to see my face.

There was a nurrale in the village vesterday she said. Lame Pelageva has been till a whole year no ductors or medicine were any use, and vesterday a wise woman whispered over her and she just ill any more. "That's nothing," I said, "We ought not to look for miracles only when people are ill or old. Isn't health a miracle in itself? And life? Everything we don't understand is a miracle."

"And aren't you frightened by things you can't understand?"

"No. I approach phenomena I don't understand boldly, I don't give in to them. I am above them. A human being should rate himself higher than lions, tigers and stars, higher than the whole of nature, even higher than things which we cannot understand and regard as miraculous, otherwise he is not a man, but a mouse, afraid of everything."

Zhenya supposed that, being an artist, I knew a great deal, and could divine accurately what I did not know. She wanted me to waft her to some exquisite eternal sphere, to that higher world where, she believed, I was quite at home, and she spoke to me of God, of life everlasting, of miracles. And I. unwilling to admit that myself and my imagination would perish altogether after death, would reply: "Yes, human beings are immortal," "Yes, life everlasting awaits us." And she would listen, believing me without demanding proofs.

As we were going back to the house she suddenly came to a halt and said:

"Isn't Leda splendid? I adore her and would sacrifice my life for her at a moment's notice. But why—" Zhenya put a finger on my coat-sleeve, "why do you always argue with her? Why are you so irritable?"

"Because she's wrong."

Zhenya shook her head disapprovingly, and tears came into her eyes.

"How hard that is to understand," she said.

It that moment Leda, who had just returned from somewhere or other, stood by the porch with a riding-crop in her handslender, pretty, lit up by the rays of the sun—giving orders to a workman. She received two or three patients, in great haste, tedking loudly, and then went from room to room looking extremely business like and preoccupied, opening one wardrobe after another and going to the mansard. They looked for her to call her to dinner for a long time, and by the time she came we had finished our soup. Somehow I recall all these trivial details affectionately, and I have the liveliest remembrance of this day, though nothing particular happened on it. After dinner Zhenya read, reclining in a deep arm-chair, and I sat on the lowest step of the verandah. Nobody spoke, The sky was enveloped in

clouds, and there was a light drizzle. It was warm, the wind had long fallen, and it seemed as if this day would go on for ever. Yekaterina Paylorna, who was still heavy with sleep, came on to the veraudah, holding a fam.

"Oh, Mamma," said Zhenya, kissing her hand "It's bad for

you to sleep in the day time!"

They adored each other. When one of them went into the garden, the other was sure to appear on the verandah, and call out, her glance traveling among the trunks of the trees: "Coo-ee, Zhenya!" or "Mamma, where are you?" They always said their prayers together, and they were equally desout, understanding each other perfectly, even when they said nothing. And their opinions of other people were the same. Yekaterina Paylovan very soon got fond of me, too, and when I did not come for two or three data she would send to know if I was well, She, too, inspected my sketches admiringly, and told me everything that larguened as freely and frankly as Missie, not infrequently confiding the domestic secrets to me.

She went in axe of her elded daughter Leda had no carresing way, and only talked about serious things. She lived her own special life and was for her mother and her syster the stored, somewhat enginatic figure that the admiral, sequestered in his calin, is for sailors.

"Our Leda is a fine person and she?" the mother often said.

And now, while the rain fell gently, we talked about Leda.

And now, while the rain left genth, we talked about Leda, "She's marchlous," said the multer, adding in conspiratorial undertones, glancing timidly around, "there are very few like her, but, you know. I begin to be rather alarind "shoots, thispensures, hooks—are all very well, but why go to extreme?" shie? mearly thenty-four, it's time for her to be thinking seriously about her future. All those hooks and dispuserous make one bindle to the rassing of time. It is time for her to be thinking the same and the properties of the rate by the startered.

bland to the passage of time. It's time for her to jet married."

Whenva, pale from her training her hair model raised her head and said, as if to herself, but looking at her mother.

"We are all in the hands of God, Mumme."

And plunged into her book again

Behavior appeared in his peasant tooket not a last of shirt. We placed croppet and tenns on laster. This set to be an about Balagin, who had got the selection of a last of last individual to the selection of la

12* 179

that everything comes to an end in this world, however long it is. Zhenya saw us to the gate, and, perhaps because I had spent the whole day with her from morn till eve, I began to feel I should be lonely without her, to realize how dear this whole charming family was to me. And for the first time that summer the desire

to paint a picture rose in me. "Why should your life be so dull and colourless?" I asked Belokurov, as we walked home together. "My life is dull, horing. monotonous, because I'm an artist, a crank, I have been eaten up with envy, remorse, and disbelief in my own work from my vonth up. I shall always be poor, I am a tramp, but you-you are a healthy, normal man, a landowner, a gentleman-why is your life so dreary, why do you get so little out of it? What is there to prevent you from falling in love with Leda or Zhenya, for instance?"

"You forget I love another woman." replied Belokurov.

I knew he meant Lyubov Ivanovna, the woman who lived with him in the annexe. Every day I saw this lady, stout, chubby-faced, pompons, rather like a Michaelmas goose, walking about the garden, wearing Russian national costume and bead necklaces, always earrying an open parasol, and always being called by the servant to have a meal, or take tea. Three years before she had rented one of the annexes for the summer, and had remained there with Belokurov, apparently for the rest of her life. She was about ten years older than Belokurov, and kept him well in hand, so that before going anywhere he had to ask her permission. She often sobbed, in hoarse, masculine tones, and I had to send and tell her that if she did not stop I would give up my room; and then she would stop sobbing.

When we got home Belokurov sat on my sofa, thinking, his brows knitted, while I paced up and down the room, a prey to soft agitation, for all the world as if I were in love. I felt a desire

to talk about the Volchaninovs.

"Leda is only capable of loving some member of the Zemstvo, somebody as keen on hospitals and schools as herself," I said. "But for a girl like that a man should be willing to walk about in iron boots, like the lover in the fairy-tale, not to speak of becoming a member of the Zemstvo. And Missie? What a darling that Missie is!"

With many an "er," Belokurov embarked upon protracted reflections on pessimism-the disease of our times. He spoke confidently, and by his tone it might have been thought that I was

arguing with him. An endless, monotonous, suii bleached steppe righing with this An condess, monatonants, sun overcess supporting its not more dreaty thru a single individual who sits in ones room talking and talking, as if he never meant to stup.

'It a not a matter of pessimism or optimism, I said arately

The point is that ninety per cent of people have no brains"

Belokuros took this remark as a personal affront, and went away offended

Ш

'The Prince is strying at Malozemoso, and sends you greet ings and help to her mother She had just come back from some visit and was taking off her gloves. He was very interest ing He promised to raise the question of a medical post at Ma loremuso at the next meeting of the council, but he says there s forgetting this sort of thing can't be very interesting to you.

I felt a surge of arritation

'Why not' I asked shrigging my shoulders 'You don't eare to know my upinion but I assure son this question interests me intensels "Does it?

'Yes it does In my opinion a medical post is not required in Valozemovo '

We irritation communicated itself to her Looking at me from natrowed eves, she saul

What is required then land-cape paintings?

Land-capes are not required either Nothing is required.

She had drawn off her gloses and was opening the newspaper which had just been brought from the jest offus. A minute after the cape of the cape and the standard of the second cape in the cape of the cape o control

*Last week. Anna died in clubblith, if there lead been a medical aid post in the perglidouthood she would be alive now I court help thinking that even landscape painters should deign to have some convictions in this respect

"I line extremely definite consistions in this respect I assure you." I replied 1 nt she had from me behind the newspaper as if not wishing to hear me. In my opinion medical aid posts, schools, libraries, dispensives only serve the cause of enslave ment under existing circumstances. The people are fettered by

heavy chains, and you do nothing to break them asunder, only ad new links—there you have my convictions."

She raised her eyes to my face and smiled scornfully, but went on, endeavouring to pin down my basic idea.

"What matters is not that Anna died in childbirth, but that Anna, Martha, and Pelageya must stoop over their work from morning to night, fall sick from onerons toil, spend their whole live worrying over their hungry, sickly children, in fear of death and disease, dose themselves all their lives, fade early, age carly, and die in filth and stench. As soon as their children grow up, they follow the example of their mothers, and landreds of years pass like this, millions of people living in worse conditions than animals, merely to gain a crust of bread, to live in perpetual fear. And the true harror of their situation is that they never have time to think of their souls, of themselves as images of God. Hunger, cold, physical terror, perpetual toil are like snow-drifts paths to spiritual activities, to everything distingnishing luman beings from animals and making life worth living. You go to their aid with hospitals and schools, but this does not deliver them from their chains, on the contrary, it ensdoes not deriver them from them chains, on the commany, it cases them still more, since, by introducing fresh superstitions into their lives, you increase their demands, not to mention the fact that they have to pay the Zemstvo for their leeches and

their hooks, and, consequently, to work still harder. paper. "I have heard all this before, I will only say one thing me can t just sit and do nothing. True, we are not saving hum. anity and perhaps we make many mistakes, but we do what we can, and—we are right. The loftiest and most sacred task of a can, and—we are right. The former and most merch and we endeavour to do so la the best of our abilities. You don't like what we do, but

She was always timed in the presence of Leda, glancing nerv-Sty at her when she spoke, afraid of saving something foolish inappropriate And she never contradicted her, always agree. Peasant Interacy, books full of wretched moralizings and

reasum meracy, noons uni or wreteneu morananes une maxims and medical aid posts can no more lessen their tance or their mortality rate than the light from your ows can light up this huge garden," I said, "You give them

nothing, merely by your interference in the lives of these people creating fresh demands, fresh motives for working"

But goodness me, something must be done! said Leda irritely, and the tone in which she spoke showed that she considered my

arguments trifling and contemp tible

People must be freed from heavy physical labour," I said. Their lurden must be lightened, they must be given a breathing space so that they do not have to spend their whole lives at the store and the washtab, or working in the fields, but have time to think of it er soils, too, and of God, and get a chance to display their spiritual abilities. Every individual has a spiritual accition—the continual search for the truth and spinificance of life. Free them from coarse physical toil let them feel that they have blottly then you will see the mockery that these books and despensance realth are When a person feels his true vocation the only things that can stirely him are religion, science art—and not such triffee.

'Free them from toil' mocked Leda As if that were pos-

sible! '

"Les Undertake some of their work yourself. If we all, town and country dwellers all without exception, agreed to take our part in the labour on which the mass of humanity spend their time for the satisfaction of physical requirements, perhaps each one of us would not have to work more than two or three hours a div Think how it would be if we all rich and poor alike worked only three hours a day and had the rest of the time to ourselves! And think what it would mean if in order to depend still less on our boiles and with still less we were to invent machiners to substitute toil and try to reduce the number of our requirements to a minimum! We would livrden surselves and our children so that they need not I ar hunge and cold and we need not worry con tently a r their health as Anna Martha and Peligera do Just think if we did not take medicine, and maintain dispensaries, tobacco factories and distilleries-what a lot of stare time we should have us a result! We could devote this time in united work on science and sit Just as the peasants sometimes reput the roads in a ludy we could all together I'v general consent, search for the truth and meaning of life andof this I am sure-tile truth would very swin be discovered luminity would be freed from the perpetual againing oppres and har of death-and even from death at all

"But you contradict yourself," said Leda. "You preach science,

and reject the idea of literacy."

"The literacy which enables a person to do no more than spell out tavern-signs, and every now and then read books he cannot understand, has existed in our country since the time of Rurik; Gogol's Petrushka has long been able to read, and yet the country-side is just as it was in Rurik's time. It is not literacy that we need, but leisure for the full display of our spiritual abilities. It is not schools, but universities that we need."

"You deny medicine."

"Yes. It would only be required for the study of disease as a natural phenomenon, and not for its cure. If treatment is required, let it be, not of disease, but of its causes. Remove the main cause -physical labour, and there will be no more diseases. I do not recognize that science which aspires to heal," I continued excitedly. "True science and art aim not at temporary, partial measures, but at what is eternal and general. They seek for the truth and meaning of life, they seek God, the soul, and when they are fastened down to the needs of the moment, to dispensaries and libraries, they can only complicate and burden life. We have plenty of doctors, chemists and lawyers, and there are plenty of literate persons now, but no biologists, mathematicians, philosophers, poets. Our brains, our spiritual energy, are wasted on the satisfaction of temporary, passing needs.... Scientists, writers and painters work with a will; thanks to them the comforts of life increase daily, our physical demands multiply, and yet we are far from the truth, and man still remains the most predatory, the uncleanest of animals, and everything tends towards the degeneracy of humanity as a whole and the irreparable loss of vitality. In such conditions the life of the artist is meaningless and the more talented he is the worse and the more incomprehensible his function, since superficially it would appear that he works for the entertainment of a predatory, unclean animal, by supporting the existing order of things. And I don't want to work, and I won't ... Nothing is wanted, let the world rattle to smithereens

"Go away, Missie," said Leda to her sister, apparently considering my words unsuited to the hearing of so young a girl.

Zhenya glauced mournfully from her sister to her mother, and went away.

"People usually say nice things like that when they wish to justify their own indifference," said Leda. "It's much easier to

ileny the usefulness of hospitals and schools, than to cure and to teach

"True, Ledy, true," saul her mother.

You say you will throw up painting, continued Leda "An parently you rate your work very high Let's stop arguing, we shall never agree, for I rate the most imperfect of those libraries and dispensifies, you have just referred to so contemptionally, higher than all the land-cape paintings in the world. And she turned abruptly to ber mother, and began speaking in quite a different voice "The Prince less got very thin and less changed greatly since he was list here. They're semling him to Vieby" She talked to her mother about the Prince, to avoid talking to

me Her free was flushed and to conceal her agitation, she lieut low over the table as if she were short sighted, and pretended to he reading the paper. My presence was evidently disagreealde to her. I took my leave and went home

n

It was very still in the contivard. The village on the other sale of the joint was already asteep, not a light was to be seen, but for the trale reflections of the stars -hummering almost timer ceptably on the surface of the pond. It the gates with the hous Alienya storid mutualies, waiting to see me out. They re all asleep in the village," I said trying to make out her features in the darkness, but only seeing a pair of dark, mounful eyes fixed on int face "The inn keeper and the hurse thieses are percefully asleep, but we, respectable folk urnute our another and argue "

It was a melancholy Angust might, melancholy, because there was a little of autumn in the air. The moon was rising from behind a crimison cland, but it so needs lit me the read on cither side of which extended the natural fields shooting stars direct continually about the Ay Zhunya walked beside me along the road and tried not to look up, so as not to see the shooting stars, which for some reason or other frightened her

"I think you are right," she said, shivering in the exeming dampness 'Il all of us all together were to devote ourselves to

signified activities we would sum des our exception,

Of course We are higher beings and if we really appreciated the power of human genus and laced only lor lugher aims we should at last become like gods But that will never be-humanity is descriptating and soon then will not be a trace of genus left."

When we were out of sight of the gates, Zhenya stood still and hastily pressed my hand.

"Good night," she said, shivering. She had nothing but a thin blouse over her shoulders, and eringed with cold. "Come tomorrow."

The thought of being alone, in this irritated state of dissatisfaetion with myself and others, terrified me. I, too, began trying not to look at the shooting stars. "Stay with me a little longer," I said, "Do!"

I was in love with Zhenya. Perhaps I had fallen in love with her for her way of meeting me and seeing me off, for the tender. admiring glances she cast at me. Her pale face, thin neck and arms, her delicaey, her idleness, her books, held a wistful appeal for me. And her mind? I suspected her of having an unusual brain. I admired her broad-mindedness, perhaps because she thought differently from the severe beauteous Leda, who did not like me. Zhenya liked me as an artist, I had conquered her heart by my talent, and I desired passionately to paint for her alone. dreaming of her as my little queen, who would, together with nic. hold sway over these villages, fields, this mist, and evening glow, this country-side, so delightful, so exquisite, amidst which had till now felt so hopelessly lonely and superfluous.

Wait a little longer," I pleaded, "Only a few minutes," l took off my coat and put it over her chilly shoulders. Afraid of looking funny and ugly in a man's coat, she laughed and threw it off, and I put my arms round her and began showering kisses on her face, shoulders and hands.

Till tomorrow, she whispered, embracing me cantiously, as if afraid to disturb the stillness of the night. We have no secrets from one another. I shall have to tell my mother and sister Jamina's all right, Mamma is fond of you—but Leda!" so frightened!

I should listening to her retreating footsteps for a minute or two. did you want to go home, and there was no reason for going te I stood deep in thought for a short time, and then sauntered why back, to have another look at the house in which she d. the dear innocent old house, with its mansard windows ing down at me as if they were eyes, as if they understood thing. I passed the verandah, sat on a bench near the tennisin the darkness beneath an ancient willow, and looked at conse from there. In the windows of the man-ard, where

Missic's room was, a light shone brilliantly, and then turned a other preen-someone had put a shade on the lamp Stridow marcil. My heart was filled with tenderness, calm and content —delighted to discover that I was capable of falling in love and yet at the some time I was worred by the thought that at this moment, a five paces awas, Ledy lived in one of the rooms of this house. Ledy who disblied, perhaps detested me I sat there waiting her Zhenya to appear, straining my cars, and it seemed to me I could hear talking in the manested.

Al out an hour passed. The green light went out and the shidaws could no longer be seen. The moon now rode high over the house and lit up the sleeping garden and deserted walks. The dillies and roses in the led in front of the house stood out disinctly, but they all louked the same colour. It grew realls cold. I went out of the garden picked up my conf from the road and

wanilered slowly homewards

When I went to the Volchanueus the next afternoon, the glass door into the granlen was wide open I sat down on the veraidali, hip ing Zhenya would suddenly appear on the tennis court, or on one of the public listening for the sound of her voice from the hours. Then I wint into the drawing room and after that the dining room. Not a soull was in sight From the dining room. In mule my was through the long passage into the hall, and livel, again. There were several abouts opening into the passage and from use all the rooms could be heard the voice of Left.

"The traw had somewhere lound a bit ul— she was saving hulls, in a sing song voice dictuing probably—a bit of choose— The crow—Who s there? she cried suddenly, hear

ing my steps

*Oh I ven e me Tem ti i i ve jii) w Im giving Dasha her hosun

"Is Yeksterin's Paylovan in the garden?"

"No She and invester left this morning on a visit to my aunt in the Penza province. And in the winter they II probably go abried," she added after a short pause.

"Verow led somewhere fund a bit of cheese

Written that down?

I went into the half and stood there staring vacantly at the found and the ibstant village, my ears still assaded by the words

a bit of cheese. The crow lad somewhere found a lat of cheese.

I went off the e-tate by the road I had approached it from the first time, but in reverse—from the courtyard to the garden, past the house, till I got to the lime-tree avenue... Here a small boy ran after me and gave me a note. "I told my sister everything and she insists that we part," I read. "I had not the heart to grieve her by disobedience. May God send you happiness—forgive me! If you only knew how bitterly Mamma and I are crying."

Then came the fir walk, the broken railings.... In the field where the rye had been in bloom and the quail had given its cries, there now wandered cows and hobbled horses. Here and there on hillocks the winter crops showed green. A prosaic everyday mood enveloped me and I was ashamed of all I had said at the Volchaninovs, and once more life became a tedious affair. When I got home I packed up my things, and left for Peter-burg that evening.

I never saw the Volchaninovs again. Not so long ago I met Belokurov in the train on my way to the Crimea. He was still wearing his peasant coat and embroidered shirt, and when I asked him how he was, he replied: "Quite well, thanks to your prayers!" We had a talk. He had sold his estate and bought another, a smaller one, in the name of Lyubov Ivanovna. He could not tell me much about the Volchaninovs. Leda still lived at Shelkovka and taught in the village school. She had gradually contrived to gather round her a circle of people in sympathy with her ideas, and these composed a powerful party, and at the last Zemstvo meetings they had black-balled Balagin, who till then had kept the whole district in his hands. All he could tell me of Zhenya was that she did not live at home, and he did not know where she was.

I have begun to forget the house with the mansard, but every once in a while, painting or reading. I recall for no apparent reason the green light in the window, the sound of my own steps echoing in the nocturnal fields, that night I returned home, in love, chaining my cold hands. Still less frequently, in moments of loneliness and metancholy. I yield to vague memories, till I graduill have to feel that I, too, am remembered, that I ambeing a cold for and that we shall meet.

Missie where are you?

JOZICH 1

1

When fresh arrivals to the town of S complained of horodom and the montains of hie there the old established inhabitants pointed out in the Savier that S was a most interesting town that it had a hitrary a theatre and a clob, that halls were given there and firmlik that their were mans clever interesting and pleasant families where acquaintance could be made And they would joint to the Turkin family as an example of all that was cultured and tripoles.

The Turkins lived in the main street next door to the Gover thirs residence in a house which was their own property. The head of the funds, Is an Petrovich a stout handsome dark haired man with sale whiskers gut up private theatricals for charitable jurgueses and took the part of old generals and coughed to extremely humourans effect 16 had a store of anecdates character and proverle, was food it a pike indeed was quite a wig and it was impossible to tell from his expression whether he was serious or toking. His wife Yera Youfovna was a gount. idescant faced bulk who wore some next and write stories and movels which she was alway ready to read aloud to visitors They had a daughter called Yckatorina Ivaniona, a young fady who played the piano In a word each member of the family had some gift or other. The Turkins were the soul of hospitality and showed off their talents light heartedly with frank simplicity The lag stone halt house was always cool in the summer its lack wind in hinking out on an old shady carden, where nightingales sing in the spring. When there was company the loaise would ring with the sound of knives being slistpened in the kitchen, and the smell of fried onions would perfume the varid giving trumise of an al undant and tasts supper

And Dr. Dmitri Yonich Startsev, the newly appointed Zemstvo medical officer, was told, as soon as he took up his residence in Dyalizh, some nine versts from S., that, as a cultured man, he simply must make the acquaintance of the Turkins. He was introduced to Ivan Petrovich in the street one winter day. They discussed the weather, the theatre, and the cholera epidemic, and an invitation followed. So on one of the spring church-holidays -the Ascension it was-Startsev, having seen all his patients for the day, set off for the town in search of relaxation and to make some necessary purchases while he was about it. He went on foot, at a leisurely pace (he had not yet set up his own carriage), singing to himself the whole way:

"Ere I had learned to drink of tears from the chalice of life." He dined in town, walked about the park, and, the invitation of Ivan Petrovich coming into his head, decided to go to the

Turkins and see what sort of people they were.

"Howdy! Howdy!" said Ivan Petrovich, who met him in the porch. "Delighted to see such a welcome visitor! Come in, I'll introduce von to my better half. I was telling him, Vera," he went on, after introducing the doctor to his wife. "I was telling him he has no earthly right to stick in his hospital, it's his duty to bestow his leisure on society. I'm right, darling, aren't 1?"

"Sit here," said Vera Yosifovna, pointing to a chair next to herself. "You can make up to me. My husband is as jealous as Othello, but we will try to be discreet, won't we?"

"Little witch!" murmired Ivan Petrovich tenderly, imprinting a kiss on her brow, "You've chosen a very good moment for your visit," he said, turning to his visitor again. "My better half has just finished a great enormous novel, and she's going to read it alond to us this evening."

"Jean, ducky," said Vera Yosifovna to her husband, "Dites

que l'on nous donne du thé."

Startsey was next introduced to Yekaterina Ivanovna, an eighteen vear old damsel, strikingly like her mother, and equally thin and pleasant faced. Her expression was still childish, and she had a slender delicate frame. And her virginal breasts, already beginning to develop, held in their beauty and healthiness. suggestion of spring, the genuine spring. Afterwards they sat down to have tea, with jam, honey, sweets, and some wonderful biscuits which fairly melted in the month. With the approach of dusk visitors began dropping in, and Ivan Petrovich, his eyes smiling, said to every one of them: "Howdy! Howdy!" When

earthouts had come they seated themselves in the drawing room with grave brees and Vera Youfovia tread her novel. It began with the words: "Twas hinter cold..." The windows were water open and the sound of knives clanging in the kitchen came through them, begelter with the well of fring omons.

It was very peaceful stung in the soft arm claure with the lights blinking laidy in the semi-dark of the drawing room. And it was hard to realize, on the summer evening with the sound of voices and laughter coming from the street, and the fragerace of like whitelin in from the garden, that "has a bitter cold and that the setting sun could be lighting up with its cold rives the stowy plain and the solitary was farer Vera Youforn a read how the voining and beautiful countes got up schools hospitals and libraries in her rivites village, and how she fell in low with the riving artist discribing things that never happen in real life, and only the riving artist discribing things that never happen in real life, and delightful thoughts passed through one's mind, that nobody wincle hore turn.

"Not hadsome" said Ivan Petrovich softly

And one of the visitors who had been herming, with his thoughts summerhere far, far away, said almost manifolds

'Yes, indeed

An hour passed and another In the town park, nearly, on orchestra was playing and a clust was singing When Vera Arosfovia chosel her mite book nodudy spoke for five minutes all listening to 'Luchinushka' which the choir was singing and the ong spoke to them of what was lacking in the nivil but what was person in real life.

"Do you publish your works in the perindicals? Startses asked Vera Yosifovna

"No," she rejdied "I don't jublish them at all I write them and jut them away in a cujl out! Why should I jull hith them?
We have enough to hiv on she abled I was at explanation

And for some reason or other everyone sighed "And miss you play us something, Kitten," Ivan Petrovich sail

*And miss you play us something, Kitten, 'Ivan Petrovich sail to his daughter

The lid of the grandprino was raised the music sheets were in resultines on the music rack and the instrument was opened Yelaterna (known) and dwa and struck the kees with Joth Irads. Then she struck them again with all her might and again and yet again. Her shoulders and breasts quivered and she wint he perturnacions's striking the kees in the same place as all at hid. not mean to stop till she had driven them inside the piano. The drawing-room filled with thunder: everything thundered—the floor, the ceiling, the furniture... Yekaterina Ivanovna played an intricate pa-sage, the whole interest of which lay in its difficulty. It was long and monotonous, and Startsev, as he listened, pictured to himself rocks tumbling from the summit of a high mountain: they kept tumbling, tumbling, one after the other, and he wished they would stop, though he found Yekaterina Ivanovna, rosy with the exertion, strong, energetic, a lock of hair falling over her forehead, exceedingly attractive. After a winter in Dvalizh, amongst sick people and peasants, it was very pleasant, very novel, to be sitting in a drawing-room, looking at this youthful, elegant, and, no doubt, pure creature, and listening to these loud, tire-ome, but nevertheless cultured sounds....

"Well. Kitten, you surpassed yourself today," said Ivan Petrovich with tears in his eyes, when his daughter, finishing her piece, got up, "You'll never improve upon that. Denis, if you die

in the attempt."

Liveryone surrounded her, congratulating her, marvelling, vowing that they had not heard such music for ages, while she listened in silence, with a slight smile on her face, her whole figure expressing triumph.

">plendid! Wonderful!"

And Startsev, too, yielding to the general cuthusiasm, cried: "oplendid!"

"Where did you study?" he asked Yekaterina Ivanovna. "At

the conservatoire?"

"No. I'm only preparing for the conservatoire, in the meantime I'm talling lessons here, from Madame Zaylovskaya."

"Did you graduate from the high school here?"

"Oh. no." Vera Yosifovna answered for her. "We had teachers for her at home, you will agree that there might be bad influences in the high school or at a boarding-school. While a girl is growing she ought to be under the influence of no one but her mother."

"But I intend to go to the conservatoire," said Yekaterina

Kanovia

"Oh. no. our Kitten loves her mainma. Our Kitten would not grieve her papa and mainma."

"I will go, I will!" said Yekaterina Ivanovna, with humorous petulance, stamping her foot.

At supper-time it was the turn of Ivan Petrovich to show off his talents. Smiling with his eyes alone, he related anecdotes, joked, set come problems which he solved lumself, all the time speaking in his own reculiar language, which he had acquired by long practice in waggistiness, and which had apparently now become a habit with him splendiferous not badsome. I thank thee humblesomels

that this was not all. When the guests, sated and happy, flocked into the hall to look for their costs and walking sticks, the foot man Pavel, or, as they called him Pava, a fourteen year-old boy with a cropped head and childly cheeks, hovered around them 'Perform, Paya, perform' and Ivan Petroyich

Pava threw lumself into an attitude rused one hand and ut tereil in tragic accents "Peredi unhappy female!

And everyone laughed

"Amusing!" thought Starters, as he went out of the house

He went to a restaurant for a drink of beer, and then walked hack to Dyalizh All the way home he hummed

The melting accents of your tender totce.
After his six mile wilk he went to led without the slightest sensation of fatigue, telling himself that he could have walked another six miles with pleasure

'Not badsome!' he remembered laughing, as he fell asleep

m

Startsey kept meaning to visit the Turkins again, but he had a great deal to do in the hospital and could never find an hour or two to spare. Over a year passed thus in work and solitite And one ilis a letter in a blue envelope came to him from the town

Very Youfovn's had lone suffered from headsches but of late, with Kitten threatening every day to go to the conservatoire, the attricks had become more and more frequent. All the doctors in the town visited the Turkins, and at last the turn of the Zemstvo iloctor hail come Aera Yosifosna wrote him a touching letter, asking him to come and ease her sufferings Starties visited her, and after this began to be often sers often at the Turkins He really did manage to help Vera Yordovin a little, and all sisitors were told that he was an extraordinary a marvellous doctor. But it was no longer on account of her headaches that he went to the Turkins

It was a holiday, Yekaterina Ivanovna had finished her long tedious exercises on the piano. Then they all sat long at the din ing-room table, drinking tea. Ivan Petrovich was in the middle of a funny story when there was a ring at the front door, and he had to go out to meet some visitor. Startsey took advantage of the moment of bustle to whisper, in great agitation, in the car of Yekaterina Ivanovna:

"Do not torture me, for God's sake, I implore you. Let's go into the garden."

She shrugged her shoulders as if she were surprised and did not understand what he wanted, but she got up and went out.

"You practise three or four hours," he said, following her. "Then you sit with your mamma, and there's never a chance to speak to you. Give me just one quarter of an honr, I implore

Autumn was approaching, and the old garden was still and melancholy, the walks strewn with dark leaves. The days were drawing in.

"I haven't seen you for a whole week," continued Startsev. "And if you only knew what suffering that is for me! Let's sit down. I want to speak to you."

They had their favourite place in the garden-a bench beneath an ancient spreading maple. And now they gat down on this bench.

"What is it you want?" Yekaterina Ivanovna asked in a cold, business-like voice.

"I haven't seen you for a whole week, it's ages since I heard your voice! I long passionately. I thirst for your voice! Speak!" He was captivated by her freshness, by the innocent expression in her eyes, her naive cheeks. Even in the fit of her dress he found something extraordinarily sweet, something in its simple and innocent grace that was touching. And at the same time, despite this innocence, she seemed to him very clever, wise beyond her years. He could talk to her about literature, art, or anything the liked could complain to her about life and people, despite the fact that the sometimes started laughing in a very disconcertg manner in the middle of a serious conversation, or ran back the house. Lake almost all the girls in S. she was a great ider (there was very little reading done in S., and the local rarians declared that but for the girls and the young Jews they ht as well close the blandy, and this caused Startsey infinite the serve time he is the her he asked her eagerly what she

had been reading the last lew days, and listened entranced when she told him

"What have you been reading this week, since we last met?" he now asked her "Do tell me"

"I ve been reading Pisemsky "

"Which of his books?"

"A Thousand Souls," replied Kitten "And what a funny name

"Where are you going?" cried Staitsey in alarm, when she suddedly got up and went towards the house "I simply must have a talk with you, there's something I must tell you ... Stay with me-if only five minutes, I inclore you!"

She halted as if intending to speak, then thrust a note awk wardly into his hand and ran into the house, where she im-

mediately sat down to the piano again "He in the cemetery at Demetti's tomb, at eleven tonight,"

read Startsey
"Now that really as sally the thought, when he had recovered

from his surprise "Why the cemeters." Whatever for?"
It was all perfectly clear kitten was trying to fool him. No.
Lody in his service would make an appointment at night, a long
way from lown, when they could so cavily meet in the street, or
in the municipal park. Ind did it become him, a Zemsto medical
officer, an intelligent highly respected individual, to be sighing
after a guil, receiving notes, roaming about emeteries, committing follies which a modern schoolboy would lough at? What
would this affair lead to? What would his colleagues say, if they
discovered it? Such were the thoughts of startes, as he threaded
his way among the tables in the club, and yet at hall past eleven
he suddenly started off for the cemeters.

He now had his own carriage and f six and a coachman named Panteleimon, who sported a v livitien wasticoat. The moon was still and warm, but with an autumnal warmth in the suburb of the town, near the slaughter house, dogs were looking. Startey left his earriage at the outskints of the town, in a side street, and went on foot to the cemeter, "Iveryone has his peculiarities," he told himself. Aitten is a queer gul, and who knows?—perhaps she really meant it, perhaps she'll be there." And he yielded to the miovication of this vain, feeble hope.

The last just of the way was across a field. The cemetery was a dark strip in the distance, like a left of woods, or a great park

4 2 4

It was a holiday. Yekaterina Ivanovna had finished her long, tedious exercises on the piano. Then they all sat long at the dinmg-room table, drinking tea. Ivan Petrovich was in the middle
of a family story when there was a ring at the front door, and
he had to go out to meet some visitor. Startsey took advantage
of the moment of bustle to whisper, in great agitation, in the
ear of Yekaterina Ivanovna:

"Do not torture me, for God's sake, I implore you. Let's go

into the garden."

She shrugged her shoulders as if she were surprised and did not understand what he wanted, but she got up and went out.

"You practise three or four hours," he said, following her. "Then you sit with your mamma, and there's never a chance to speak to you. Give me just one quarter of an hour, I implore you!"

Antumn was approaching, and the old garden was still and melancholy, the walks strewn with dark leaves. The days were

drawing in.

"I haven't seen you for a whole week," continued Startsev. "And if you only knew what suffering that is for me! Let's sit down. I want to speak to you."

They had their favourite place in the garden—a bench beneath an ancient spreading maple. And now they sat down on this

bench.

"What is it you want?" Yekaterina Ivanovna asked in a cold, business-like voice.

"I haven't seen you for a whole week, it's ages since I heard your voice! I long passionately, I thirst for your voice! Speak!"

The was captivated by her freshness, by the innocent expression in her eyes, her naive cheeks. Even in the fit of her dress he found something extraordinarily sweet, something in its simple and innocent grace that was touching. And at the same time, despite this innocence, she seemed to him very clever, wise beyond her years. He could talk to her about literature, art, or anything he liked, could complain to her about life and people, despite the fact that she sometimes started laughing in a very disconcerting manner in the middle of a serious conversation, or ran back to the house. Like almost all the girls in S., she was a great reader (there was very little reading done in S., and the local librarians declared that but for the girls and the young Jews they might as well close the bluary), and this caused Startsey infinite delight. Every time he saw her he asked her eagerly what she

had been reading the last few days, and listened entranced when slie told him

"What have you been reading this week, "ince we last met?" he now asked her "Do tell me"

"I ve been reading Pisemsky"

, M prep of pra poor 45,

"A Thousand Souls," replied Kitten "And what a funny name Pisemsky has-Alexei Feofilaktich!

Where are you going? cried Startess in alarm, when she suddenly got up and went towards the house "I simply must have a talk with you, there's something I must tell you. Stay with me—II only fite minutes, I minlore you!"

She halted as if intending to speak, then thrust a note awk wardly into his hand and ran into the house, where she im-

mediately at down to the piano again
"Be in the cemetery at Demetti's tomb, at eleven tonight,"

read Startses
"Now that really results the thought when he had recovered

from his surprise "Why the cemeters "Whatever for?". It was all perfectly clear batten was trying to fool him No-body in 1's enses would make an appointment at night, a long way from town when they could so easily meet in the street, or in the municipal park. Ind did it become him, a Zemsto medical officer, an intelligent lightly respected individual, to be sighing after a girl, receiving noise toarning about emeteries, committing follies which a modern schoolboy would laugh at? What would his colleagues say, it discovered 12' Such were if et il up it so traities, as he threaded his way among the talles in the club and yet at half past eleven he suddenly started off for the cemeter.

He now had his own carriage and pair and a coachinan named Pantlelimon who speried a v b ter waiste at The moon was shining It was still and warm but with an automoal warmin. In the sid with of the town, near the slaughter house, dogs were lowing Startes left his earriage at the outskirts of the town, in a side street, and went on foot to the cemeter. "Everyone I as his peculiarities," he told himself. Kitten is a queer girl, and who knows?—perhaps she really meant it, perhaps the libe there." And he yielded to the intosacation of this vain, feeble hore.

The last part of the way was across a field. The cemetery was a dark strip in the distance, like a belt of woods, or a great park

A wine stone wall came into sight, and then a gate. . . . In moonlight the inscription over the gate could be read; "Y hour, too, will strike. Starteev pushed open the wicket-gate, a side by what crosses and monuments and tall poplars, all casting long blag chadows across his path, Everything was black or white, th drough trees spreading their branches over the white stones, I seemed to be lighter here than in the field. The leaves of the maples looked like paws, and clood out in bold relief against the yellow sand of the alley and the white tombstones, and the inscriptions on the monuments were clearly visible. Startegy was strick by the thought that he was seeing for the first time in his life a thing which he would probably never again see—a world unlike any other world, a world in which the moonlight was as soft and sweet as if this place were its cradle, where there was no life, none at all, but where, in every darkling poplar, in every praye, could be felt the presence of mystery, fraught with the promise of elernal life still and exquisite, From the tombstones, the fading flowers, and the automnal smell of decaying leaves, sorrow and peace seemed to be wafted.

All round was silence. The stars gazed down from the sky as discordant note. It was only while the church clock as barsin that he felt as if somebody were looking at himself dead, buried for all time, melancholy of non-existence, supposes of descript but the profound

Demeth: monument was, in the form of a chapel, with an angel of the town of and this monument of the past an Italian operatic troupe had in the town of and this monument erected to her memory had been over the entrance to her tomb reflected the lamp. Nobody reflected the monlight and cerned

The commendation is such that who would be coming here at adding his passion, wanted, and, as if the moonlight had his bands walking up and down one of the side paths, his hat he had been beautiful and side paths, his hat he had been beautiful and fascinating, had been at night, as they walking has no many of the women and with passion at nights, as they yielded to their

lovers' extresses. What a worrs jest Mether Nature plays upon humin beings, and look humilisting to have to acknowledge this! Statises, pondering all these things, felt a desire to cry out that he must have love, that he must have love at all costs' He no longer contemplated white salis of mattle, but bodies he saw their forms hiding bashfully in the shadows of trees he could feel their warmth, and at last the amorous languor became unherrable.

And undersh, as if a curtain had been lowered, the moon went behind a cloud and darkness fell on all around. Startev could hardly find the pateway, for it was los now as dark as an autumn night, and he wandered about for an hour and a half looking for the side street in which he had left his currange.

"I'm so tired I can hardly stand" he told Panteleimon And sinking luxuriously into the scat he said to himself

"I shouldn't let my self get so fat "

111

The next day he went to the Turkins' in the evening fully in tending to propose. But the moment was unmitable, since the hair freezer was in Yekaterina kanonias bedroom doing her hair She was coung to a dance at the chil-

Once more a long time had to be spent in the dining room over ter Ivan Petrovich seeing that his guest was pensive and doll, dres some papers from his wasteout pecket and read aloud a letter from a German steady written in exeruciatingly lunny, lender litius;

"And they'd probably give her a pretty good dowry" thought

Startees betering aletractedly

After his sleepless make he will mastrite of levalderment as if he had been given something sweet and sequence to drink. There was a sensition at once dreams, joyful and warm in his

heart, but a cold and heavy particle in his brain was arguing "Stay before it is too late if side a match for a m2 She is spoilt and wilful, sleeps till two in the afternoon and you are a sexton's

son, a Zemstvo doctor Well what alout it ' Le thought

Besides al you marry her continued the particle. For relations will make you give up your work in the Zeni to and come to live in the town.

"Well," he thought, "and why not live in the town? They give her a dowry and we'll set up house."

At last Yekaterina Ivanovna came looking so fresh and prett in her low-cut ball dress, and Startsey gazed his fill at her, falling into such an ecstasy that he could not utter a word and could only look at her and laugh.

She began saying good-bye all round and he—there was nothing for him to stay for—got up, saying it was time for him to go home. His patients were waiting for him.

"Too bad!" said Ivan Petrovieh. "Off you go, then! And you might as well give Kitten a lift!"

Out of doors it was dark and drizzling, and they could only discover where the earriage was from the sound of Panteleimon's hoarse coughing. The hood of the carriage was raised. Ivan Petrovich joked incessantly as he helped his daughter

into the carriage and bade them a facetious farewell. "Off with you! Goodeebye!"

"I went to the eemetery yesterday," said Startsov, "How ungenerous and eruel of you it was. "You were at the cemetery?"

"Yes, and I waited almost two hours. I suffered...." "Serve you right—ean't you understand a joke?"

Yekaterina Ivanovna, delighted to have fooled her admirer so successfully and to be loved so ardently, laughed loudly, and the next moment cried out in alarm, for the horses turned charply in at the club gates, and the carriage lurched. Startsey put his arm round her waist. In her fright the leaned against him, and he could not refrain from pressing passionate kisees on her lips and chin, and holding her still more tightly.

And a moment later she was no longer in the carriage, and the policeman standing by the brightly lighted entrance to the "Wind the watting for, dole? More on?

Startes west home, but soon came out again In another man's pel-coat, and a stiff white tie which puckered up and slipped one side, he was sitting at midnight in the chib drawing-room, Oh. Low little do those know who have never level! It seems

on that no one has ever yet described love faithfully, indeed practically impossible to describe this tender, Joyous, torturing feeling, and whoever has experienced it, if only once, will never try to put it into words Why go m for rechminaries, for descriptions? Why all this superfluous eloquence? My love is houndless I beg you, I implore you," Startees ended up, get ting it out at last, 'to be my wife!"

'Drmiter Youich," said Yekstering Isanovna, looking extremely grave, after a slight panse 'Dmitti Yonich, I am very grateful to you for the honour, I respect you, but . " she rose and went on speaking in a standing position, "but, forgise me, I cannot be your wife Let us speak plamly You know very well, Dmitri I adore it, I have consecrated my whole fife to it I want to be a musician, I want fame, success, liberts, and son want me to go on home in this town to continue this dull, futile life, which has become intolerable to me Just somebods's wife? No, thank youl A person should aspire to some lofts, brilliant aim, and family life would land me for ever Dmitti Yonich" (the smiled faintly, for when she pronounced the name 'Doutra Youich," she could not help remembering Mexes Feofilaktich), 'Dimitra Yonich you are a kind, generous, clover man, you are better than all the rest—" here tears welled up in her eyes, "I feel for you with all my heart, but hint I in sure you understand."

She turned away to prevent hersell from crying, and went out

of the drawingernom

Startses's heart no longer fluttered nervously. Going out of the club into the etreet the first thing he did was to tear off his stiff tie and take a deep breath He was somewhat abashed, his vanity had received an affront-be had not untion ated a refusal-and he could not I cheve that all his dreams, torments and hopes had come to such a banal end, like the final scene of some little comedy acted by amateurs He was so sorry for his feelings, for this love of his, that he felt like will me or lamming his um brella down with all his strength on the broad shoulders of Pan telermon

For three days everything went wrong with him, he neither ate nor slept, but when the news reached him that bekaterina Is moved had gone to Moscow to enter the onservatoire he quieted

down and lived as before

Microards, when he happened t commiler has he had rounted don't the complex or less be led driven all a comtoy n looking for a frock coat, he stretched largly and said "What a to da"

Four years passed. Startsev had a big practice in the town. Every morning he hastily examined his patients in Dyalizh, and then drove to his town patients, and now he drove not in a carriage-and-pair, but behind three horses with jingling bells, and returned home late at night. He had grown fat and ponderous and avoided walking, which gave him palpitations. Panteleimon had grown fat, too, and the broader his girth became, the more mournfully he sighed and complained of his bitter lot: "Always on the move."

Startsey visited many houses and met many people, but he never grew intimate with any of them. The conversation, views, the very look of the townsfolk, irritated him. He had gradually learned that so long as he played eards and supped with a man in the town of S., the latter would be peaceable, good-humoured and even comparatively intelligent, but the moment the conversation turned to anything but food, say to politics or science, he would either be utterly bewildered, or begin to air a philosophy so stupid and ernel that one could only leave him alone and go away. When Startsey tried to talk even with a liberal-minded man about the fact that humanity, thank God, is progressing and that in time we shall be able to dispense with passports and capital punishment, his interlocutor would shoot him an oblique, mistrustful glance, and ask: "So people will be able to cut another's throat in the street as much as they like, then?" And when Startsey said during supper or tea that everyone ought to work, that life without work was impossible, all present took it as a reproach, and began arguing insistently. And with it all, these ordinary people did nothing, nothing whatever, and interested themselves in nothing, and it was impossible to find anything to talk to them about. And Startsey evaded conversation, only eating and playing vint with them, and when he happened to be in a house where some domestic event was being celebrated, and they invited him to take part in it, he would sit down and eat in silence, staring at his plate. For everything said on these occasions was uninteresting, uninst, stupid, and he would be irritated and excite himself; but he held his tongue, and because he always. stared at his plate in severe silence, he was known in the town as a "jumped-up Pole," although there was not a drop of Polish blood in his veins.

He avoided such entertuinments as the theatre and concerts, but played virt every evening for about three hours with complete injournent. There was yet another amisement into which he was gradually and imperceptably drawn this was to take out of his pickets of an evening all the hank notes occumulated during his rounds, and these notes with which his pockets were crammed some yellow, some green, some sincling of sceat, some of vinegar, increase, or full—sometimes amounted to as much as security rubbes. When he had several hundred of them he paid the money much responsible to the property of the paid the money much be account at the Vulnal Gredit Society.

In the four years since the departure of Yelaterina Ivanovan he buil only feen twice at the Turkins', on the invitation of Vera Youfonn, who was still I engit treated for headaches. Yelaterina Ivanovan came lack to stry with her parents every summer, but he never raw here—somehow it shid not come about

And now four years had passed One still, warm morning a letter was brought to the hospital Vera Yordsina wrote to Dintity Yords that the missed him very much, and that he simply must emme and see her and esse her sufferings, and that today happened to be her hirthday. At the hottom of the letter was a notisent V 1 non in Marman s request. From

Yera Institutina, who had a ed considerably and was now

vera instituta, who had a cel consulerants and was now white haired, present Startees a hand, sighted affectedly, and said "I'm don't want to make up to me, Doctor you never come to see it. I'm too old for you But the young one as here now,

terhaps she will be more fortunate

And kitten? She was thinner and paler but still localier and life graceful. She was Vekterini Is in sur now not a kitten lifer frediness and expression if that like marciner had van sched. There was somethine new something timid and juilty in her clause, as if the mil onger felt at home here, in the Tuttun house

"We haven't met for ages," she said, jutting her hand into his, and it was obvious that her heart was beating sudently. Looking fireally and with currents into his fires she continued. You regot quite shoul? You re darket and more manly looking. Into on

the whole you haven t changed much

the whole contract changes much in the first structure, but there was something lacking in her now or samething superfluous be could not say exactly what but whatever it was it presented him.

from feeling as he had before. He did not like her pallor, her new expression, her faint smile, her voice, and very soon he was disliking her dress, the chair in which she sat, disliking something in the past, when he had almost married her. He remembered his love, the hopes and dreams which had agitated him four years ago, and he felt awkward.

There was tea and a cream tart. Vera Yosifovna read her novel aloud, read of what never happens in real life, and Startsev listened, and sat looking at her beautiful grey head and waiting for

her to finish.

"It is not the person unable to write stories who is mediocre." he said to himself, "but the person who writes them and is unable to conceal the fact."

But Ivan Petrovich said: "Not badsome!"

Then Yekaterina Ivanovna played long and noisily and when she stopped everyhody took a long time thanking and applauding her.

"It's a good thing I didn't marry her, after all," thought Startsey.

She looked at him, obviously expecting him to ask her to go

into the garden, but he said nothing.

"Let's talk," she said, going over to him. "How are you getting on? What kind of a life do you have? I've been thinking about you all these days," she continued nervously. "I wanted to write to you, to go to see you in Dyalizh, I had determined to, but then I changed my mind—goodness knows what you feel about me now! I waited so impatiently for you to come today. Do come out into the garden."

They went out into the garden and sat down on the bench under the aucient maple-tree, as they had done four years ago. It was dark.

"Well now, how are you getting on?" said Yekaterina Ivanovna.

"I'm all right, thanks," replied Startsey

He could not think of anything else to say. They set in silence, "I'm all worked up," said Yekaterina Ivanovna, putting her hand over her face, "Take no notice! I'm so glad to be home, so glad to see everyone, and I can't get used to it. What memories! I thought you and I would talk our heads off all might!"

He could we her face and her brilliantly shaning eyes, and here, in the dark, she seemed younger than in the room, even her former child-like expression seemed to have come back. He could see she was looking at him with a naive curiosity, as if she wanted to get closer in lum, to understand this man who had once loved her so ardently, so tenderly, and so vainly Her eves thanked him for that live And he, too, recalled all that had happened down to the most trilling detail, how he had roamed about the cemeters, and how, in the small hours, exhausted, le had gone lack to his home, and suddenly he felt sad, regretting the past A flame flickered in his soul

'Do you remember that night I took you to the club? ' he and

'It was raining, dark

The flame in his soul grew bigger, and now he felt a desire to talk to beward his life

"Ah met he sighed "You ask me about my life How do we live here? We don't have We grow old and fat, we let ourselves go One lay follows another, life passes, drab and dings, without any striking impressions or thoughts. The day goes in making money, the evenings at the club, in the company of card players, drinkers, I historers all of whom I detest What sort of a life in that?"

But you have your work, a noble aim in life You used to be so fond of talking about your hospital I was an odd sort of creature then, fancying myself a great planist All young ladies play the piano nowadays and I did too like everyone else but there was nothing special about me I m as much a pianist as Mamma is a novelist. I did not understand you then of course, but afterwards in Moscow I often thought of you I never thought of anything else. What a jos to be a Jemstvo doctor to help sufferers, to serve the people' What a jos' repeated beketerina lyanovan enthusiastically 'When I thought about you in Moscow you seemed to me an ideal lofty character

Startees remembered the notes he produced with such satisfac tion from his pockets every evening and the flame in his soul

died dawn

He got up to go back to the house. She took his arm

'You're the best person I have ever known" she cutuined "We will see one another and talk went we? Pr m e me that I am not a real pracest I am under all cons al accurself and I will never that or talk about the in front for it

When they re-entered the house of lorest a saw it the hilbert room ler face the mournful paretral a grat ful plance she I estoned on him he felt a little eneass. Lut a sured himself once more

"It's a good thing I didn't marry her." He took his leave.

"You have no earthly right to leave before supper," said Petrovich, seeing him off. "It's extremely peckay-valier on part. Come on now, perform!" he cried, thrning to Pava in $I_{lall_{*}}$ cents:

Pava, no longer a little boy, but a young man, with a motache, struck an attitude, raised his hand, and said in tragic r

All this only irritated Startsey now. As he got into his ear riage and looked out at the dark house and garden, once so dear to him, everything came back to him with a rish Vera Yosi. forna's novels, Kitten's noisy excention on the grand piano, Ivan Petrovich's witticisms, and Pava's tragic pose, and he asked himself, since the most talented people in the whole town were so medioere, what was to be expected of the town itself? Three days later Pava brought him a letter from Yekaterina $I_{Vanovna.}$

"You never come to see us. Why?" she wrote, "I'm afraid you have changed towards us. I'm afraid, and the very thought terrifies me. Soothe me, come and tell me that everything is all

He read the letter, thought a moment, and said to Pava: Say I can't come today, my good man. I'm very busy. Pll come in a day or two," But three days passed, and then a week, and still he did not go. Once, while driving by the Turkin house in his carriage, he lold himself that he ought to look in, if only for a few minutes, but reflected a little ... and drove by.

A few more years passed. Startsey had become still stone quite obese, short of breath, and had to throw back his head whe he walked. It was a sight to see him drive by red-faced an hubby, his three horses jingling their hells, Panteleimon on the ox seat, red-faced and climbby, too, with rolly of fat on the back his neck, his arms extended straight in front of him as if they

were if wood, shouing to dracers coming towards him. "Keep to the r right!" Not a human being, but some heathen god seemed to be passing by His practice in the town was now so extensive that he never had a breathing space, he had a countricitate, and two houses in the town, and had his eye on another, still more profitable. Whenever he heard, in the Mutual Credit Society, of a house soon to be sold at action, he would enter it with sexial ceremony, pass through all the rooms, quite regardless of the hild dressed women and children in them who looked at him in astonishment and terror, tap with his stick on each along askings.

"Is this the study? Is this a hedroom? And what room is this?"
And all the while he would breathe heavily and mon his yes

wand garrers

He had many cares, but he did not throw up has post as a Zemstra dictor, the prey of anstree, he desired to get what he could everywhere He was now always referred to as "Yonich" both in Dyalish and the town "Where's Younch off to?"

"lladn't we better call in Youich'

His voice, no doubt owing to the layers of fat around his throat, had become thrill and squesks. His disposition, too, had changed, he had become tritiable and disagreeable. While examining his patients he would often like his temper, bang impatiently on the floor with his stick, and exclaim, in his unipless ant voice.

'Knully restrict yourself to answers to my questions. Don't talk

unnecessarily "

He lives alone His life is trabons nothing interests him

His love for fatten was the only probably the last joy he extense altring the whole of his separan in Dadiah. He plays you at the child of an evening and than sits at a Li, while all I's him self and has supper He is the is wind. In I stan the oldest and must respected of all the child sexuals. Here bring him Lafitte number 17, and everyone, the managing staff, the clock the footimen, know has his sea ind tables, and do their best to himitian him, otherwise, which food fathful he will suddenly first a tage and start knowling on the flow with his will suddenly first a tage and start knowling on the flow with his visit.

During supper he occasionally torns and joins in some con-

*What are you talking about ! Lh ! Who !

And if the conversation at the next table should happen to turn on the Turkins, he asks

"Are you talking about the Turkins? The ones whose daughter plays the piano?" And that is about all there is to be said about him.

And the Turkins? Ivan Petrovich has not aged or altered in any way, he still jokes and relates funny stories. Vera Yosifovna reads her novels to her visitors with as much gusto and frank. ness as ever. And Kitten practises four hours a day. She has aged perceptibly, is often ill, and goes to the Crimea every autumn with her mother. When he sees them off, Ivan Petrovich wipes his eyes as the train draws out of the station, crying after it: "Goodeebyee!" And he waves his handkerchief.

1898

THE MAN WHO LIVED IN A SHELL

The sportmen, overthen by darkness on the outskirts of the village of Virinon-virlage, deeded to spend the night in a shelonging to Prokofs the village elder There were two of them, Ivan Ivanich the veterinary surgeon and Burkin, the high school teacher. Ivan Ivanich hore a strange, higheard of name Chimelia Himaliaisky, the name did not seem to out him, and everyone relified him simply by his name and patronymic—Ivan Ivanich, he lived at a stud farm not far from the town, and was now himing for the vike of an outing in the fresh air. The high school teacher Burkin spent every summer on the estate of Count P, and was regarded by the inhabitants of those parts as quite one of themselves.

Neither of them slept Ivan Ivanich, a tall, lean old man with a long moustache, sat outside the door, in the moonlight, smoking his julie Burkin lav inside, on the hay concealed by the darkness.

They whiled away the time by telling each other stones. They spoke of Mayra, the wife of the village elder, a perfectly halfmand by no means unintelligent woman, who had never been out of her native village in her life. She had never seen a town or a railway, and had spent the last ten years sitting by her stove, only venturing out at night.

'Is it'o very strange, though?" said Burkin "There are plenty of people in this world sho are reduces by nature and strice, like the hermaterials or the snail, to retreat within their shells. Perhaps this is just a minifestion of attawn, a return to the times when in forlears find not yet become social animals and inhalisted solitary caves. Or perhaps such people are one of the varieties of the I minim species, who knows? I am no raturalist, and it is not for me to attempt to robe such problems, all I want to say is that record to like Markin zero by no means rare planomena Why.

only a month or two ago there died in our town a colleague of mine, Belikov, a teacher of Greek, You must have heard of him. He was famous for never stirring out of his house, even in the best weather, without an umbrella, galoshes and a wadded coat. His umbrella he kept in a case, he had a case of grey suede for his watch, and when he took out his pen-knife to sharpen a pencil. he had to draw it out of a case, too; even his face seemed to have a case of its own, since it was always hidden in his turned-up coat-collar. He wore dark glasses, and a thick jersey, and stopped up his ears with cotton wool, and when he engaged a droshky, made the izvozchik put up the hood. In fact, he betraved a perpetual, irrepressible urge to create a covering for himself, as it were a case, to isolate him and protect him against external in-Reality irritated and alarmed him and kept him in constant terror, and, perhaps to justify his timidity, the disgust which the pre-ent aroused in him, he always praised the past, and things which had never had any existence. Even the dead languages he taught were merely galoshes and umbrellas between himself and real life.

"How beautiful, how sonorous is the Greek language!" he would say with a beatific expression; and by way of proof he would half-close his eyes, raise a finger and murnur: 'An-thro-

pos!

"Belikov tried to keep his thoughts in a case, too. Only those circulars and newspaper articles in which something was prohibited were comprehensible to him. When instructions were circulated forbidding school-boys to be in the streets after 9 p. m., or an article was published in which indulgence in carnal love was condemned, everything was clear and definite for him—these things were prohibited once and for all. In his eyes permission and indulgence always seemed to contain some doubtful element, something left musaid, vague. If a dramatic society or a readingroom or a café were allowed to be opened, he would shake his head and say gently:

"'It's a very fine thing no doubt, but . let's hope no evil will come of it."

"The elightest infringement or deviation from the rules plunged him in dejection, even when it could not possibly concern him. If one of his colleagues were late for prayers, or rumours of a trick played by some school boys reached his ears, if a dame de classe were seen late at right in the company of an officer, he would be profoundly agitated, repeating constantly that he was

alraid it would lead to no good. At the meetings of the teachers' council he fairly tormented us with his circumspection and suspicions, his apprehensions and suggestions (typical of a mind enessed) the soung people in both the girls' and boys' schools behave disgracefully, make a terrible noise in the class roomssupposing the authorities get to hear of it, he hoped no evil would come of it, and wouldn't it help matters if we expelled Petrov from the second form, and Yegorov from the fourth? And what do you think " With his sighs and moans, his dark glasses on his little, white face -a ferrety sort of face, you know-he managed to depress us all to such an extent that we yielded, gave Petros and Yegorov low marks for behaviour, had them put in the lockup, and, finally, expelled He had an old habit of visiting us in our hones. Gourg to the rooms of a fellow teacher, he would sit down and say nothing, with a watchful air After an hour or so of this, he would get up and go He called this 'keeping on friendly terms with one's colleagues,' and it was obvious that he found It an uncongenial task and only came to see us because he considered it his duty as a fellow teacher. We were all afraid of him Even the headmaster was Just think! Our teachers are on the whole a decent, intelligent set, brought up on Turgenes and Slichedein, and yet this mite of a man, with his eternal unibrella and exercises, managed to keep the whole school under his thumb for fifteen years! And not only the school, but the entire town? Our ladies gave up their Saturday private theatricals for lear of his finding out about them, the clergy were afraid of eating ment or ulaying cards in his presence. Under the influence of men like Belikov the people in our town have begun to be afraid of everything They are afraid to sucak loudly, write letters, make friends, read books, help the poor, teach the illiterate

Ivan Insich cleared his throat as it in preparation for some weight remark, but first he relit his top and glanced up at the

moon, and only then said, in unharried rouce

* Quite right A decent, intelligent set, reading Turgenes, Sheliedrin and Buckle and all those, and yet they submitted, they

bore with him ... That's inst at "

"Belikov and I lived in the same house went on Burkin, "on the same floor, his door was just or joint mine, we saw quite a lot of one another, and I had a justify knowl date of what his homelife was like. It was the same story dressing gown, night capstutters, holts and kars, a long list of restrictions and prohibitions, and the same adapte. Its long one sets will come of it." Lenten fare did not agree with him, but he could not cat meat or people might say that Belikov did not observe Lent. So he ate pike fried in butter—it was not fasting but neither could it be called meat. He never kept female servants for fear of people getting 'notions,' but employed a male cook, Afanasy, an old man of about sixty, drunken and crazy, who knew how to cook from having served as a batsman some time in his life. This Afanasy was usually to be seen standing outside the door with folded arms always muttering the same thing over and over again with a deep sigh:

"'Ah, there's a sight of them about, nowadays!"

"Belikov's tiny bedroom was like a box, and there was a canopy over the bed. Before going to sleep he always drew the bedelothes over his head; the room was hot and stuffy, the wind rattled against the closed doors and mounted in the chimney; sighs were

heard in the kitchen, ominous sighs. . . .

"And he would lie trembling under his blanket. He was afraid that some evil would come, that Afanasy would murder him, that thieves would break in, and his very dreams were haunted by these fears; and in the mornings, when we walked side hy side to the school, he was always pale and languid and it was obvious that the crowded school he was approaching was the object of his terror and aversion, and that it was distasteful for him, a recluse by nature, to have to walk by my side.

"They make such a noise in the class-rooms, he would say, as if trying to find an explanation for his heaviness of heart. It's

quite disgraceful.'

"And what do you think? This teacher of Greek, this hermitcrab, once nearly got married."

Ivan Ivanich turned his head sharply towards the shed.

"You don't mean it!" he said.

"Yes, he nearly got married, strange as it may sound. We were sent a new teacher for history and geography, one Kovalenko, Mikhail Savvich, a Ukrainian. He brought his sister Varya with him. He was young, tall, dark-complexioned, with enormous hands and the sort of face that goes with a deep voice; as a matter of fact he had a deep, booming voice, as if it came from a barrel.... His sister, who was not so young, thirty or thereabouts, was also tall; willowy, black-browed, red-checked, she was a peach of a girl, lively and noisy, always singing Ukrainian song-, always laughing. On the slightest provocation she would burst out into a ringing ha-ha-ha! The first time we became really acquainted

with Intolier and sister, if I am not mistaken, was at our head mister's mine lity party. Suddenly, among the severe, comentional, dull teachers who make even going to parties a duty, a new Venus rose from the foam, one who walked about with arms akinho. Implied, vang, dianced... Ste sang with great leeling. The Winds Are Blowing, following it with another song, then another, and we were all claimed, even Belikov. He sat beside her, and vaid, with a lonosped simle.

"The Ukraiman tongue in its sweetness and delightful sonor-

ity is reminiscent of the ancient Greek."

'The lady was flattered, and began telling him with sincere feeling about her laranteed in the Godyachi uyezd, where her Murmite lived and where there were such period and such pumphins.' Pumphins are called marrows in the Ukraine, and they make a delicious borsheh with blue egg plant and red capitatin, ever to good, you know.'

"We sat round her, listening, and the same thought struck us all.
"Why shouldn't these two get married?" said the headmaster's

wife to me in a low voice

"For some reason exception suddenly realized that our Belikov
was a bachelor and we wondered how it was that we had never
remarked, had compitely overloaded, so important a detail in
his life What was his attitude to woman, how did he solve this
vitel problem for himself? We hid never thought about it before;
perhays none of us could admit the idea that a man who wore
over-loce all the year round and slept under a canopy was ca
pable of lound.

"'He's well over forty and she a thirty the headmaster's

shife went on 'I think she would take him

sold went on 'I think sie would take him
"The things one does out of sheer boredom in the provinces,
the abstrad, useless things! And all because what ought to be
done, never is done Why why days it feel we had to marry off
this bletkov, whom nobody could magnie in the role of a marred man? The headmaster's wife, the inspector's wide, and all
the blobes who had anything to do with the school, brightened
up, and actually became handsomer, as if they had at 1st found
an object in life The headmaster's wife took a low in the theatre,
and whom do we behold in this low but Aura, fanning herself
with an enorroous Ian, radiant happy and at her side Behlow,
small and huddled up, as if he had been extracted from his toom
with puncers I myself give a party, to which the ladies inside
on my institute Behlow and Avras In a word we started the ball

211

14*

rolling. The idea of marriage, it appeared, was by no means disagreeable to Varya. Her life with her brother was far from happy, they did nothing but wrangle all day long. I'll give you a typical scene in their lives: Kovalenko stalks along the street, tall and massive, wearing an embroidered shirt, his forelock tumbling over his brow from beneath the peak of his cap; a parcel of books in one hand, a guarled walking-stick in the other. He is followed by his sister, also carrying books.

"But, Misha, you haven't read it! she shouts. 'You haven't,

I tell you, I am absolutely certain you never read it!'

"'And I tell you I have!' Kovalenko shouts back, knocking with his stick on the payement.

"'For goodness' sake, Misha! What makes you so cross? It's

only a matter of principle, after all!

"'And I tell you I have read it!' shouts Kovalenko, still louder.

"And at home, whenever anyone came to see them, they would start bickering. She was probably sick of such a life, and longing for a home of her own, and then—her age: there was no time for picking and choosing, the girl would marry anyone, even a teacher of Greek. It's the same with all our girls, by the way—they'd marry anyone, simply for the sake of getting married. However that may be, Varya was beginning to show a marked liking for this Belikov of ours.

"And Belikov? He visited Kovalenko in the same way that he visited the rest of us. He would go to see him, and sit saying nothing. And there he would sit in silence, while Varya sang 'The Winds Are Blowing,' gazing at him from her dark eyes, or sud-

denly breaking out into her 'ha-ha-ha!'

"In affairs of the heart, especially when matrimony is involved, suggestion is all-powerful. Everyone—his colleagues, the ladies—began assuring Belikov that he ought to marry, that there was nothing left for him in life but marriage; we all congratulated him, uttering with solemn countenances various commonplaces to the effect that marriage was a serious step, and the like; besides, Varenka was by no means plain, she might even be considered handsome, and then she was the daughter of a councillor of state, she had a farmstead of her own and, still more important, was the first woman who had ever treated him with affection. So he lost his head and persuaded himself it was his duty to marry."

"That was the moment to take his umbrella and overshoes

away from him1 ' put in Ivan Ivanich

"All, but that proceed to Ie impossible! He placed Varenka's hotograph on his desk, kept coming to me to talk about Varenka, family life, and the seriousness of marriage, went often to the Kox-lenkos, but did not change his way of living in the least On the contrary, the decision to marry serimed to have a painful effect on him he grew thinner, faller and seemed to retrest still further into his shell.

"I find Varyara Savaishna an agreeable girl," he said to me with his faint, erooked smile, 'and every man ought to get married, I know, but it's all so sudden you know. One must think

"'What's there to think about? I answered 'Get married, that's all '

"No no, matriage is a serious step, one ought to weigh one's future duties and responsibilities first so's to make sure no cui will come of it. It worries me so, I can't sleep at night And to tell you the truth I am somewhat alarmed—they have such a strange was of thomking she and her brother, their outlock, you know, is so strange, and then she is so sprightly

Supposing I marry and get mixed up in something

"And lie put off uroj oung to be a justing it off from day to day, much to the disripmonthment of the beadmaster will end the other ladies, he kept weighing his future duties and responsibilities, walking out with varieties almost every day probably thinking the situation demanded it of him and coming to me to discuss family life in all its aspects Very likely he would have proposed in the end contracting another of those etupid unneces say mistrages, which are made fere by the dissination of skeet baredon and for want of something better to do it end to dissilately Schadal had not sud lend 1 i. k. n. m. I. m. is tell you that Varieties 4 fortler kowal the last sutrected a latted for Belsko from the very first day of their acquaintance and could never stand him.

"I can't un ferstand you," Ie would say, shrugging his should ers, Tow can you tolerate that meak of a vain that mig? How can you he here, gentlemen? The aftir vilere is sinhing, pois onous Do you call yourselves teachers peak gives? You re noth ing litt a pack of place-bunders. Your's bod is not a temple of science, but a charitable institut in these sa's ckls smell about it, like in a policeman shooth. Yo ray frends? I shan the low with you I'll be going back to mi larmitead to caid: crashish and teach the Ukrainian lads. Yes, I'll go away, and you may stay with your Judas, and be damned to him!'

"Another time he would roar with laughter first in a deep bass.

and then in a shrill soprano till the tears came to his eyes.

"'Why does he sit there? What does he want-sitting and staring?"

"He gave Belikov a nickname of his own: vampire-spider.

"Naturally we avoided mentioning to him that his sister was about to marry this 'spider.' When the headmaster's wife hinted to him that it would be nice to see his sister settled down with such a solid and respected person as Belikov, he knitted his brows and said:

"It's none of my business. She may marry a snake for all I

care. I'm not one to meddle in other people's affairs.'

"Now, hear what happened later. Some wag drew a caricature: Belikov in his overshoes, the ends of his trousers turned up, his umbrella open over his head and Varya walking armin-arm with him; beneath the drawing there was an inscription: "The Anthropos in Love." The expression of his face, you know, was very true to life. The artist must have sat up several nights over his work, for the teachers of both the schools, the girls' and the hoys', and of the seminary, and all the town officials received a copy. Belikov received one, too. The caricature had the most depressing effect on him.

"One day we went out of the house together, it happened to be the first of May and a Sunday and the whole school, pupils and masters, were to meet in front of the school and walk to a wood outside the town—well, we went out, he looking very green about the gills and as black as thunder.

"What ernel, malicious people there are in the world," he

said, and his lips quivered.

"I could not help feeling sorry for him. We walked on, when who should we see but Kovalenko riding a bicycle, followed by Varenka, also on a bicycle, panting, red-faced, but very jolly and happy.

"We'll be there before all of you! she cried. In't it a glorious

day? Wonderful!'

"They were soon out of sight. Wy Behkov, no longer green but deathly pale, was struck dumb. He stopped and stared at me.

"What can the meaning of this be?" he asked. 'Or do my exest decrive me? Is it proper for schoolteachers and nomen to ride bicycles?'

"There's nothing improper about it, I said, 'Why shouldn't

they ride bicycles?"

"'But it is meufferable!' he ened 'flow can you talk like that?"

'The shock he had received was too great, refusing to go any further, he turned homewards

"All the next day he kept nerrously rubbing his hands together and starting, and join could see by his face that he was not well be left school I efore lessons were over—a thing he hid never done before. And he did not ext any dinner. Towards exeming he dieseld warmly though it was a real summer day, and shuffled fit to the Assalends v Jarenta was not in, but her brother was

"Take a seat, please, said Kovalenko coldly, knitting his brows, he had just got up from his afternoon nap, his face was

still heavy with sleep, and he felt awful

"After sitting in silence for about ten minutes, Belikov began

"I have come to releve my mind. I am very, very unhappy."
A certian inknown Lampoont lais made a drawing in which he tubules me and a certain other person near to us both. I consider a my duty to a source you that it is not my fault. I have done nothing to give grounds for such siderals on the contrary, I have be have disken all the time.

"Kovalenko sat silent and lowering After a short pause Belikov

went on in his low plaintive voice

"And there's something else I have to ear to you. I am a veteran and you are only beginning your career and it is my duty as an older colleague of yours to warn you. You ride a bicycle and this is a highly reprehensible aimsement for one who aspires to relicate the young.

"Why?" asked Kovalenko in his deep bass voice.

"Does it require explanation Mikhul Sysvich I should have thought it was self-endent. If the mister is to go about riding a briggle, there is nothing left for the quipt but to wide to their heads. And since no circular permit in, this has been issued at is wrong I was assumed vester by I mustly fainted when I saw your sister. A joing lady on a bestele-perporterory.

"What exactly do you want from me"

"'I only want to warm you, Mikhul Sassich You are young, you have your life before you, you must be very, very careful and you are so reckless, so vers reckless. You go about in en Iroidered shirts, are constantly seen earrying all sorts of books about the streets and now that I crede. For fact that you and your sister I we been seen riding hieveles will be riade known to the headmaster, it will reach the patron's ears. And that's no rood?

"'It is no man's business whether my sister and I ride bicycles or not!' said Kovalenko, flushing up. 'And if people stick their noses into my domestic and family affairs they can go to hell.'

"Belikov turned pale and rose to his feet.

"Since you assume such a tone with me, I cannot go on," he said. 'And I would beg you to be careful what you say about our superiors in my presence. The authorities must be treated with deference.'

"'And did I say anything wrong about the authorities?' asked Kovalenko, looking at him with hatred. 'Leave me alone, Sir. I am an honest man, and have nothing to say to a person like you. I abhor snakes.'

"Belikov fidgeted nervously and began hastily putting on his coat, an expression of horror on his face. Never in his life had

anyone spoken so rudely to him.

"You may say what you like,' he said as he passed on to the landing. But I must warn you: somebody may have overheard us, and to prevent our conversation from being misrepresented, and the possible consequence of this, I shall have to report the purport of our conversation to the headmaster... its main points. It is my duty,'

"'What? Report? Go on, then!'

"Kovalenko grasped him by the collar and gave him a push, and Belikov rolled down the stairs, his galoshes knocking against the steps. The staircase was long and steep, but he arrived at the bottom nuhurt, rose to his feet and felt the bridge of his nose to see if his glasses were unbroken. But while he was rolling down the steps, Varenka, accompanied by two other ladies, entered the porch; they all three stood at the bottom of the stairs, looking at him—and for Belikov that was the worst of all his sufferings. He would a great deal sooner have broken his neck, and both legs, than appear in a ridiculous light. Now the whole town would know of it, the headmaster would be told, and probably the putron, too. And who knows what that would lead to! Someone might draw another carresture and it would end in his house to resign....

"When he got up. Varya recognized him, and looking at his ridiculous face, his rumpled coat, his overshoe, without the faintest idea what had happened, but supposing that he must have slipped, she could not help bursting out with her loud 'hadiaha!'

"This buoyent resonant 'hasha' was the end; the end of Belikov's courting and of his earthly existence. He never again saw Varenke. The first thing he did when he got home was to remove her

photograph from the top of his desk, then he lay down on his bed, pever to leave it.

"Three days later Afanasy came to ask me whether he should send for the doctor, for his master was behaving very strangely. I went to see Belikov. He was lying under his canopy, covered by a blanket, mute, he answered my questions with a monosyllabic 'yes' or 'no,' and not a word more There he lay, while Manay, morose and frowning, stumped round the bed, heaving deep sighs and reeking of spirits like a tavern

"A month went by and Belikos died Laeryboily, that is to say, the two schools and the seminars, went to his funeral. Now, as he lay in his coffin, the expression on his face was gentle, pleasing, even cheerful, as if he were glail at last to be put into a case which he would never have to leave. Yes, he had achieved his ideal! As if in his honour the day was cloudy and wet, and we all wore galoshes and carried umbrellas. Varya was at the funeral, too, and shed a tear when the coffin was lowered into the grave I have noticed with I kraiman women that they must either laugh or weep, they ilo not admit of any intermediate moods

"I must confess that it is a great pleasure to bury individuals like Belikov. But we returned from the cemetery with long, 'lenten' faces; none of us wished to show our relief, a relief like that we felt long ago, in childhood, when the grown uns went away and we could run about the earden for an hour or two enjoving perfect freedom Ali, freedom' A limt of it, the faintest hope of attaining it, gives wings to our couls, doesn't it?

"We returned from the cemeters in cood spirits But hardly a week passed before everyday ble, lileak, fatiguing, meaningless life, peutler forbidden in one circular nor canctioned in another, resumed its usual course, and things were no latter than they had been before After all, when you come to think of it, though we have furied Belikov, there are still plears of men who live in a shell, and there are plenty as yet unborn "

"Yes indeed," said Ivan Ivanich as he lit his pipe

"And plenty as yet unboun!" repeated Burkin The high school teacher came out of the shed He was short, corpulent, quite I ald, with a long Idack locard reaching nearly to his belt; two does came out with him

'WI at a moon!" he said, looking up It was past midnight. The whole of the village was visible on the right, the long street extending for five versts or so hiers thing was plunged in trolound calm sleet, not a sound not a

stir, it seemed incredible that nature could be so calm. When we gaze upon a wide village street on a moonlit night, with its dwellings and hayrieks and sleeping willows, a great peace descends on our souls; in its serenity, sheltered by the shadows of the night from all toil, eares and grief, the village seems gentle, melaneholy and beautiful, the very stars seem to look down upon it kindly, and there seems to be no more evil in the world, and all is well. To the left, where the village ended, stretched the fields; one could look far into them, to the very horizon, and all was silent and motionless there, too, and the vast plain was flooded with moonlight.

"Yes, indeed," repeated Ivan Ivanich. "And is not our living in towns, in our stuffy, cramped rooms, writing our useless papers, playing vint, isn't that living in an oyster-shell, too? And the fact that we spend all our life among drones, litigious boors, silly, idle women, talk nonsense and listen to nonsense, is not that our oyster-shell, too? I could tell you a highly instructive yarn,

if you'd care to listen...."

"I think it's time we went to sleep," said Burkin. "Keep it for tomorrow."

They went to the shed and lay down. They sniggled into the hay and began to doze when a light footstep was heard outside. Somebody was walking about not far from the shed; a few steps, then a stop, and then again the light steps. The dogs growled.

"It's Mayra having a walk," said Burkin.

The steps were heard no more.

"To have to look on and listen to people lying," said Ivan Ivanich as he turned on his side, "and then to be called a fool for tolerating all those lies; to swallow insults, lumiliations, not dare to speak up and declare yourself on the side of honest, free men, to lie yourself, to smile, and all for the sake of a crust of bread and a snug corner to live in, for the sake of some miserable rank—no, no, life is intolerable!"

"This is quite another theme, Ivan Ivanich," said the school-

master. "Let's go to sleep."

In ten minutes Burkin was asleep. But Ivan Ivanich kept sighing and tossing on the hay; then he got up, went out again, and sitting down by the door, lit his pipe.

GOOSEBFRRIES

The sky had been covered with rain clouds ever since the early morning; it was a still day, cool and dull, one of those misty days when the clouds have long been lowering overhead and you keep thinking it is just going to rain, and the rain holds off. Ivan Ivanich, the veterinary surgeon, and Burkin, the high school tercher, had walked till they were tired and the way over the fields seemed endless to them har ahead they could just make out the windmill of the village of Mironoutskoye, and what looked like a range of low hills at the right extending well beand the ailing, and they both knew that this range was really the lank of the river, and that further on were meadows, green willow trees, country-estates, if they were on the ton of these bills, they knew they would see the same boundless fields and telegraph posts, and the train like a crawling esternillar in the distance, while in fine neather even the town would be visible On this still day, when the whole of nature seemed kindly and pensive, Ivan Ivanich and Burkin felt a surge of love for this plain, and thought how vest and leautiful their country was

"The last time we staved in Flder Pr k dy . hut said Burkin,

"you said you had a story to tell me

"Yes I wanted to tell you the story of my brother "

han banich took a deep breath and lighted his pipe as a preliminary to his narrative, but just then the rain came framinates liter at was coming down in torrents and nobody could say when it would stop bean beaned and Barkin stood still, lost in thought. The does already sorked stood with drooping tails, gainer at their wistfolls.

"We must try and first sletter" said Birkin Let's go to Alekhin's It's quite pear

"Come on, then "

They turned aside and walked straight across the newly reap held, veering to the right till they came to a road. Very so poplars, an orchard, and the red roofs of barns came into sigl The surface of the river gleamed, and they had a view of an external sive reach of water, a windmill and a whitewashed bathing-shee This was Sofyino, where Alekhin lived.

The mill was working, and the noise made by its sails drowned the sound of the rain; the whole dam trembled. Horses, soaking wet, were standing near some carts, their heads drooping, and people were moving about with sacks over their heads and shoulders. It was wet, middy, bleak, and the water looked cold and sinister. Ivan Ivanich and Burkin were already experiencing the misery of dampness, dirt, physical discomfort, their boots were eaked with mid, and when, having passed the mill-dam, they took the upward path to the landowner's barns, they fell silent, as if vexed with one another.

The sound of winnowing came from one of the barns; the door was open, and clouds of dust issued from it. Standing in the doorway was Alekhin himself, a stout man of some forty years, with longish hair, looking more like a professor or an artist than a landed proprietor. He was wearing a white shirt greatly in need of washing, belted with a piece of string, and long drawers with no trousers over them. His boots, too, were caked with mud and straw. His eyes and nose were ringed with dust. He recognized Ivan Ivanich and Burkin, and seemed glad to see them.

"Go up to the house, gentlemen," he said, smiling. "I'll be with you in a minute."

It was a large two-storey house. Alekhin occupied the ground floor, two rooms with vaulted ceilings and tiny windows, where the stewards had lived formerly. They were poorly furnished, and smelled of rye-bread, cheap vodlin, and harness. He hardly ever went into the upstairs rooms, excepting when he had guests. Ivan Ivanich and Burlin were met by a maid-servant, a young woman of such beauty that they stood still involuntarily and exchanged

"You have no idea how glad I am to see you here, dear friends," said Alekhin, overtaking them in the hall, "It's quite a surprise! Pelageya," he said, turning to the maid, "find the gentlemen a change of clothes. And I might as well change, myself. But I must have a wash first, for I don't believe I've had a bath ince the spring. Wouldn't you like to go and have a bathe

The beauteous Pelageya looking very soft and delicate brought them towels and soap, and Alekhin and his guests set off for the Lathing house

"Yes it a a long time since I had a wash" he said, taking off his clothes. As you see I I we a nice batting place my fatter hal it built, but somehow I never seem to get time to wash"

He sat on the step soaping his long locks and his neck, and all round lum the water was brown

'Yes, you certainly " remarked Ivan Ivanich with a rignil

icant glance at his hosts head

"It's a long time since I had a wash. " repeated Alekhin, somewhat abaded and be somed immediagain and now the

water was dark I lue like ank

Ivan Ivanich emerged from the shed, splashed noisily into the water, and I egan swimming beneath the rain spiesding his arms wide, making waves all round him and the white water blies rocked on the waves he made. He swam into the very middle of the river and then dived a moment later came up at another place and swam further during constantly and trying to touch the bottom "Ah my God," he kert exclaiming in his enjoyment "Ah, my God " He swam up to the mill, had a little talk with some peasants there and turned back but when he got to the mulille of the river he floated holding his face up to the rain Burkin and Afeklin were dressed and ready to go but he went on swimming and dising

"God! God! he kert exclaiming Dear God!

*Come out!" Burkin shouted to him They went back to the house And als after the lamp was lit in the great drawing room on the upper floor and Burkin and han Isanich in silk dressing gowns and warm slippers were seated in arm chairs while Mekl o will and imled paced the room in his new frack out on any the wirmth the cleanly ness, I is dry clothes and comfortable slippers, while the fair Pelageya smiling benevolently, stepped noiselessly over the carret with her tray of tea and a reserver did Ivan Iranich emink tiren his yarn, the ancient dames, young ladies and military gentlemen locking down at them severely from their gilled frames as if they too were listening

"There were two of us brothers the began "Is an hannels (me) and my Liotler Nikolas Isanich, two years sourger than myself I wert in I r learning and became a seterimary surgeon I it Ni kolas started working in a government office when he was only

nincteen. Our father, Chimsha-Himalaisky, was educated in school for the sons of private soldiers, but was later promoted officer's rank, and was made a hereditary nobleman and give a small estate. After his death the estate had to be sold for debt but at least our childhood was passed in the freedom of the country-side, where we roamed the fields and the woods like peasant children, taking the horses to graze, peeling bark from the trunks of lime-trees, fishing, and all that sort of thing. And anyone who has once in his life fished for perch, or watched the thrushes fly south in the autumn, rising high over the village on clear, cool days, is spoilt for town life, and will long for the country-side for the rest of his days. My brother pined in his government office. The years passed and he sat in the same place every day, writing out the same documents and thinking all the time of the same thing-how to get back to the country. And these longings of his gradually turned into a definite desire, into a dream of purchasing a little estate somewhere on the bank of a river or the shore of a lake.

"He was a nicek, good-natured chap, I was fond of him, but could feel no sympathy with the desire to lock oneself up for life in an estate of one's own. They say man only needs six feet of earth. But it is a corpse, and not man, which needs these six feet. And now people are actually saying that it is a good sign for our intellectuals to yearn for the land and try to obtain country-dwellings. And yet there estates are nothing but those same six feet of earth. To escape from the town, from the struggle, from the noise of life, to escape and hide one's head on a country-estate, is not life, but egoism, idleness, it is a sort of renunciation, but renunciation without faith. It is not ax feet of earth, not a country-estate, that man needs, but the whole globe, the whole of nature, room to display his qualities and the individual characteristics of his coul.

"My brother Nikolai sat at his office-desk, dreaming of eating sonp made from his own cablages, which would spread a delicion, smell all over his own yard, of eating out of doors, on the press grass of sleeping in the sun, atting for hours on a liench outside his gate, and gazing at the fields and woods. Books on agriculture and all those lims printed on calendars were his delight, his favourite spiritual nourishment. He was fond of read. ng newspapers, too, but all he read in them was advertisements of the sale of so many acres of arable and meadowland, with rsidence attached, a river, an orchard, a mill, and pords fed

by springs. His head was full of visions of garden paths, flowers, frint, nesting howes, extra points, and all that sort of thing. These visions differed according to the adventisements he came across, but for some revon posselerrs bushes invariably figured in them. He could not perform to himself a single estate or picture-quenook that did not have goodelerrs fusibles in it.

"Country life has its conveniences," he would say 'You sit on the verandah, drinking tea, with your own ducks floating on the pond, and everything smells so nice, and and the goosebetries

ripen on the bushes

"He diese up plans fur his estate, and every plan showed the sunce features a) the main residence, b) the servant's wing, c) the kitchen garden, d) good-herry bushes. He lived thriftly, never at ear drank his fill diesed anylow, like a beggar, and swed up all his money in the land. He became terribly stury. I could hardly hear to look at him, and whenever I give him a hithe money, or sent him a present on some holdsay, he just that away, too Once a man gets an idea into his head, there's no doing anything with him.

The years passed, he was sent to another gulernis, he was over forty, and was still reading advertisements in the papers, and saving up. At last I heard he had married All for the same purpose, to but himself an estate with conselerry bushes on it. he martied an uply elderly widow, for whom he had not the slightest affection, just because she had some money. After his marriage he went on living as thriftily as ever, half starving his wife, and futting her money in his own bank account Her first husband had been a postmaster and she was used to use and cordials. Lut with her second husband she did not even get enough black literal to cat. She legan to languish on this diet and three years later yielded up her soul to teel til course my luother did not for a moment consider lumsell guilty of her death Money, like youlka makes a man eccentric There was a merchant in our town who asked for a plate of longer on his deathlied and ate up all his bank notes and lotters tickets with the honey, so that me one else should get them. And one day when I was examin me a conscriment of cattle at a railway statum a drover fell under the engine and his leg was severed from his loody. We carried him all I looks into the waiting room, a terrible sight, and he did nothing but beg us to look for his leg worrying all the time-there were twenty rul les in the loot, and he was alraid they would be lost **

"You're losing the thread," put in Burkin.

Ivan Ivanich panied for a moment, and went on: "After wife's death my brother began to look about for an estate. can search for five years, of course, and in the end make a miss and buy comething quite different from what you dream of. brother Nikolai hought three hundred acres, complete with pert man's house convants quarters and a park, on a moreas to be paid through an agent, but there were neither an orchare Fogerberry bushe, nor a pond with ducks on it. There were river, but it was as dark as college, owing to the fact that there was a brick works on one side of the estate, and bone line on the other. Nothing danned, however, my brother Nikolai Ivanieli ordered two dozen goo-cherry buches and settled dosen as a landed proprietor.

"Last year I paid him a visit. I thought I would go and see hos. he was getting on there. In his letters my brother gave his address as Chumbaroklova Pusiosh or Himalaiskove. I arrived at Hima. laishoye in the afternoon. It was very hot. Liverywhere were ditches, fences, hedges, rows of firsteen, and it was hard to drive into the yard and find a place to Jean one's carriage, As I went a fat pinger-coloured dog, remarkably like a pig. came out to meet mr. It looked as if it would have barked if it were not to Inzy. The cook, who was also fat and lite a pig came out of the kitchen, barefoot, and said her master van having his after dinger richt. I made my way to my brother's room, and found him ening up in hed, his knew covered by a blant et. He had used, and grow. thom and flabby His cheeks, no e and hps protented of almo expected him to grunt into the blanket.

We subtained and superstours of jos, margled with melan-Chally - herause we had once her vount and were more horn with press. linited and approaching the grase. He put on his chilles and sort out to show the over his r tate. Well, how are you rettime on here? I when

a All right if of the I'm enform month,

"He was no longer the poor, total elect, but a true proprietor, The was no conger one poor, commence one con proposed. ountry life. He may a lot weether in the Lath-Louise, and present oners the tree are on a top mercure many manerouses continue or literation with the fifting contempts, " Lifehouth and the Lone life - 1 mi tool offer on if the fire -Solve to call hiry Your Horons, Ho yest in for religion in office with the first son following the reason of my takens of any file ter thous road vorte and other were the error of the proof vorte. He

treated all the diseases of the peasants with Licardonate of soils and castor oil and had a special thanksening service held on his name day after which he provid d half a pail of volka, suppusing that this was the right thing to do Oh, those terrible half pails' I daily the fix landlord houls the presents before the Zenetso na usontativo for letting their sheep graze on his land, tomorrow, on the day of a pouring, he treats them to half a peal of yorks, and they druck and sine and shout larrish, prostrating themselves I four hom when they are drank. Any improvement in his conditions, anothing like strets ar ulleness, develops the must insolent complacency in a linesian Aikulai Ivanich, who had been alraid of having an opinion of his own when he was in the government service was now continually country, out with axions, in the most ministered manner. Inhecition is essential, but the rent le no net reals for it set comporal punishment re an exil, but in certain cases it is beneficial and indispensable." "I know the people and I know how to treat them," he said

"I know the people and I know how to treat them," he said. The people have me I cale have to lift my fittle finger and the people will the whitesix I want.

"And all this, mark you with a way indulgent sindle Dier and over again the repeated. We the gentre or spreking as a gentlemin," and seemed to less spine fragistic that our grand father was a peasant and our lather to samous while Our year straine.—Chamber thind seeks, or a this or deard now seemed

to him a recomming distinguished and implements mine. The first profit and not of him that I wish it speak. I should like to describe to sou the distance which can over me in those his lours beport in mix by their state. As we were thinking text in the extensity, the cook from high two still plate of powel erries. These were not posseberrus bout beta more view to concertions his own garden and with the little is the horbester had planted. Vike his love let it is a final, and provide at the good-better in to talk distance local treat his annutary superficient with emotion, distributed at me the troumphant plance of a child who has at large garden possessions of a longed local view of its minute.

"Delienus"

"And I e ate there greedly repeate, we and over ream

"Simply delicious" You try them

"They were I rid and sour I it is Postki sais. The his which elates is is dearer if in a thousand scher truths. I aw before me a really happy may sue whose I it stars I below me.

15 = 3561 22>

true, who had achieved his aim in life, got what he wanted, and was content with his lot and with himself. There had always been a tinge of melancholy in my conception of human happine, s, and now, confronted by a happy man, I was overcome by a feeling of sadness bordering on desperation. This feeling grew strongest of all in the night. A bed was made up for me in the room next to my brother's bedroom, and I could hear him moving about 1c-tlessly, every now and then getting up to take a goos-berry from a plate. How many happy, satisfied people there are, after all, I said to myself. What an overwhelming force! Just consider this life-the insolence and idleness of the strong, the ignorance and bestiality of the weak, all around intolerable poverty, cramped dwellings, degeneracy, drunkenness, hypocrisy, lying.... And yet peace and order apparently prevail in all those homes and in the streets. Of the fifty thousand inhabitants of a town, not one will be found to cry out, to proclaim his indignation aloud. We see those who go to the market to buy food, who eat in the day-time and sleep at night, who prattle away, marry, grow old, carry their dead to the cometeries. But we neither hear nor see those who suffer, and the terrible things in life are played out behind the scenes. All is calm and quiet, only statistics, which are dumb, protest; so many have gone mad, so many barrels of drink have been consumed, so many children died of malnutrition.... And apparently this is as it should be. Apparently those who are happy can only enjoy themselves because the unhappy bear their burdens in silence, and but for this silence happiness would be impossible. It is a kind of universal hypnosis. There ought to be a man with a hammer behind the door of every happy man, to remind him by his constant knocks that there are imhappy people, and that happy as he houself may be, life will sooner or later show him its claws, catastrophe will overtake him -- sickness, poverty, loss - and nobody will see it, just as he now neither sees nor hears the misfortines of others, but there is no man with a hammer, the happy man goes on living and the petry vicissitudes of life touch him lightly, like the wind in an aspentree, and all is well.

"That night I understood that I, too, was happy and content," continued Ivan Ivanich, getting up. "I, too, while out funding, or at the dinner table, have held forth on the right way to live, to vorship, to manage the people. I, too, have declared that without knowledge there can be no light, that education is essential, but that bare literacy is sufficient for the common people. Free-

dun is a blessing. I have said, one can't get on without it, any more than without air, but we must want Yes, that is what I said, and now lack. In the name of what must we wait?" Here Ivan branich looked august at Emkin. "In the name of what most we wait. Lask you! What is there to be considered! Don't le in such a laurey, they tell me, every idea materializes gradually, in its one time. But who are they who say this? What is the proof that it is just? You refer to the natural order of things, to the logic of facts, but according to what order, what logic do I, a living, thusking individual, stand on the edge of a ditch and wait for it to be gradually filled up, or choked with silt, when I might lean across it or build a lend, e over it? And again, in the name of what must be wait! Wart, when he have not the strength to live, though live we must stuff to live we desire!

"I left my brother early the next morning, and ever since I have found town life intolerable. The peace and order weigh on my spirits, and I am alread to look into windows, because there is now no sadder spectrole for me than a happy family seated around the tea table I am ald and unfit for the struggle, I am even incapable of feeling hatred I can only suffer inwardly, and give way to arritation and annovance, at night my head hurns from the rush of thoughts and I am unable to sleep only I were sounc'

Ivan Ivanich began preing backwards and lorwards, repeating

"If only I were young still!

Suddenly he went up to Alcklan and lagan pressing first one of his hands, and then the other

"I'nvel Konstantinich," he said in imploring accents "Don't you fall into apaths, don't you let your conscience be hilled to sleep! While you are still young strong active d not be wears of well doing. There is no such if it is a light some nir poight there to be, but if there is any sense it put; so in ble this sense and purpose are to be found not in our own happiness but in something greater and more rational D) good'

Ivan Ivanich said all this with a pateons and time such

il he were asking for something for himself

Then they all three eat in their 11.1.1 from a re-another, and said notion. Is . 1 1 neither Buckin nor Mcklim It we are stors of a reser clerk who are an ilea cenerals and fine ladies who seemed to were looking down from their golded frau

much more interesting to hear about elegant people, lovely women. And the fact that they were sitting in a drawing-room in which everything—the swathed chandeliers, the arm-chairs, the carpet on the floors—proved that the people now looking out of the frame-had once moved about here, sat in the chairs, drunk tea, where the fair Pelageya was now going poiselessly to and fro, was better than any ctory.

Alcklin was desperately sleepy. He had got up early, at three o'clock in the morning, to go about his work on the estate, and could now hardly keep his eyes open. But he would not go to bed, for fear one of his guests would relate comething interesting after he was gone. He could not be sure whether what Ivan Ivanich had just told them was wise or just, but his visitors talked of other things besides grain, hay, or tar, of things which had no direct bearing on his daily life, and he liked this, and wanted them to go on....

"Well, time to go to hed," said Burkin, getting up. "Allow me

to wish you a good night."

Alekhin said good night and went downstairs to his own room, the visitors remaining on the upper floor. They were allotted a big room for the night, in which were two ancient hedsteads of carved wood, and an ivory crucifix in one corner. There was a pleasant smell of freshly laundered sheets from the wide, cool hads which the fair Pelagcya had made up for them.

Ivan Ivanich undressed in silence and lay down.

"Lord have mercy on us, sinners," he said, and covered his head with the sheet.

There was a strong smell of stale tobacco from his pipe, which he put on the table, and Burkin lay awake a long time, wondering where the stifling smell came from.

The rain tapped on the window-panes all night.

THE LADY WITH THE DOG

ι

People were telling our another that a newcomer had been seen on the promenade a buly with a dog Dmitre Dmitreh Guron had been a fortin, ht in Vality and was accustomed to its ways and he, too had begin to take an interest in fresh arranale from his west in Vernets contiduor cafe he cinght sight of a young woman in a toque, jassing along the promenade, she was fair and not very lith, after her totted a whose powersman

Later be encountered her in the municipal park and in the quarte exteral times a div. She was always alone wearing the same topin, and the pomeranian always trutted at her side Nobods know who she was and people referred to her simply as "the Irds with the dor."

"If she's here without her hisband, and without any friends," thought Guros, "it wouldn't be a fad rilea to make her acquain time."

He was not yet lotty, but had a twelve year-old daughter and but schoollon sons. He had been talked into marrying in his second yet; at college, and lot wate it we locked rearth trice as old as he was she was a tall. black browed woman, erect, identified impringe, and, as the said of herrelf, a "thinker" She was a great reader, omitted the "hard sign," at the end of words in ler letters, and called ler had and. Dumit," instead of Destri, and though he secretly considered her shallow narrowingded, and dowly, he stood in awe of her and distilled being at lone it was I mayne Let hall first begin decaying her art les was

[•] Certain projection is intellectually one product at the air and exin we may ober and expect the set into the last an algebra la cran sole.

now constantly unfaithful to her, and this was no doubt why ke spoke slightingly of women, to whom he referred as the lower race.

He considered that the ample lessons he had received from bitter experience entitled him to call them whatever he liked, but without this "lower race" he could not have existed a single day. He was bored and ill-at ease in the company of men, with whom he was always cold and reserved, but felt quite at home among women, and knew exactly what to say to them, and how to behave, he could even be silent in their company without feeling the slightest awkwardness. There was an elusive charm in his appearance and disposition which attracted women and caught their sympathies. He knew this and was himself attracted to them by some invisible force.

Repeated and bitter experience had taught him that every fresh intimacy, while at first introducing such pleasant variety into everyday life, and offering itself as a charming, light adventure, inevitably developed, among decent people (especially in Moscow, where they are so irresolute and slow to move), into a problem of excessive complication leading to an intolerably itseome situation. But every time he encountered an attractive woman he forgot all about this experience, the desire for life surped up in him, and everything suddenly seemed simple and amusing.

One evening, then, while he was dining at the restaurant in the park, the lady in the toque came strolling up and took a seat at a neighbouring table. Her expression, gait, these, coiffure, all told him that she was from the upper classes, that she was married, that she was in Yalta for the first time, alone and bored.... The accounts of the laxity of morals among visitors to Yalta are greatly exaggrerated, and he paid no heed to them, knowing that for the most pert they were invented by people who would gladly have transpressed thumselves, had they known how to set about it. But when the lady set down at a neighbouring table a few yards away from him, these stories of easy conquests, of eventsions to the mountains, came back to him, and the seductive idea of a bris', transitory liaison, an elfair with a woman whose very name he did not know, suddenly took possession of his mind.

He supped his fugers of the pomeronion, and when it trotted up to him, shook his forefineer at it. The pomeranian growled. Gurar shook his fuger waim.

The lady playered it hum and instantly lowered her exce-

"He doe n't hip?" she said, and blushed.

'May I give him a bene?" he asked and on her rod of consent added in Iriendly times; 'Have you been hing in Yalta?"
"Alout five day."

"And I am dragging out my second week here"

Nother spoke for a few minutes

The days pass quality, and yet one is so bared here," she said, not banking at 1 m

"It's the thing to say it's boring here. Prople never complain of baredom in God barshen holes like Belies or Zhailra, but when they get here it is. Oh, the dullness? Oh, the dust? You'd think they'd come from Grenally to easy the less of it?"

She laughed Then they both went on esting in silence, like complete stringers that after abover they left the restaurant together, and embarked upon the le lit pesting talk of people free and contented, for whom it is all the same where they go, or what they talk about They strolled along, remarking on the strange light over the sea. The water was a warm tender putple, the propoledt by on its surfer in a golden strip. They stud how close it was after the Lat has four a table for he was from Museon, that he was really a pholohogist but worked in a lank; that he had at one time trained hit well to sing in a private opera company, but had given up the cha that he owned two houses And from her by learned that she had grown up in Petersland, but had g t marred in the time of a where she had been being two years, that she would stay another month in Yalta, and that perhaps her had and who also needed a rest. would join her the was quite unable to exclain whether her husband was a member of the subcema to med or on the board of the Zemetro, and was greatly amused at herself for this Luttler, Guros Jearned that her name was Anna Sergevesna

Birk in his man moon he it ought also that and between bounded need for the near day it was a criticly. It is worn to be he reminded himself that only a very short time ago she had been a schodgrif, the his own drughter, learning her lessons, he remembered how much there was of shores and construct in her limbter, in her way of conserum with a stranger—it was pirel this the first time in her life that she found to set and on a situation in which men could fell where and watch her, and speak to be all the rare with a set on set could not laid to dain. He recalled for she is 2 (3) to a k be fine give very "A of the free's openful poul fet," he found to give to out to.

Lunsell as Le fell asleep

A week had passed since the beginning of their acquaintance. It was a holiday. Indoors it was stuffy, but the dust rose in clouds out of doors, and people's hats blew off. It was a thirsty day and Gurov kept going to the outdoor café for fruit-drinks and ices to offer Anna Sergeyevna. The heat was overpowering.

In the evening, when the wind had dropped, they walked to the pier to see the steamer come in. There were a great many people strolling about the landing-place; some, bunches of flowers in their hands, were meeting friends. Two peculiarities of the smart Yalta crowd stood out distinctly—the elderly ladies all tried to dress very young, and there seemed to be an inordinate

number of generals about.

Owing to the roughness of the sea the steamer arrived late, after the sun had gone down, and it had to manoeuvre for some time before it could get alongside the pier. Anna Sergeyevna seanned the steamer and passengers through her lorgnette, as if looking for someone she knew, and when she turned to Gurov her eyes were glistening. She talked a great deal, firing off abrupt questions and forgetting immediately what it was she had wanted to know. Then she lost her lorgnette in the ernsh.

The smart crowd began dispersing, features could no longer be made out, the wind had quite dropped, and Gurov and Anna Sergeyevna stood there as if waiting for someone else to come off the steamer. Anna Sergeyevna had fallen silent, every now and

then smelling her flowers, but not looking at Gurov.

"It's turned out a fine evening," he said. "What shall we do? We might go for a drive."

She made no reply.

He looked steadily at her and suddenly took her in his arms and kissed her lips, and the fragrance and dampness of the flowers closed round him, but the next moment he looked behind him in alarm—had anyone seen them?

"Let's go to your room," he murmured.
And they walked off together, very quickly.

Her room was stuffy and smelt of some seent she had bought in the Japanese shop. Gurov looked at her, thinking to himself: "How full of strange encounters life is!" He could remember carefree, good-natured women who were exhibitanted by love-making and grateful to him for the happiness he gave them, however short-lived; and there had been others—his wife among themwhose creeses were munerer, affected, hysterical, mixed up with a great deal of quite unoccessing talk, and whose expression seemed to say that all this was not just lovemaking in passion, but soo along much more significant, then there had been two in three learnth eddl women mer whose features fluid a pard atory expression between a determination to wring from life more than it could give a new no longer in their first worth, explicious, it trained despite for the sy, and when Gurins had cooled to these, their limits in set in him mathing but repulsion, and the lace thrumania. In this indirectories remained him of fish scales

But here the tumbur in Evik sanhors of south and inexperience were till apparent, and there was a feeling of endagraximent in the atmosphere is of someone had part knicked at the door Anna Sergescom. If it is with the day is sensed to regard the falter as smooth in (i) if it is extensive in it she had become a fallen somma, an attitude he found odd and disconcerting. Here features lengthened and dive jed, and her long har hung mourn fulls in either side for its fall is sometiment, the acceptance of the part of the fall is a region to more in some elessed painting.

"It will right to be said to a will never respect me one more."

On the table way a water melon fatters cut himself a slice from it and began clowly ratio at the bash an hour passed in

silence

Anna Sergereina was a rist in him, ascending the putits of a decent, mave woman who had seen very taile of life. The sulft are could learning on the rable series by him, her face had it was already that her heart is no leave.

"Why should I stope to see a see I blunds afth "

know what sou're enging

"Max God forgine me? she exclaimed and ber ever filled with tests," It's terrible."

"No need to seek to 1 steb v a life

"How can I justify mixelf? In a worked fallen woman, a deepise rixelf and have not the least thought of self justification. It will not look large deceased its mixelf. And not only now, I have been deceasing mixelf for ever so long. We harden now, I have been deceasing mixelf for ever so long. We harden have I be a flushed I don't know what it is be does at the effice but I know less a flushed. I was only twenty when I mixed him and I was decoured by curi-suit, I wasted nonething harden. It if I mixelf it is there must be a deflected kind of the I wanted to be. The I have large for the curroup with curroup with curroup with curroup is not if every understand that I if I

swear to God I could no longer control myself, nothing could hold me hack, I told my hushand I was ill, and I came here.... And I started going about like one possessed, like a madwoman ... and now I have hecome an ordinary, worthless woman, and everyone has the right to despise me."

Gurov listened to her, bored to death. The naive accents, the remorse, all was so unexpected, so out of place. But for the tears

in her eyes, she might have been jesting or play-acting.

"I don't understand," he said gently. "What is it you want?" She hid her face against his breast and pressed closer to him.

"Do believe me, I implore you to believe me," she said. "I love all that is honest and pure in life, vice is revolting to me, I don't know what I'm doing. The common people say they are snared by the devil. And now I can say that I have been snared by the devil, too."

"Come, come," he murmured.

He gazed into her fixed, terrified eyes, kissed her, and soothed her with gentle affectionate words, and gradually she calmed down and regained her cheerfulness. Soon they were laughing together again.

When, a little later, they went out, there was not a soul on the promenade, the town and its eypresses looked dead, but the sea was still roaring as it dashed against the beach. A solitary fishing-boat tossed on the waves, its lamp blinking sleepily.

They found a droshky and drove to Orcanda.

"I discovered your name in the hall, just now," said Gurov, "written up on the board. Von Diederitz. Is your husband a German?"

"No. His grandfather was, I think, but he helongs to the Orthodox church himself."

When they got out of the droshky at Oreanda they sat down on a bench not far from the church, and looked down at the sea, without talking. Yalta could be dimly discerned through the morning mist, and white clouds rested motionless on the summits of the mountains. Not a leaf stirred, the grasshoppers chirruped, and the monotonous hollow roar of the sea came up to them. speaking of peace, of the eternal sleep lying in wait for us all. The sea had roared like this long before there was any Yalta or Oreanda, it was rearing now, and it would go on roaring, just as indifferently and hollowly, when we had passed away. And it may be that in this continuity, this utter indifference to life and death, lies the secret of our ultimate salvation, of the stream of

life on our planet, and of its never ceasing movement towards

perfection

Side by side with a young woman, who looked so exquisite in the early light, soothed and enchanted by the sight of all this magical heauty—eca, mountains, clouds and the vast expanse of the sky—Gurov told himself that, when you came to think of it, everything in the world is beautiful really, everything but our

probably-looked at

them and went away. And there was something mysterious and beautiful even in this The steamer from Feodo ia could be seen coming towards the pier lit up by the dawn, its lamps out "There's dew on the grass," said Anna Sergeyevna, breaking

the silence

"Yes Time to go home

They went back to the town

After this they met every day at noon on the promenade, lunching and dining together going for walks and admiring the sea. She complained of sleeplessness of palpitations, asked the same questions over and over again alternately surrendering to jealousy and the fear that he did not really respect her. And often, when there was nobody in sight in the square or the park, he would draw her to him and kiss her passionately. The utter idleness, these kisses in broad daylight accompanied by furtise glances and the fear of discovery the heat the smell of the sea, and the idle, smart, well fed people continually cro-ing their field of vision, seemed to have given him a new lease of life. He told Anna Sergereyna she was beautiful and seductive, made love to her with impetuous passion and never left her side while she was always pensive, always traine to force from him the admis sion that he did not respect for that he did not love her a bit, and considered her just an ordinary woman. Almo t every night they drove out of town, to Oreanda, the water fall, or some other Leauty spot. And these excursions were invariably a success, each contributing fresh impressions of majestic beauti

All this time they kept expecting her hu band to arrive. But a letter came in which he told his wife that he was having trouble with his eyes and implored her to come home as soon as possible Anna Sergeverna made hasty preparations for leaving

"It's a good thing I'm going' she said to Guzos intervention of fate"

She left Yalta in a carriage, and he went with her as far as the railway station. The drive took nearly a whole day. When she got into the express train, after the second bell had been rung, she said:

"Let me have one more look at you.... One last look. That's right."

She did not weep, but was mournful, and seemed ill, the museles

of her cheeks twitching.

"I shall think of you ... I shall think of you all the time," she said. "God bless you! Think kindly of me. We are parting for ever, it must be so, because we ought never to have met. Good-

bye-God bless you."

The train steamed rapidly out of the station, its lights soon disappearing, and a minute later even the sound it made was silenced, as if everything were conspiring to bring this sweet oblivion, this madness, to an end as quickly as possible. And Gurov, standing alone on the platform and gazing into the dark distance, listened to the shrilling of the grasshoppers and the humming of the telegraph wires, with a feeling that he had only just waked up. And he told himself that this had been just one more of the many adventures in his life, and that it, too, was over, leaving nothing but a memory.... He was moved and sad, and felt a slight remorse. After all, this young woman whom he would never again see had not been really happy with him. He had been friendly and affectionate with her, but in his whole behaviour, in the tones of his voice, in his very caresses, there had been a shade of irony, the insulting indulgence of the fortunate male, who was, moreover, almost twice her age. She had insisted in calling him good, remarkable, high-minded. Evidently he had appeared to her different from his real self, in a word he had involuntarily deceived her

There was an autumnal feeling in the air, and the evening was chilly.

"It's time for me to be going north, too," thought Gurov, as he walked away from the platform. "High time!"

Ш

When he got back to Moseow it was beginning to look like winter, the stoves were heated every day, and it was still dark when the children got up to go to school and drank their tea, so that the nurse had to light the lamp for a short time. Frost had set in When the first snow falls, and one goes for one's free elegh ride, it is pleasant to see the white ground, the white roofs, one breathes freely and lightly, and remembers the days of ones youth. The ancient lime trees and birches, white with rime have a good natured look, they are closer to the heart than expresses and palms, and heneath their branches one is no longer haunted by the memory of mountains and the sec.

Guros had always lived in Moscow, and he returned to Moscow on a fine frost day, and when he put on his fur lined overcost and thick gloves, and sauntered down Petroska Street, and when, on Saturday evening, he heard the church hells ringing, his recent judges of the places he had visited lost their charm for him lie hecame gradually immerced in Moscow life, reading with audity three newspapers of day while declaring he never read Moscow newspapers on principle Once more he was caught up in a whird of restaurants, clubs, banquers, and celebrations, once more glowed with the flattering convectourness that well known lawyers and actors came to his house that he played cards in the

Medical Club opposite a professor

He had believed that in a month's time Anna Sergeyevna would be nothing but a vague memory and that hereafter with her wist ful smile, she would only occasionally appear to him in dreams like others before her But the month was now well over and winter was in full swing, and all was as clear in his memory as if he had only parted with Anna Sergeyevna the day before And his recollections grew ever more insistent When the voices of his children at their lessons reached him in his study through the evening stillness, when he heard a song, or the sounds of a music al box in a restaurant, when the wind howled in the chimney it all came back to him early morning on the pier the mists mountains the steamer from Feodesia the ke e He would race up and down his room for a long time smiling at his memories and then memory turned into dreaming, and what had happened mingled in his imagination with what was going to happen Anna Serges eyna did not come to him in his dreams she accompanied lum everywhere, like his shadow following him everywhere he went When he closed his eyes she seemed to stand before him in the flesh, still lovelier younger tenderer than she had really been, and looking back he saw himself too as letter than he had been in Yalta. In the evenings she looked out at him from the bookshelves, the fire place the corner he could hear her breathing, the sweet rustle of her skirts. In the streets he followed women with his eyes, to see if there were any like her....

He began to feel an overwhelming desire to share his memories with comeone. But he could not speak of his love at home, and outside his home who was there for him to confide in? Not the tenants living in his house, and certainly not his colleagues at the bank. And what was there to tell? Was it love that he had felt? Had there been anything exquisite, poetic, anything instructive or even amusing about his relations with Anna Sergeyevna? He had to content himself with uttering vague generalizations about love and women, and nobody guessed what he meant, though his wife's dark eyebrows twitched as she said:

"The role of a coxcomb doesn't suit you a bit, Dimitri."

One evening, leaving the Medical Club with one of his cardpartners, a government official, he could not refrain from remarking:

"If you only knew what a charming woman I met in Yalta!" The official got into his sleigh, and just before driving off,

turned and called out:
"Dmitri Dmitrich!"

"Yes?"

"You were quite right, you know-the sturgeon was just a leatle off."

These words, in themselves so commonplace, for some reason infuriated Gurov, seemed to him humiliating, gross. What savage manners, what people! What wasted evenings, what tedious, empty days! Frantic card-playing, gluttony, drunkenness, perpetual talk always about the same thing. The greater part of one's time and energy went on business that was no use to anyone, and on discussing the same thing over and over again, and there was nothing to show for it all but a stunted, earth-bound existence and a round of trivialities, and there was nowhere to escape to, you might as well be in a mad-house or a convict settlement.

Gurov lay awake all night, raging, and went about the whole of the next day with a headache. He slept hadly on the succeeding nights, too. sitting up in bed, thinking, or pacing the floor of his room. He was sick of his children, sick of the bank, felt not the slightest desire to go anywhere or talk about anything.

When the Christmas holidays came, he packed his things, telling his wife he had to go to Petersburg in the interests of a certain young man, and set off for the town of S. To what end?

lle hardly knew himself. He only knew that he must see Anna Sergeyevna, must speak to her, arrange a meeting, if possible

It arrived at 5 in the morning and engaged the best state in the hotel, which had a carpet of grey military frieze, and a dusty ink pot on the table, currounted by a leadlest sider, holding his hat in his raised hand. The hall porter told him what he wanted to know on Diederitz had a house of his own Stato Goncharnaya Street. It wasn't far from the hotel, he hied on a grand scale luxuriously, kept carriage horses, the whole

town knew him. The hall porter pronounced the name 'Drideritz' Gurov strolled over to Staro Goncharnaya Street and discovered the house. In front of it was a long grey fence with inverted

nails hammered into the tops of the palings

'A fence like that is enough to make anyone want to run away," thought Gurov looking at the windows of the house and the fence

He reasoned that since it was a holiday. Anna a hird-and would be tactles to embar rass her by calling at the house. And a note might fall into the hands of the hird-and and bring about catastrophe. The best thing would be to wait about on the chance of seeing her. And he walked up and down it estreet hovering in the vieintly of the fence, watching for his cliente. A begar entered the gate, only to be attacked by dogs, then an hour later the faint vague sounds of a pianor reached his ears. That would be Anna Ser geyeria playing Suddenly the front door opened and an old woman earne out followed by a familiar white pomeranian Gurov tried to call to it but his heart beat violently and in I is agitation he could not remember its name.

He walked on, hating the gree fence more and m re 11 is ready to tell himself trately that Yuna Segreever a 1 is the him, had already perhap f mil h trattom it is list could be more natural in a young woman whole the trattom of the curred lence from morting to might? He visit and sat on the sofa in los soute for a to do, then he ordered dinner and the residence of the control of

What a foolish restless hun land ooking towards the dark will girl girl now

Well, I se had my sleep or t \ the mgb.
Ile sat up in bed ever | 1 | 1 | 1 | who is minded him of a bo rittle | atom he is

taunting himself

"You and your lady with a dog ... there's adventure for you!

See what you get for your pains."

On his arrival at the station that morning he had noticed a poster announcing in enormous letters the first performance at the local theatre of *The Geisha*. Remembering this, he got up and made for the theatre.

"It's highly probable that she goes to first-nights," he told himself.

The theatre was full. It was a typical provincial theatre, with a mist collecting over the chandeliers, and the crowd in the gallery fidgeting noisily. In the first row of the stalls the local dandies stood waiting for the curtain to go up, their hands clasped behind them. There, in the front seat of the Governor's box, sat the Governor's daughter, wearing a boa, the Governor himself hiding modestly behind the drapes, so that only his hands were visible. The curtain stirred, the orchestra took a long time tuning up their instruments. Gurov's eyes roamed eagerly over the audience as they filed in and occupied their seats.

Anna Sergeyevna came in, too. She seated herself in the third row of the stalls, and when Gurov's glance fell on her, his heart seemed to stop, and he knew in a flash that the whole world contained no one nearer or dearer to him, no one more important to his happiness. This little woman, lost in the provincial crowd, in no way remarkable, holding a silly lorgnette in her hand, now filled his whole life, was his grief, his joy, all that he desired. Lulled by the sounds coming from the wretched orchestra, with its feeble, amateurish violinists, he thought how beautiful she was...

thought and dreamed. . . .

Anna Sergeyevna was accompanied by a tall, round-shouldered young man with small whiskers, who nodded at every step before taking the seat beside her and seemed to be continually bowing to someone. This must be her lumsband, whom, in a fit of bitterness, at Yalta, she had called a "flunkey." And there really was something of the lackey's servility in his lanky figure, his sidewhiskers, and the little bald spot on the top of his head. And he smiled sweetly, and the badge of some scientific society gleaming in his buttonhole was like the number on a footman's livery.

The husband went out to smoke in the first interval, and she was left alone in her seat. Gurov, who had taken a seat in the stalls, went up to her and said in a trembling voice, with a forced

smile: "How d'you do?"



"You must go away," went on Anna Sergeyevna in a whisper. "D'you hear me, Dmitri Dmitrieh? I'll come to you in Moscow. I have never been happy, I am unhappy now, and I shall never be happy—never! Do not make me suffer still more! I will come to you in Moscow, I swear it! And now we must part! My dear one, my kind one, my darling, we must part."

She pressed his hand and hurried down the stairs, looking back at him continually, and her eyes showed that she was in truth unhappy. Gurov stood where he was for a short time, listening, and when all was quiet, went to look for his coat, and left the theatre.

IV

And Anna Sergeyevna began going to Moseow to see him. Every two or three months she left the town of S., telling her husband that she was going to consult a specialist on female diseases, and her husband believed her and did not believe her. In Moseow she always stayed at the "Slavyanski Bazaar," sending a man in a red cap to Gurov the moment she arrived. Gurov went to her, and no one in Moseow knew anything about it.

One winter morning he went to see her as usual (the messenger had been to him the evening before, but had not found him at home). His daughter was with him for her school was on the way, and he thought he might as well see her to it.

"It is three degrees above zero," said Gurov to his daughter, "and yet it is snowing. You see it is only above zero close to the ground, the temperature in the upper layers of the atmosphere is quite different."

"Why doesn't it ever thunder in winter, Papa?"

He explained this, too. As he was speaking, he kept reminding himself that he was going to a rendezvous and that not a living soul knew about it, or, probably, ever would. He led a double life—one in public, in the sight of all whom it concerned, full of conventional truth and conventional deception, exactly like the lives of his friends and acquaintances, and another which flowed in secret. And, owing to some strange, possibly quite accidental chain of circumstances, everything that was important, interesting, essential, everything about which he was sincere and never deceived himself, everything that composed the kernel of his life, went on in secret, while everything that was false in him, everything that composed the husk in which he hid himself and the truth which was in him—his work at the bank, discussions at

the club, his 'lower race," his attendance at anniversary celebra tions with his wife-was on the surface. He began to judge others by himself, no longer believing what he saw, and always assuming that the real, the only interesting life of every individual goes on as under cover of night, secretly Every individual exist ence revolves around mystery, and perhaps that is the chief reason that all cultivated individuals insisted so strongly on the respect due to nersonal secrets

After leaving his daughter at the door of her school Guros set off for the Slavyanski Bazaar "Taking off his overcoat in the lobby, he went upstairs and knocked softly on the door Anna Sergeyevna, wearing the grey dress he liked most, exhausted by her journey and by suspense, had been expecting him since the evening before She was pale and looked at him without smiling, but was in his arms almost before he was fairly in the room Their kiss was lingering, prolonged, as if they had not met for years

"Well, how are you?' he asked Anything new?'

"Wait, I ll tell you in a minute 1 ean t

She could not speak, because she was crying Turning away, she held her handkerchief to her eyes

"Ill wait till she's had her cry out, he thought, and sank into a chair

He rang for tea, and a little later while he was drinking it, she was still standing there, her face to the window She wept from emotion, from her butter consciousness of the sadness of their life, they could only see one another in secret hiding from peo ple, as if they were theres Was not their life a broken one? "Don't cry," he said

It was quite obvious to him that this love of theirs would not soon come to an end and that no one could say when this end would be Anna Sergererna I wed him ever more fondly wot shipped him, and there would have been no point in telling her that one day it must end Indeed she would not have believed hım

He moved over and took her by the shoulders intending to fondle her with hight words, but addenly he caught sight of him

self in the looking glass

His hair was already beginning to turn grey. It struck him a strange that he should have aged so much in the lat few vars The shoulders on which his hands lay were warm and qui He felt a pity for this life, still so warm and exqui te l 1 rob

16*

ably soon to fade and droop like his own. Why did she love him so? Women had always believed him different from what he really was, had loved in him not himself but the man their imagination pietured him, a man they had sought for eagerly all their lives. And afterwards when they discovered their mistake, they went on loving him just the same. And not one of them had ever been happy with him. Time had passed, he had met one woman after another, become intimate with each, parted with each, but had never loved. There had been all sorts of things between them, but never love.

And only now, when he was grey-haired, had he fallen in love

properly, thoroughly, for the first time in his life.

He and Anna Sergeyevna loved one another as people who are very close and intimate, as husband and wife, as dear friends love one another. It seemed to them that fate had intended them for one another, and they could not understand why she should have a husband, and he a wife. They were like two migrating birds, the male and the female, who had been caught and put into separate cages. They forgave one another all that they were ashamed of in the past and in the present, and felt that this love of theirs had changed them both.

Formerly, in moments of melaneholy, he had consoled himself by the first argument that came into his head, but now arguments were nothing to him, he felt profound pity, desired to be sincere, tender.

"Stop erying, my dearest," he said. "You've had your ery, now stop.... Now let us have a talk, let us try and think what we are to do."

Then they discussed their situation for a long time, trying to think how they could get rid of the necessity for hiding, deception, living in different towns, being so long without meeting. How were they to shake off these intolerable fetters?

"llow? How?" he repeated, clutching his head. "How?"

And it seemed to them that they were within an inch of arriving at a decision, and that then a new, beautiful life would begin. And they both realized that the end was still far, far away, and that the hardest, the most complicated part was only just beginning.

IN THE CULLY

T

The village of Ukleyevo lay in a guily, and all that could be seen of it from the highroad and the railway station were the beliry and the clumneys of the cottonprinting works When tray ellers asked what village that was, they were told 'It's the place where the sexton ate up all the cavare at the funeral"

At some funeral in the family of the mill owner kostyukov, an old sexton noticed, amidst other delicacies, a jar of caviare, and fell upon it with avidity People nudged him tugged at his sleeve. but he took no notice only ate and ate in a kind of trance There were four pounds in the jar and he ate it all It happened ages ago, and the sexton had long been dead and buried but every one remembered how he ate up all the caviare. Whether it was that life here was so eventless, or that the only thing which ever made an impression on the villagers was this insignificant in cident, which occurred ten years before, nothing else was ever related of the village of Ukleyevo

Fevers raged here, and even in the summer sticks mud lingered, especially at the foot of the fences over which lowed ancient willows, spreading wide shadows. There was always a smell of factory refuse, and of the acetic acid used in finishing the prints The factories-three cotton mills and a tanning works-were not situated in the village itself, but on its outskirts and even beyond They were small enterprises, employing not more than four hundred workers altogether The water in the river stank contiqually from the tanners discharges the meadowlands were pol luted by refuse the reasants cattle suffered from anthrax and the tanners was condemned it was considered as closed but worked in secret, with the commitance of the head of the rural police and district medical officer, each of whom the owner paid ten rubles a month. There were only two decent brick-built houses with iron roofs in the whole village; one of them belonged to the volost board of administration, in the other, a two-storey building, lived Tsibukin, Grigory Petrovich, who came from a lower middle-class family of the town of Yepifanovo.

Grigory kept a grocery sliop, but that was merely a blind, his real occupation was the sale of vodka, cattle, hides, grain, hogs, in a word anything that came his way; thus, for instance, when magpie's wings for ladies' hats were in vogue abroad, he got thirty kopeks a pair for them; he bought up timber, leut money

on interest, and was altogether a resourceful old man.

He had two sons. The elder, Anisim, was in the detective division of the police forces, and was away most of the time. The younger, Stepan, went in for trade and helped his father; but his help was not much depended on, for he was deaf and sickly. His wife Aksinya was a handsome, agile woman who wore a bonnet and earried an umbrella on Sundays and saints' days, rose early and went to bed late, rushing about all day long, her skirt tucked up and a bunch of keys jingling at her belt, from the store-house to the cellar, and from the cellar to the shop, and old Tsibukin watched her with joy, his eyes lighting up whenever he saw her, at the same time deploring that she had not married his elder son instead of the younger, the deaf one, who could hardly be expected to appreciate feminine loveliness.

The old man was of a domestic turn, prizing his family above everything in the world, especially his elder son, the detective, and his daughter-in-law. As soon as she became the wife of the deaf man, Aksinya showed herself an exceedingly business-like woman; she knew whom to allow credit for goods purchased, and whom to refuse it, kept the keys herself, not even trusting her husband with them, clicked away at the abacus, looked the horses in the month like a proper farmer, and was always either laughing or shouting; and whatever she did, or said, the old man could

only admire, murmuring:

"There's a daughter in law for you! There's a beauty!"

He had been a widower for some time, but a year after his son's marriage had not been able to stand it any longer, and had married, too A girl who lived thirty versts from Ukleyevo was chosen for him; her name was Varvara Nikolayevna, and she came of a good family. She was not very young, but still good-looking, and attractive. The moment she was settled in her little room on the top floor, the whole house seemed to light up, as if

new panes had been put in the windows. Lamus were lighted in front of the icons, table cloths, white as snow, were appead on every table, red flowers appeared on window sils and in the front garden, and at dinner every one had a plate to himself instead of eating out of a common bowl. Variata Nikolayevian had a sweet, affectionate smile, and everything in the house seemed to smile back at her. For the first time beggars, pilgrims, and pious mendicants were seen in the yard, beneath the windows were heard the piterous wails of Ukleyeow women, the apological coughs of sixely, hollow checked men, sacked from the factory for drink ing. Variata relieved their sufferings with money, bread, and old clothes and later, when she began to feel more sure of hereight consumption which is the problem. The deaf son saw her take two packets of tea from the shop, and this upset him greatly.

' Nother has taken two ounces of tea," he told his father after

wards "Where shall I enter it?"

The old man did not answer him but stood silent for a few moments, his brows twitching then he went upstairs to speak to his wife

'Varvara dear, he said affectionately 'if you ever want any thing from the shop take it Take anything you like, don't think twice about it

And the next day the deaf son shouted to her as he was running across the yard

'If you need snything Mother take it'

It you need any iming votate take it. There was something novel in her alms giving something as cheerful and bright as the lamps before the teons and the red flowers at Shrovetide or on the three day holday of the local patron saint, when the peasants were sold tainted heel from a barrel which stank, so that one could hards viand bested it and drunken men handed seviles caps and their wives shawls over the counter, when the mill hands bemused by had vodka wallowed in the mud, and was seemed to nie over everything in a thick must, it was nice to think that somewhere in the house was a quiet, cleanly woman who had nothing to do with tainted heel or vodka, on such dreary, foggy days her alms acted as a safety valve in machiner;

The days in the Tsihukin household passed in perpetual eares Before the sun rose Aksinya could be heard puffing and blowing in the entry as she washed her face, the samovar would be boiling in the kitchen, droning away as if warning of evil to come

The old man, Grigory Petrovich, natty and small in his long black coat, print tronsers and shining high-boots, stumped about the rooms like the father-in-law in the popular song. Then the shop would be unlocked. As soon as it was light a racing sulky was brought up to the porch, and the old man jumped briskly into it, pulling his big peaked cap over his ears; to look at him, no one would have said he was fifty-six. His wife and daughter-in-law went out to see him off, and at such moments, in his good, well-brushed coat, with the enormous black stallion, which had cost him three hundred rubles, harnessed to the sulky, the old man did not like to have the peasants coming up to him with their complaints and requests; he had a fastidious dislike for peasants, and when he saw one waiting for him by the gate, he would shout angrily:

"What are you standing there for? Get out!"

Or if it happened to be a beggar, he would shout:

"The Lord will provide!"

Then he would drive off on his own business. His wife, a black apron over her dark dress, would put the rooms in order, or help in the kitchen. Aksinya stood behind the counter in the shop, and the clinking of bottles and coins, Aksinya's laughing and scolding, the angry retorts of the enstomers when she cheated them, could be heard from the yard: and it was abvious that a secret trade in vodka was already going on in the shop. The deaf son either sat in the shop, or walked about the street without his cap, glancing absently from the huts to the sky. Tea was drank about six times during the day, and at least four meals were served. And in the evening, after the day's takings had been counted and entered in the books, everyone went to bed and slept soundly.

The three cotton mills in Ukleyevo were linked by telephone with the houses of the owners—Khrimins Senior, Khrimins Junior, and Kostynkov. The line had been extended to the volost board as well, but very soon ceased to work, owing to bugs and cockroaches in the apparatus. The volost elder could scarcely read and write and began every word with a capital letter, but when the telephone went out of order, he said:

"Yes, yes, it will be hard to do without a telephone."

The Khrimins Senior were constantly at law with the Khrimins Junior, while the Khrimins Junior often quarrelled among themselves and also went to law; during their quarrels the mills would stop working for a month or two, until they made it up

again, this afforded much entertainment to the people of UA, leyto, for every quarrel caused a great deal of talk and gos-up. On holidays koetyukov and the khrimins Jumor went for drives, tearing about Ukleytov and running over calves. On those days Aksinya dresed in her bert, would walk up and down in front of the shop, her starched petticoats rustling, the Jumors would whick her into their earnage, pretending to carry, her off against her will. Then old Tsibukin would drive out to show off his new steed taking Varvara with him.

In the night after the drive when other people had gone to bed, the strains of an expensive concerting could be heard in the yard of the Juniors and if there was a moon the music stirred and rejoiced people's hearts and Ukleyero no longer seemed such

a hole

и

The eldest son Anisim visited his home very seldom only on special holidays but he often sent gifts and letters, penned in a stringer a equiustic land always covering a whole sheet of note paper, and written in the form of a petition. These letters were full of expressions which Anisim would never have used in talking. Honoured Parents 1 hereby transmit a packet of herb tea for the stitefaction of your physical requirements. Every letter was signed Anisim Tabulan in a serval which looked as if written with a spoilt inh and under the signature in the same excellent handstring was the word. Yearn

The letters were read aloud several times over and the old man,

deeply affected and flushed with emotion would say

There, he wouldn't stay at home but went in for learning!

Well never mind! Each to his own I say!

One day just before Shrovetide a hard sleets rain began to fall, the old man and Variara went to the window to look out, when whom should they see but 'Inism driving up in a sleigh from the station.' Nolody had expected him lie came into the room in a state of anivery and concealed dread which never seemed to abate for a moment. Just le bore himself with a kind of airy familiarity. He was in no lurry to leave and it looked as if he had look his job. Variaria seemed to be glad of his visit, she coat him sly glances sighing and wagging her lead.

'llow s this for goodness sake' she exclaimed Okh ch'k ch k, the lad is twenty even if he is a day, and still a bachelor!"

From the next room it sounded as if she were saying nothing but okh-ch'k-ch'k, okh-ch'k-ch'k over and over again in her low monotonous voice. She held whispered conferences with the old man and Aksinya, and they, too, assumed a sly, mysterious expression, as if they were conspirators.

It was decided that Anisim should marry.

"Your youngest brother has been married a long time," said Varvara, "and you go about alone, like a cock at the market. That won't do, you know. God willing, you'll marry, then you can go back to your work if you like, and your wife will stay at home and help us. There's no order in your life, my boy, you've forgotten what it is to have order in your life. Oh, you town lads!"

When any of the Tsibukins decided to get married, the most beautiful brides were sought out for them, for they were rich people. This time, too, a heautiful girl was found for Anisim. He himself was insignificant and unattractive; short of stature, with a weak rickety frame; he had fat puffy checks, which he seemed to he always blowing out, a pair of unblinking, sharp eyes, and a reddish, sparse heard, and when he fell into a reverie, he would stuff it into his mouth and chew at the ends; and by way of a finishing touch he was a constant drinker, as both his face and gait betrayed. Nevertheless, when told that a wife was chosen for him, and that she was very beautiful, he said:

"Well, I'm not such a fright myself, am I? Nobody will deny

that we Tsibukins are a good-looking lot."

Hard by the town lay the village of Torguyevo. One half of it had lately become part of the town, while the other half remained a village. In the town half there lived, in her own house, a widow-woman; she had a sister who was very poor and went out to work by the day, and this sister had a daughter Lipa, who worked by the day, too. Lipa's beauty was already being talked about in the town, and it was nothing but her appalling poverty that put people off: the general opinion was that some elderly man, perhaps a widower, would marry her despite her poverty, or simply take her to hive with him, and then her mother would be fed, too. Varvara made enquiries about Lipa among the match-makers, and then set out for Torguyevo.

The showing of the bride was duly held in the house of Lipa's aunt, with food and drink served, and Lipa in a new pink gown, specially made for the occasion: and she wore a crimson ribbon like a tongue of flame in her hair. She was thin, fragile, pale, with

tender, delicate features, and her skin was trinned from working in the fields, a timid melancholy smile hovered round her lips, and she had the child's glance, trustful and inquisitive

She was very young, just a little garl with unformed breasts, but old enough to be wedded She was beautital—there was no gainvaying that The only thing that could be and against her was that the had hig masculine hands, which now hing idle at her vides like great red class.

"We can overlook the dowry," said the old man to the aunt, "we took a wife for our on Stepan from a poor family, too, and now we can't praise her enough. She does everything well, both

in the house and in the shop "

Lipa stood by the door, her whole attitude expressing "You may do what you like with me, I trust you," while her mother, the charwoman hid in the kitchen, oscenome by timidity Once, in her youth, a merchant, whose floors she was washing, stamped his foot at her, so that she was almost numb with terror, and eser since had been unable to shake off her fear Her hands and knees, her very check would shake with fear 5the sat in the kitchen, trying to hear what the sisilors were saying, and kept erossing berself, pressing her fingers to her forehead and glaneing at the zon Anisim, slightly drunk opened the door into the kitchen now and then, eafling out neathead;

"Why don't you come out to us dear mother of ours? We mis

And Praskovya, pressing her hands to her lean, shrivelled breast, answered every time

"Oh, Sir, you are very kind

On, SI, you are very kind After the bride show a day was fixed for the wedding Ansum walked about the rooms of his home, whisting Then he would walken! remember something fall into a deep review and stare at the floor with a fixed penetrating gaze as if trying to see through it and deep into the earth below He expressed neither satisfaction that he was to be wed—and that very soon, at Easter—not a desire to see his betrothed, but only went about whistling softly And it was obvious that he was only marrying to please his father and stepmother and because in was the custom of the village that a son should marry so that their should be someone to help in the house. When the time came for him to leave he seemed to be in no lutra and his behaviour as a whole was not what it had been during his former swits—the spoke with more any what it had been during his former swits—the spoke with more any

the village of Shikalovo lived two dressmakers, sisters, both onging to the Khlysty sect. They were given the order to make wedding clothes and often came to the Tsibukin home to try the dresses, sitting long over their tea afterwards. Varvara d a brown dress with black lace and bugles, and Aksinya a the green one with a yellow front and a long train. When the ressmakers had finished their work. Tsibukin paid them, not in noney but with goods from the shop, and they departed with sad ountenances, carrying away in their bundles tallow candles and ins of sardines for which they had no use at all, and when they got to the fields outside the village, they sat down on a mound

Anisim arrived three days before the wedding, all dressed in new clothes. He were shiny rubber galoshes and a red cord with beads at the ends instead of a tie, and had flung his new cont over

his shoulders without putting his arms into the sleeves. After praying gravely in front of the icons, he greeted his father and gave him ten silver rubles and ten halfrubles; he gave the same to Varvara, but Aksinya he gave twenty quarter-ruble coins. The main charm of these presents lay in the fact that every coin was new and shone brightly in the sun. In his efforts to appear grave and dignified. Anisim strained the muscles of his face, puffing out his checks; he smelt strongly of spirits, he had evidently visited the refreshment-room at every station. And again, there was the airy familiarity, the something superfluous about the man. Anisin and his father had tea and a bite of food, while Varvara played with the brand-new rubles in her hands, and asked after friends from her village who had gone to live in the town.

"All are well, thanks be to God," answered Anisim. "True, there was an incident in the domestic life of Ivan Yegorov; his old woman. Sofia Nikilorovna, died. Consumption. They ordered the funeral feast at the confectioners—two and a half rubles per head. There was wine, too. There were a few muzhiks from our parts, von know, and they were fed for two and a half rubles each, too. But they are nothing. As if a muzhik could appreciate

"Two and a half rubles" exclaimed the old man, shaking his

"Of course! It's not the village, you know. You step into a restaurant for a snack, order a dish or two, others drop in, you head.

take a drop with them, and suddenly it's the dawn, and there you are—kindly pay up three or four rubles each! And if Samorodov's there, he likes to wind up with coffee and brandy, and brandy easts sixty kopeks a glass?

'How he hes?" exclaimed the old man admiringly

'Oh I alnays go about with Samorodov now He's the one who writes my letters for me lies a wonderful writer! And if I were to tell you, Mother, Anisum went on cheerfully, addressing Varvars. What sort of man this Samorodov is, you wouldn't believe me We all call lim Mukhtar, he's just like an Amenian, dark all over I can see right through him I know all his affairs as well as I know the palm of my hand, Mother, and he feels it, and sticks to me, we are inseparable, him and me IIe's a bit afraid of me, and yet he can the without me Wherever I go, he goes' I have a wonderful eye, Woher For instance, a peasant is selling a shirt at the rag market 'Stop' I ery. 'It's stolen goods' 'And I'm quite right—at turns out to be stolen goods'.

'How d you know? asked Varyara

"I don't know, I have an eye, I suppose, I know nothing about the shirt, but it kind of draws me Ha'l I's stolen, and that a all'. They always asy at the office when they see me go out. There goes Anisim to shoot single. That's what they call looking for stolen goods Oh, yes anyone can steel, it a keeping the things that a hard. The world is large, but there is no place for stolen goods in it."

"They stole a ram and two lambs last week from the Guntaress in our village," said Varvara with a sigh. 'And there's no one

to look for the thief

"Why, I might look into this I don't say I won't"

The day of the wedding came a chilly lipid day but bright and electrial From early in the moning troiks and two horse wheles force about Lkleyevo belly impling and bright coloured ribbons streaming from the claff bows and the horses manner. The rook, disturbed by the noise, cawed among the willow trees, and the starlings sing meessantly, as if they were delighted that the Tsibukins were having as wedding.

In the house the tables were already laden with enormous fishes, lams, stuffed game, tins of sprats and pickles of every kind, and immunerable bottles of wine and voids, a smell of smoked sausage and musty tinned lobster hung over it all. And the old man stumped round the tables sharpering the blade of one kinfe against another Ferrione was calling for Variata,

ng for this and that, and she, breathing heavily, and looking oughly flustered, kept running in and out of the kitchen, one the chef from Kostynkovs and the headcook from the rinins Jimior had been working since day-break. Aksinya, her ir curled, wearing nothing over her stays, her new boots neaking, rushed about the yard like a whirlwind, so swiftly that I people saw was an occasional flash of her bare knees and exosed bosom. Onths and imprecations could be heard amidst the in: passers-by stopped at the wide-open gate; and underlying werything was the sense that something out-of-the-way was in preparation.

The jingling of bells was heard, gradually receding beyond the village. Soon after two the crowd pressed forward, and the jingling of the bells was again heard—they were bringing the bride. The church was full, the candles in the overhead sconces were lighted, and the choir, by special request of old Tsibukin, sang with the music in their hands. The glare of the lamps and the coloured dresses almost blinded Lipa, who felt as if the loud voices of the singers were tapping on her skull like little hammers; the stays which she was wearing for the first time in her life squeezed her, and her new boots were tight, and she looked as if she had just come out of a swoon and did not yet understand where she was. Anisim, in his black coat, with the red cord he wore in place of a tie, seemed to be deep in thought, gazing fixedly at one place, and when the choir started singing in loud voices, he crossed himself hastily. He was deeply moved and he would have liked to cry. He had known this church ever since he vas a little boy; his mother used to take him in her arms to receive the holy sacrament here, and later he used to sing in the choir stalls with the boys: how well he knew every nook, every icon! And now he was being married here, being married because it was the right thing to do, but he was not thinking of that just now, the fact that this was his wedding had somehow quite escaped his mind. He could hardly see the icons for tears, he felt a weight at his heart; he prayed, imploring God to allow the disaster hanging over his head and ready at any moment to burst ont, to pass away, as rain-clouds during a drought sometimes pass over a village, without letting a drop of rain spill. He had committed so many sins in the past, so many sins, everything was so hopeless, so irrevocably spoilt, that it seemed incongruous to asl for forgiveness. And yet he did ask to be forgiven, too, and eve sobbed aloud once, but no one took any notice, for they thought he was drunk

A child's frightened voice cried out 'Nummie dear, do take me away, tilease do!"

'Quiet, there'" shouted the priest

The crowd ran after the wedding party as it left the church, near the shop, by the gate, in the yard, and pressing against the walls beneath the windows there was a crowd, too The women came to congratulate the young couple. The moment the newly wed couple crossed the threshold, the singers, who stood ready in the entry with their music, began singing loudly, the musicians, sent for from the town for the oceasion, struck up The Don cham pagne was being handed round in tall glasses, and the carpenter and building contractor Yelisarov, a tall lean old man with brows so thick that his eyes were hardly visible, addressed the couple "Anisim-and you, child-love one another, walk in the sight

of God, and the Divine Mother will never abandon you" He buried his face in old Tsibukin's shoulder and gave a sob 'Let us weep, Grigory Petrovich, let us weep for joy!" he piped out in his high voice, and suddenly laughed and went on in a loud bass 'Ho ho ho! This hride of yours is beauteous, too! Every thing is as it should be, all smooth no rattling, the mechanism in

order, all the screws in their places

He was from the Yegoryevsk district but had worked in the mill at Ukleyevo and in the neighbourhood from his youth, and felt he belonged to the place. It seemed to those who knew him that he had always been as old and lean and lanky as he was now, no one remembered calling him by any other name but Spike Perhaps it was owing to his forty years of work in the factories on nothing but repairs that he judged both human beings and inanimate objects according to a single standard-their durabil its were they in need of requir! This time too before sitting down to the table, he tried several chairs to see whether they were strong enough, he even touched the salmon before eating it

After tossing off the champagne they all sat down to table. The guests talked as they drew their chairs in The choir sang in the passage, the band played and at the same time the women gather ed in the yard began singing the ritual sing in imison and there was a wild appalling mixture of sounds enough to make ones

head go round

Spike fidgeted in his chair shoving his elbows into his neigh bours, interrupting everyone langling and weeping by turns

"Children, dear children," he muttered hurriedly. "Aksinya dear, Varvara, let us live in peace with one another, peace and quiet, my beloved little axes...."

He was not accustomed to drinking and the first glass of gin made him drunk. This bitter, nanseating drink, brewed of goodness knows what, stupefied everyone who drank it, like a blow on the head. Speech became thick and incoherent.

Round the table were assembled the local elergy, the foremen from the factories with their wives, merchants and tavern-keepers from neighbouring villages. The volost elder and volost elerk. who had been working together these fourteen years and had never signed a single paper or let a single person leave their office, without deceiving or injuring someone, were both here, sitting side by side, fat and sleek, and they seemed to be so saturated with lies that the very skin on their faces looked like the skin of swindlers. The clerk's wife, a meagre, cross-eyed woman, had brought all her children with her and sat there like some bird of prey, glancing from plate to plate, ponneing on whatever came her way, and cramming into her own and her children's pockets.

Lipa sat as if petrified, her face wearing the same expression as it had in the church. Anisim had not exchanged a single word with her since they had made one another's aequaintance, so that he did not even know what her voice was like; and now he sat next to her, silently drinking gin, and when he got drunk, addressed Lipa's aunt across the table.

"I have a friend, his name is Samorodov. He's not like anyone clse. An honorary citizen, and knows how to talk. But I see right through him, Auntie, and he knows it. Let us drink the health of Samorodov, Anntie!"

Varvara walked round the table, pressing the guests to eat: she was bewildered and exhausted, but pleased that there was such a lot of food and everything was so grand-nobody could say anything, now. The sun went down, but the feasting went on; the guests hardly knew what they were putting into their mouths, nobody could hear what was said, and only every now and then, when the music stopped for a moment, a woman's voice could be distinctly heard from the yard.

"Blood-suckers, tyrants, a plague on you!"

In the evening there was dancing to the strains of the band. The Khrimins Junior came, bringing their own wine, and one of them went through the quadrille with a bottle in each hand and a glass between his teeth, to the intense amusement of the company. Some varied the step of the quadrille by squatting down and shooting out their legs in the Ilussian manner, the green clad Al-smya flashed by, raising a wind with her train. One of the dancers stepped on the flounce at the bottom of her dress, ripping it off, and Spike shouted.

You ve broken the plinth! Children, children!"

Akunya had innocent grey eyes and an unblinking gaze, and an innocent smile played constantly over her features. In those unblinking eyes in the tiny head possed on the long neck, and in the litheness of her figure, there was something snake like, the yellow front of her green dress, her constant smile, made her look like an adder, revting its length out of the young rie in spring to peep at the passer by The Khrimins treated her with easy fa miliarity, and it was only too clear that there were long established intimate relations between her and the eldest of the broth eres But her deaf lushand saw nothing, and did not even look at her, he sat with his knees crossed, eating nuits, and cracking the shells with a noise like a pixel of some control of the shells with a noise like a pixel of some control.

Then old Tsibukin stepped out into the middle of the floor waving his handkerchief to show that he wished to dance, too, and a numuur passed from room to room, and was caught up in the yard

"Himself is going to dance! Himself!"

It was Varyara hito danced, shile the old man merely waved his handkerelnef to the music and tapped his heels, but the eager crowd outde pressing against the windows and peeping through the panes was delighted, for the moment forgiving him all—his rules and his nigustices

'Go it, Grigory Petrovich' they shouted from the yard Stick

to it! There's life in the old dog yet! Ha ha!"

It was after one when the rejoinings came to an end Ansun staggered up to the musicians and singers presenting each with a new half ruble piece by way of a farewell gift And the old man, not quite reeling, but birching unsteadily, saw off the guests, telling each

'The wedding cost two thousand rubles

While the party was dispersing it was discovered that someone had left his old coat in the place of the good new one of the Shikalov tavern-keeper, and Amsim suddenly on the alert, shouted

"Stop! I'll find it this instant! I know who took it? "top I say!"

17-3561 257

He rushed out into the street, trying to overtake one of the guests; he was caught and led home, where they pushed him, drunk, erimson with rage, soaked in sweat, into the room, where the aunt had already undressed Lipa; then the door was locked on them.

IV.

Five days passed. Anisim went upstairs to bid Varvara goodbye before leaving. The lamps in front of the icons were all lit, and there was a smell of incense; Varvara was sitting by the

window, knitting a red woollen stocking.

"Well, you haven't stayed very long with us," she said. "Tired of us, I suppose? We have a good life, here, we live in plenty, and we gave you a decent wedding, everything was as it should be; the old man says it cost two thousand. In a word, we live like true merchants, but it's dreary here. We treat the people badly. It makes my heart ache, my friend, to see how we treat them, how we treat them, by God! Whether we barter a horse, hny something, or hire help, it's always deceit, nothing but deceit. Deception on every hand. The vegetable oil in our shop is bitter, rancid—tar would be sweeter! Now, tell me, don't you think we could afford to sell good oil?"

"To each his own, Mother."

"But when we come to die? Oh, couldn't you speak to your father, couldn't you now?"

"Why don't you speak to him yourself?"

"Ah! When I tell him my mind, he answers me, just like you, with those very words: 'to each his own.' But in the next world nobody will ask what belonged to you and what to others. The judgement of the Lord is just."

"Of course nobody will ask about that," said Anisim and sighed. "There is no God, Mother. So there'll be no one to ask."

Varvara looked at him in amazement, laughing, and throwing out her arms. Her frank astonishment, and the way she looked at him as if she thought he must be mad, made him uneasy.

"Well, perhaps there is a God, but no one believes any more," he said. "When I was being married, I felt funny. It was like when one takes an egg from under the hen, and suddenly hears the chicken cheep inside, and I heard my conscience cheep, and while the wedding was going on, I thought: 'There is a God!' But when I left the church, it all passed. And how should I know whether there is a God, or not? When we were children we were

not taught such things, and while the haby is still at its mother's breast, it hears nothing but the words 'to each his own' Father doesn't believe in God, either Do you remember you told me once about some sheep being stolen from the Guntorevs? Well, I found out all about it a Shikalovo peasant stole them, yes, it was he who stole them, but the hides found their way to Father's shon There's religion for you!

Ansım winked and shook his head "The village elder doesn't believe in God, either, he went on, "nor do the clerk and the sexton And if they do go to church and fast, it is only so that people won t talk and in case the Day of Judgement comes after all Some people say the end of the world is at hand, for men have become weak, no longer honour their parents and all that But that's nonsense This is what I think, Mother all our troubles come from people having no cons eience any more I see through people, Mother, I know then When I see a stolen shirt, I know it is stolen A man sits in a tasern, and you may think he's just drinking his tea, but I see, not only that he's drinking tea, but that he has no conscience You can go about all day long and never meet a man who has a conscience And all because nobods knows whether there is a God, or not Well, Mother good by Aeep your health and spirits, and think kindly of me

Anisim bowed to the ground before Varyara

'We thank you for everything, Mother he said 'You are very good for our family You are a decent woman, and I am greatly pleased with you

Deeply moved. Ansym left the room but turned back once

more, and said

Samorodov has got me mixed up in a certain affair it will either make me rich, or ruin me In case anything happens, Mother, I hope you will console my a great

'Don't 'ay that' God is merciful But, Anisim, I wish you would be a little kinder to your wife, you look at one another

like wild beasts, never a smile, never! 'She's such a strange girl," said Insim with a sigh 'She understands nothing and never says a word She's very young

she must grow up A tall well fed white stallion harnessed to a gig was waiting for him at the porch

Old Tubukin sprang sauntily into the gig and took the reins Anisim kiesed Variara, Aksinia and his brother Lipa was stand 240

An old workman, who happened to pass the porch just then, shook his head and cleared his throat

"What daughters in law God has sent you, Grigory Petrovich!"

he said "Real treasures!"

1

On the eighth of July, which was a Friday, Lipa and Yelisarov, nicknamed Spike, were walking back from the village of Karan skoje, where they had been to celebrate the day of the Kazan Vladonna, the patron saint of the church there har behind them came Lipa's mother, Prackoya, for she was a sick woman, and short of herath. It was return on towards evening

'O o oht" exclaimed Spike in astonishment as he listened to

liba "O o op, Mells

"I am very fond of jam, Ilya Wakarch," Lipa was saying "50 I sit in the corner, drinking tea and eating jam Or else I have my tea with Varara 'Molayeuna and vie tells me something and and beautiful They have ever so much jam—four jars! 'Lat up, Lipa, don't sith y ourself!" they keep asying"

"Ha! Four jars!"
"Yes They are rich They eat white bread with their tea, and

as much meat as you like They are rich but I am afraid all the time, Ilya Makarich Oh, I m so afraid!

'What are you afraid of, child! asked Snike looking back

to see if Praskovia was very far away

to see if Praskovya was very far away
"At first after the wedding I was afraid of Anisim Grigorich
IIe was all right he never did me any harm. Dut whenever he
came near me, it made my shin ercept gight to my bones And I
lay awake every night, trembling and praying And now its
Awang I'm afraid of II ya Wakarich whe wall right really she
smiles all the time, but sometimes she looks out of the window,
and her eyes are fierce with a green light in them, like sheeps
eyes in a dark shed. The Miriman Junov keep on at her 'Your
old man has a pilot of land in Butyckino, about forty dessatins
or so,' they say,' the soil is mostly sand, and there is a stream
there Why shouldn't you build a brick works of your own 'Ax
simpa,' they say, 'and we would be your partners. Bir k or t
twenty rubles a thousand now. They d make a pile 'Ye terday it
dinner Aksinya said to the old man. I want to build a brick
works in Butyckino, and start business on my own 'Ne said it
would be the grident of the control of the said of the control of the said of

could see he didn't like it. 'So long as I'm alive,' he said, 'there will be no separate trading. We must all stick together.' She gave him such a look, and gnashed her teeth.... And when the fritters were served, she wouldn't have any."

"Ha!" exclaimed Spike. "She wouldn't?"

"And I'd like to know when she sleeps," Lipa went on. "She lies down for half an hour, and then up she gets and starts walking about the place, walking, walking, looking into every nook and corner, to see if the peasants haven't burnt or stolen anything. She frightens me, Hya Makarieh! And the Khrimins Junior didn't go to bed after the wedding, they went straight to the law-courts in the town; and people say it's all Aksinya's fault. Two of the hrothers promised to build a works for her, and the third is displeased, and so the mill didn't work for almost a month, and my nucle Prokhor was out of work and went from house to house hegging crusts. Why don't you go and work in the fields,' I says to him, 'or saw wood, instead of disgracing yourself like that?' and he says, 'I've forgotten what it is to work like an honest peasant. I can't work in the fields any more, Lipa.'"

They halted at the young aspen grove to rest and let Praskovya eateh up with them. Yelisarov had been working as contractor for a long time, but he had no horse, and walked all over the district on foot, carrying a little sack containing bread and onious, and striding along rapidly on his long legs, his arms swinging. It was

quite hard to keep up with him.

On the edge of the copse was a milestone. Yelisarov touched it to see if it was as strong as it looked. Praskovya joined them, breathing heavily. Her wizened, permanently alarmed face was now radiantly happy: she had been to church like other people, afterwards walking about the fair drinking pear-kvass. This sort of thing did not happen often in her life, and it seemed to her that today was the only happy day she had ever had. After resting, all three walked on side by side. The sun was setting, its rays penetrating the copse, lighting up the trunks of the trees. From somewhere ahead came the hum of voices. The girls from Ukleyevo were a long way in front, lingering in the copse, probably looking for mushrooms.

"Hi, lasses!" shouted Yelisarov, "Hi, my beauties!"

His cry was greeted with laughter.

"Spike's coming! Spike! Old fogey!"

And the echo laughed, too. And now they had left the copse behind. The tops of the factory chinneys could be seen and the cross on the belfry flashed in the sun it was the village, "the place where the sexton ate up all the cassare at the funeral" They would soon be home now; they only had to descend into the great gully Lapa and Praskorya, who had been walking harefoot, sat down to put on their boots, the contractor sat in the grass beside them Seen from above, Ukleyero with its willows, its white church and its bitle river looked picturesque and peaceful, but the mill roofs, painted a sombre colour in the interests of econ oms, spoult the effect. On the opposite slope of the gully could be seen tye-in sheaves, in stacks as if flung down in the storm, or, where it had only just heen moved, in rows, the oats were ripe, too, and gleamed in the rays of the setting sun with a pearly lustre Harvesting was in full swing Today was a holiday. tomorrow they would gather in the rye and the hay, and the next day would be Sunday, a holiday again, every day the thunder rumbled somewhere far away, the pir was sultry and as if it were soon going to rain, and as they gazed at the field, each thoughtif only the grain is harvested in time-and there was joy and a happy tumult in each breast

"Hay makers are getting good money this year," said Pras

kovya "A ruble forty kopeks a day!

And all the while people kept streaming back from the fair at hazanskoye, women mill workers in new caps, beggars, children. A farm cart went by raising a cloud of dust, a horse which its owners had been unable to sell trotting behind, looking as if it were flad it had not been odd, now an obstreprous cow was led by the horse, another ear passed, loaded with drunken peasants, their legs diagling over the sides An old woman led by the lind a hitle boy in a big cap and enormous high boots, the hox, though exhausted by the heat and the heavy boots, which did not allow his knees to bend blew incressarily with all his might into a tox trumpet thes had already descended the slope and turned into the street but the trumpet could still be lieved.

"Something's come over our mill-owners," said Yehsarov "Werey on us' kostyukos is angre with me 'You ve used too many shingles on the cornieres he says 'Too many?" asks ! "Jused as many as were needed, kassis Damlich ! says 'J don't cat shingles with my portules voo know Mow dare you, says he, 'speak to me like that? You fool, he says 'you this and that' You forget courself! It was I wom made a contractor of you! 'Ill says I, 'and what of it?' I go the to drink every day before I was

could see he didn't like it. 'So long as I'm alive,' he said, 'there will be no separate trading. We must all stick together.' She gave him such a look, and guashed her teeth.... And when the fritters were served, she wouldn't have any."

"Ha!" exclaimed Spike. "She wouldn't?"

"And I'd like to know when she sleeps," Lipa went on. "She lies down for half an hour, and then up she gets and starts walking about the place, walking, walking, looking into every nook and corner, to see if the peasants haven't burnt or stolen anything. She frightens me, Hya Makarich! And the Khrimins Junior didn't go to bed after the wedding, they went straight to the law-courts in the town; and people say it's all Aksinya's fault. Two of the brothers promised to build a works for her, and the third is displeased, and so the mill didn't work for almost a month, and my mele Prokhor was out of work and went from house to house hegging crusts. 'Why don't you go and work in the fields,' I says to him, 'or saw wood, instead of disgracing yourself like that?' and he says, 'I've forgotten what it is to work like an honest peasant, I can't work in the fields any more, Lipa.'"

They halted at the young aspen grove to rest and let Praskovya catch up with them. Yelisarov had been working as contractor for a long time, but he had no horse, and walked all over the district on foot, carrying a little sack containing bread and onions, and striding along rapidly on his long legs, his arms swinging. It was

quite hard to keep up with him.

On the edge of the copse was a milestone. Yelisarov touched it to see if it was as strong as it looked. Praskovya joined them, breathing heavily. Her wizened, permanently alarmed face was now radiantly happy: she had been to church like other people, afterwards walking about the fair drinking pear-kvass. This sort of thing did not happen often in her life, and it seemed to her that today was the only happy day she had ever had. After resting, all three walked on side by side. The sun was setting, its rays penetrating the copse, lighting up the trunks of the trees. From somewhere ahead came the hum of voices. The girls from Ukleyevo were a long way in front, lingering in the copse, probably looking for mushrooms.

"Hi, lasses!" shouted Yelisarov, "Hi, my beauties!"

His cry was greeted with laughter.

"Spike's coming! Spike! Old fogey!"

And the echo laughed, too, And now they had left the copse behind. The tops of the factory chimneys could be seen and the

cross on the helfry flashed in the sun; it was the village, "the place where the sexton ate up all the caviare at the funeral," They would soon be home now; they only had to descend into the great gully Lipa and l'raskosya, who had been walking barefoot, sat down to put on their boots; the contractor sat in the grass beside them. Seen from above, Ukleyevo with its willows, its white church and its little river looked picture-que and peaceful, but the mill roofs, painted a sombre colour in the interests of econnmy, spoilt the effect. On the opposite slope of the gully could be seen tye-in sheaves, in stacks, as if flung down in the storm, or, where it had only just been moved, in rows; the dats were ripe, too, and gleamed in the rays of the setting sun with a pearly lustre Harvesting was in full swing Today was a holiday, tomorrow they would gather in the rye and the hay, and the next day would be Sunday, a holiday again every day the thunder rumbled somewhere for away, the air was sultry and as if it were soon going to rain, and as they gazed at the field each thoughtif only the grain is harvested in time und there was joy and a happy tumult in each breast

"Hay-makers are getting good money this year," said Pras-

kosya, "A ruble forty kopek, a iliy

And all the while people kept streaming back from the fair at Kazanskoye; women mill worker in new caps, beggari, children... A farm cart wint is russin a cloud of dust, a horse which list owners had been middle to still trotting behind, looking as if it were glad it had out lean sold move an obstreprous cow was led by the horns another curt presed loaded with drunken peasants there is lunching as it is week and old woman led by the hand a little how in a load production of the horse hope shaded by the hand to the heavy hoost, which did not allow loss kneets to kend it has uncersantly with all his might into a tox training it is all the movemently with all his might into a tox training it is all the movemently with all his heavy do not the street but it trumper could still be heavy how.

"Something's come over our mall owners, said Yelsson" Vercy on us Nostyukov is angra with me 'You're need many shington on the cornners' he say Too many? usit I used as many as were needed Vas th Dantheh, I says I'd to the profession of the control of the contr

a contractor, didn't 1? 'You're a pack of swindlers, all of you...' says he. I held my peace. We are swindlers in this world. I thought to myself, but you will be swindlers in the other. Ho-ho! Next day he wasn't so rough. 'Don't be angry with me, Makarich,' says he, 'for what I said to you. If I did say something I shouldn't have, after all, I am a merchant of the first guild, and your superior, and you should hear with me.' 'It's true you are a merchant of the first guild, and I am only a carpenter,' says I. 'But St. Joseph was a carpenter, too. It's a worthy occupation, one that is pleasing to the Lord, and if you choose to consider yourself my superior, you're welcome, Vassily Danilich.' And then, after that talk of ours, I got to thinking: which of us is the superior? The merchant of the first guild, or the carpenter? The carpenter, children, the carpenter!"

Spike thought for a while, and then added:

"Yes, my children. He who labours and endures, he is the

superior."

The sun had now set, and a dense mist, white as milk, was rising above the stream, the churchyard and the clearings round the mills. Now, with darkness coming on apace, and the lights shimmering below, while the mist seemed to be concealing a bottomless abyss, Lipa and her mother, born into utter poverty, and reconciled to live in poverty all their days, giving up to others everything but their meek, timid souls, may have felt, for one short moment, that they, too, in this vast mysterious universe, in the infinite chain of living creatures, meant something, were superior beings; they enjoyed sitting on the top of the slope, and smiled blissfully, forgetting for a moment that they would have to go down into the gully sooner or later.

At last they were home again. The hay-makers were sitting on the ground near the gate, and in front of the shop. The Ukleyevo peasants did not usually hire themselves out to Tsibukin, who had to get his hay-makers from other villages, and it seemed in the half-light as if all round sat men with long black heards. The shop was open, and the deaf man could be seen through the door playing draughts with a boy. The hay-makers were singing softly, almost inaudibly, every now and then breaking off to demand in loud voices their wages for the day hefore, but they were not paid for fear they might go away before morning. Beneath the boughs of a bireb-tree growing in front of the porch, old Tsibukin sat in his shirt sleeves, drinking tea with Aksinya; a lighted lamp stood

on the table.



Lipa and Praskovya sat in the shed, watching the lights go out, one by one; only in the top storey, in Varyara's window, shone the red and blue lamps in front of the icons, and they seemed to bring peace, content and innocence. Praskovya could never get used to the idea that her daughter had married a rich man, and when she came to see her, she crouched timidly in the entry, smiling ingratiatingly, and they would send her out some tea and sugar. Lipa could not get used to it, either, and after her husband had gone away, did not sleep on her own bed, but laid herself down anywhere, in the kitchen, or the shed, and every day she scrubbed the floors and did the washing, and imagined she was still a hired worker. This time, too, after she and her mother returned from their pilgrimage, they had their ten with the cook and then went into the shed and lay down on the floor, between the wall and the sleigh. It was dark there, and smelt of harness. The lights went out round the house, then the deaf man could be heard locking up the shop, and the hay-makers settling down to sleep in the yard. Far away, at the Khrimins Junior, someone was playing on the expensive concertina.

And when they were waked up by someone's foot-teps, it was light, for the moon had risen; Aksinya was standing in the entrance of the shed, holding her bedelothes in her arms.

trance of the shea, notating her beactothes in her arms.

"It'll be cooler in here," she said, stepping in and lying down almost on the threshold, her whole figure lit in the moonlight.

She did not sleep and kept sighing heavily, tossing about in the heat, throwing off almost all her clothes; and in the magical light of the moon, what a beautiful, what a proud animal she looked! A short time clapsed, and footsteps were again heard; the old man, all in white, appeared in the door-way.

"Aksinya!" he called out, "Are you there?"
"Well, what is it?" she answered crossly.

"I told you to throw the money into the well-did you?"

"I'm not such a fool as to fling good stuff like that into the water! I gave it to the hay-makers...."

"Oh, my God!" said the old man, consternation in his voice.

"You stubborn weach. . . . Oh, God!"

He brought his hands together in a gesture of despair and walked away, muttering to himself. A little later Aksinya sat up, heaved a deep sigh of irritation, gathered up her bed-clothes and went out of the shed.

"Why did you marry me into this house, Mother!" said Lipa.

"Fveryone must marry, child it is ruled by others, not our selves"

They were ready to give themselves up to feelings of inconsol able girle. But there was someone, they felt, high up in the sky, looking down upon them from the blue, where the stars were, seeing all that went on in Ukleyeo, watching over it. And great as the cut was, the night was still and lovely, and there was justice in God's inniverse, and there would be justice, as still and beautiful as the might, and everything on the earth was only waiting to be merged with justice, as the monthlyth merges with the night.

And Joth their peace restored, pressed close against one

another and fell asleep

vi

Ness had long arrived that Ansum was in pirson for counter feiting and circulating false come. Words passed by, more than half a year, the long winter was over, and spring had begun, and everyone in the house and in the wildge had got used to the idea of Ansum being in pirson. Med whosever happened to pass the house or the shop in the night remembered that Ansum was in pirson, and whenever their tolled the hell for the dead, people somehow remembered again that he was in prison awaiting his trial

A shadow lay over the entire household The walls of the house cemed to have become darker the roof was mity, the heavy, green iron bound shop door was warped and old Tshukin him self-seemed to have grown darker. He had long stopped having his hair cut or his beard timmed and there was a shagey growth all over his checks and he no longer leaped into his gig with a juntly air, or should to the leggar. The lord will provide! " Illis strength was declaiming and thus showed itself in exceptional about him People no longer feared him so much and the police man drew up a sistement in his shop although he got the same solid bribe as lefore, the old man had been summoned three times to the lown, to be trued for trading in sprits without a heene, and the trial had been put off three times owing to non appearance of winesses and the old man was worm our

He often went to see his son in prison hired a lawyer for his defence, sent applications somewhere offered candles for him in church He presented the warden of the prison in which Anisim was

confined with a silver glass-holder bearing an enamelled inscription: "The soul knoweth its measure," and a long silver spoon.

"There is no one for us to turn to, no one," Varvara went about saying. "We ought to ask one of the gentry to write to the chief authorities.... If only they would let him out before the trial.... Why should the lad languish there?"

She, too, was grieved, but she had become stouter and sleeker, and she lit the icon-lamps as usual, and saw that everything in the house was in order, and treated visitors to jam and apple jelly. Aksinya and her deaf husband worked as usual in the shop. A new enterprise was afoot—the building of a brick-works at Butyckino—and Aksinya went there almost every day in the gig: she drove herself, and when she met anyone she knew, she reared her head like a snake in the young rye, and smiled her naive, mysterious smile. And Lipa played all the time with her baby, born just before Lent. It was a tiny baby, thin and sickly, and it seemed strange that it could cry and look about and that people regarded it as a human being, and called it Nikifor. It would lie in its cradle, and Lipa would walk away to the door, and say, with a bow:

"Good day to you. Nikifor Ani-imich!"

And she would rush back to it, and kiss it, then walk back to the door again, bow and say:

"Good day to you, Nikifor Anisimich!"

And the haby would kick out with its little red legs, laughing and crying at the same time, just like Yelisarov the carpenter.

At last a day was appointed for the trial. The old man set out for the town five days before the time. Then it was said that peasants from the village had been sent for as witnesses; Tsibukin's old workman went, too, having also received a summons.

The trial was to be held on Thursday, but Sunday passed, and the old man had not returned, and there was no news. Towards evening on Thesday, Varvara sat at the open window, listening for the old man to come back. Lipa was playing with the baby yin the next room. She dandled it, gleefully crooning:

"You'll grow up big, big! You'll grow to be a man and we'll go and lare ourselves out to work together! Together, together!"

"Oh!" said Varvara, shocked, "What's this about going out for hire, you silly? He'll grow up to be a merchant!"

Lips began singing softly, but very roon forgot herself, and started all over again:

"You'll grow big, big! And we'll go out to work together!"
"There you are—at it again!"

I spa stopped in the door way with Askifor in her arms, and

'Why do I love him so, Violine? Why is he so dear to me?' and her voice broke, and her rejes ghistened with tears "Who is he? What is he? Light as a feather, such a teens weren thing, and I love him as if he were a real human heing Look, he can't say anything, not a thing and I understand everything he wants, not to looking at his yes."

Viriara bettered again the sound of the esening train coming into the station reached her cars. The old man might be in She neither heard nor understood what Lipa was sying, and did not notice the minutes go by, but sat trembling, not so much from fear, as from violent currousty. She heard a cart clatter not ily pay, loaded with peasants it was the witnesses returning from the station. The old workman jumped out of the cart as it drove pat the shop, and walked into the yard. She could hear people greeting him in the yard, questioning him in the yard, questioning him.

"Debarred from all rights and property ' he answered loudly

Silieria, hard labour, six years

Aksinya could be seen coming out of the shop by the back entrance, she had been selling kerosene, and had the bottle in one hand, and the funnel in another, while between her teeth she held some silver coins

"And where's Dad? she hsped

"At the station," answered the workman "liell come home when it gets darker, he says "

When it was known in the house that Anisim was sentenced to hard labour, the cook began wasting in the kitchen at the top of her voice, as if for the dead, for she considered that decen ex troutred this of her

Why do you leave us, Anisim Grigorich my bright eagle?
The dogs were roused and began barking Variars ran up to
the window, and stood there rocking hierself from side to ide
in her grief, she shouted to the cook, straining her voice

'Sto-op it, Stepanida, sto-o-op it Don't torture us for Christ's

No one remembered to heat the same or they all seemed to have lost their heads Lapa was the rate one who had no idea

what had happened and the went on for the that the When the old man returned from the staten in a let is asked him anything. He said a word of greeting and then walked through the rooms in allene, he refused super

"There's no one for us to turn to," said Varvara when they yer clone. "I told you you should have asked some of the gentry, you wouldn't listen to me then.... You should have sent in a

postriona.

"I did what I could!" said the old man, with a wave of his hand. "After the vintence was read. I went up to the gentleman via defended Anisim. You can't do anything now," he said, "it's made" had Anisim said those very words: "Too late." But still, at the leaving the court, I spoke to a lawyer; I gave him some mater on account.... I'll wait a week, and then go up again. We are in God's hands."

One in it the old man went through the rooms in silence, and

when he got book to Varvara, said:

"I must be ill. My lead is misty-like. I don't seem to be able to thank the riv."

Hen he closed the door so that Lips should not hear him, and

• वर्तः

'I'm worried about my money, Remember Anisim brought me those new rulde and half-ruble pieces just before the wedding, the work after Erster? I put away one bundle, but the rest I mixed with the own money.... When my nucle Dmitry Filatich (God rest has wall) was alive, he used to go buying goods, sometimes to the Granea, cometimes to Moscow. And he had a wife, and that wife, while he was away, buying goods, like I said, used to go about with other men. And they had six children. And when not used had taken a drop too much, he used to laught and say: "I curit take out which of them are mine and which aren't." He was at expressing man, you see, And I can't make out, which of my money is good, and which is false. It all seems false to me, tow."

"Don't an that, for Gud's sake!"

"Yes, I go to buy myself a ticket at the station, take out three rubbs to pay for it, and keep wondering if they aren't false ones. It is the second I must be ill."

We are all in God's Linds, say what you will," said Varvara and so's of her head. "We must think about it, Petrovich.... Acythece wield happen, you're not a young man any more. If you you to do, your grandson might be hadly treated. I keep worry-med at Missfor. The father's as pood as gone, the mother's of the hillochish.... You might at least leave him that plot of the hillochism, readly you maght, Petrovich! Think it over!" continued Varvara per na ively. "He's a pretty little thing, it

would be a shame! Go tomorrow and write out a paper What's the use of waiting?"
"Yes, I forgot about the boy "said Tsibukin'! haven't seen

him today He's a nice boy, is he? Well, well, let him grow up, God bless him!"

He opened the door and beckoned to Lips with his forefinger. She came up with the baby in her arms

"If there's anything you want, I ipa dear, you just ask for it," he said 'And eat whatever you like, we don't grudge you and thing, all we want is that you should be well. "I le made the sign of the cross over the halp, "And look after my grandson I

into a sound sleep

VII

The old man was away in the town for several days Somebody told Aksnya that he had gone to see a notary about his will, and had willed fluttekmo, where the was baking her brick, to his grandon Niktor She was told this in the morning, while the old man and Varvara were sitting in front of the porch, beneath the birch tree, draking tea She locked boils the street door and the yard door of the chop, gathered up all the keys in her possession, and flung them on the ground at the old man's feet

I will not work for you amy more! she cried in a foud voice and all of a sudden burst into tears. "It appears I'm not your doughter in law, but a mere servant! As it is everyone laughs. "See what a fine servant the T-ibukins have lound! I never hired myself out t v u! "I'm not a leggar not some jumped up creature—I have a mother ind a father.

Without wiping away her tears, she fixed her swimming eyes, blazing and squinting with resentment, on the old man's face, shouting at the top of her voice, her face and neck crimson with the strain

'I will serve you no more' I'm worn out' When it comes to working, sitting in the shop day after day going for voids in the night it is me but when it comes to giving away land, it's her, the convict's wife with her hitle desil! She is the mittees here, the lady, and I am her servant! Go on, leave everything to her,

the coolbird, and may it choke her, but I shall go home! Find

voinselves another fool, accursed tyrants?"

Never in his life had the old near abused or punished his children and he could not even imagine that anyone belonging to his has hold could speak sudely to him, or treat him disrespectfully, and now he was parified and ran into the house, where he hid I shad a suppoard. But Varyara was so dumbfounded she could not even get up and could only sit waving her arms as if section oft a hee.

"What's this, what's this?" she kept muttering in a horrified year. "Must be shout so loud? People will hear her! If only she

voided be a little quieter. . . Just a little!"

"You've given away Butyekino to the convict's wife," Aksinya went on shouting, "go on give her everything, then, I don't want nything from you! To hell with you all! You're a gang of thieves! I've een enough, and I'm sick of it! You've robbed peer by travellers, you scoundrels, you've robbed the old and the young! Who cald vodka without a license? And the false many? Your chest, are crammed with false coins—and now you don't need me any more!"

A crowd had by now gathered before the wide-open gate and

stood per ring into the yard.

"Let people on!" eried Aksinya, "FII shame you before them! FII make you burn with shame! You shall grovel at my feet! Hi, Step on!" she called to the deaf man, "Come home with me this tained! Come home to my father and mother! I will not live with convicts! Pack up everything!"

There was come washing langing on a line across the yard; she tote from it her peticoats and hodices, all wet as they were, and thrust them into the deaf man's arms. Then, in a frenzy, she do had up and down, tearing everything off the line, throwing on the pround everything which was not hers, and stamping on it.

"Ob oh, clop her?" mounted Varyara, "What's the matter with

is a favorior Butterking, for Christ's sake!"

"Ill the weach!" they were saying at the pate, "There's a

out and con! Ind you ever see such a passion?"

Reserve rashed into the litchen, where the clothes were being I adead laps was alone, we ling, the cook having gone to the form to the liter. Steam was rising from the washtub and from a vital, from of the store, and the kitchen was dim and a my liter was a hop of ma whed linen on the floor, and on the habits the hop, is that if he fell he would not hart hims

self, lay Nikifor, kicking out with his red, skinny legs. Just as Aksinya entered the Kitchen, Lipa tugged one of her chemises from the heap and diamped it into the tub, reaching out for a great secon full of boiling water which was standing on the table...

"Give it here!" said Aksinya, tooking at her with hatred and snatching her chemise out of the tub. "It's not for the likes of you to fouch my linen. You're a convict's wife, and ought to know

your place, and what you are!"

I ma gazed at her, too stunned to understand anything, but suddealy catching the plance Aksinya cost at the hally, she understood, and went stiff with horror

"This is what you get for stealing my land!"

With these words, Aksima trasped the scoop full of boiling

water and | oured it over Nikifor

A scream was heard, such a scream as had never before been heard in Ukeyvo, and it was hard to believe that so puny and fruit a creature as I ipa could have screamed like that. Then a great withness came over the yard Akunya went into the house in silence, smiling her curious innocent smile. The deaf man, who had hern pacing up and down the yard with the washing in scarms, now hegan languagi to po in the line sgain, alreally, un hurriells. Yard until the color between the river, no one therefly up into the kitchest and see what was going on there

VIII

Nikifor was taken to the Cemsivo hospital, where he died to wirds exeming Willout witting for auvone to send for her, I just wrappied up the dead hody of her child in a blanket and carried it home.

The host tall a new one with large windows stood on the top of the hill at wis all a low with the rays of the setting sun and looked as it it wis in his the village spread out beneath it lips went down by the road and sexted lerself by a small pond just out-de the village. A woman had brought a horse to the water but the horse would not drink.

"Why don't you drink? the woman said solths, as if aston ished." What a the matter?

A little box in a red shirt was squatting right at the waters ridge washing his father's boots. And there was not another soul to be seen either in the village or on the hillside.

'It won't drink said Lipa watching the horse

And then the woman and the boy with the boots went away, of the was nobody in eight. The sun had gone to bed in a he of close of cold and crimson, and long clouds, red and purple, ones) degrees the sky, watching over its sleep. Somewhere in the distance, goodness knows where, the bittern boomed, and it on ad 116 the hollow, me has holy bellowing of a cow locked in . A. A. The cav of the mysterious bird was heard every spring. ed a con from what sort of a hird it was, or where it lived, On the top of the hill, beside the hospital, in the bushes round the pend, on the other side of the village and all over the fields, rigiding decision pouring out their song. The cuckoo was trying to tell same body's age, losing count every time, and beginning all over a sin. In the pond frog-were calling to one another, in First, anary voices, and you could even make out the words: "I've to tologia, or ti-tologia?" What a moise everywhere! One would think that all these creatures were shouting and singing on jungose, so that no one should sleep on this spring night, so the beveryone, even the had tempered frogs, should cherish and throw every resment of its after all, we only live once!

Valver ere cent moon shone in the sky, which was studded with stars Lipa had no idea how long she remained sitting by the pond, but when she got up and began walking, she could see that everyone in the villege was in bed, and the lights were out. It was probably about twelve versts to I kleyevo, and she was very ne i, and could not give her mind to the task of finding the way. The main shone, now in front of her, now on her left, now on her field, and the cuckou, hourse by now, went on shouting, as if low him, and taunting her: "You've lost your way, you've lost your was!" Lips walked fast and lost her head kerchief. . . . She grand into the sky, wondering where her little boy's soul wasthe following her, or floating comewhere high up, near the ster, for ethil of his mather? How lonely it is in the fields of a nicit, amide all this singler, when you cannot sing yourself, an idet ince suit cries of joy, when you cannot rejoice yourself, when the more loads down from the sky, as lonely as yourself, the research of it is spring or winter, whether people are alive er dead ... When there is grief in your heart it is hard to be A ve. If only the could be with her mother, or with Spike or the e of or village targered.

"I Married the hittern "Brownh!"

^{* 1 70 , + 2-1 11 71}

And all of a sudden she distinctly heard a man's voice:

"Come on, Vavila, harness the horse!" A few pieces ahead, by the very road side, a hunfire was hurn ing, the flames had died down, and only the embers glowed. There was a sound of horses muncling. In the dusk could be made out two carts, one with a harrel on it, the other, much lower, loaded with sacks, and the figures of two men, one of the men was taking a horse up to the cart, the other stood mutualless in front of the fire, his hands clasped behind his back. Somewhere near the carts a dog growled. The man leading the horse stopped and

"Someone must be coming down the road"

"Outet, Sharik!" shouted the other one to the dog

And from his soice you could tell he was an old man Lips stonned and said

'The Lord be with you!" The old man approached her, and at first said nothing Then he said

Good evening! "

Your dog won t bite me, will be, Gaffer?'

'No no, you can pass lie won't louch you"

"I ve been in the hospital, said I ma, after a mause "My little son died there And I m earrying him home "

Fyidently what she said unset the old man, for he walked away from her and said hurriedly

'Never mind, my dear It was the will of God Come on, fad!" he eried addressing his companion. Hurry up, can't you?"

"Your shaft bow isn't here me-wered the lad "I can't find it." "What's the good of you, Vavila"

He ild man picked up a coal and blew on it so that his eyes and his ness were his up, and then after they had found the shaft bow he next it a wards I spay still with the coal in his hand, and glancil at L. millis, fouce expressed compassion and tender Dess

Your conther he and frees mother loves her child." And he so had and shook be itself Vavila threw something on the fire and then stranged it at and namediately all was intense darknes the see in had designed and once more there was rothing but the field the star in ld I ke and the noise birds. kering out or make And the Inched was crying in the very place at a med where the less had been

but after 1 mi r two the curts the ald man and the lanks 27,

131

fine), I remember once we crossed a river by the ferry, and I was submu or rarged barefold, freezing olds, sucking at a cried, and there was a gentlemin on the ferry. God rest his soil if he's dead, and he looked at me with pity, and the terry rolled above his checks "Ah" he said, black your hered and Hack your life." And when I came back I had neither house nor home, as they say, I had a wife, but I felt her in Scherry, in the grave And so I litted inwelf out by the day. And what do you think? After that there was cut if mis life and there was good. And I don't want to die, my dear. I would like to live another twenty years, so you see there must have been more good than evil. All but how great Mother Russia is? The repeated again glancing from right to left, and looking backwards.

'Griffer') said I ipa, "when a person dies, how many days does his soul walk about the earth?'

'Who can say' Wait well ask Vavila, he has been to school They teach them everything there, nowadays Vavilat'

'fh?'

'Vavila, when someone dies, how many days ilses his soul ruain the earth?

Varila first brought his horse to a standstill before teplying.

'Nine days But when my Uncle Kurlla died, his soul fixed in our but for thereen days

'How d you know'

For thirteen days there was a rumbling in the store'

'Very well Go on said the old man, and it was clear he ilid not believe a word of it

Near Kuzmenki the earte turned on to the highway, and I just went on on foot II was getting light. As she was descending the slope into the gully the church and hist off klevero were hidden to the mit. It was cold and it seemed to her that the same cuckoo was till you its call.

The same fast in the triven driven out to pastice when I py or home, everyone was still asteep. She sat on the porch, waiting. The old min was the first to come out, the moment he glanced at her be understood all, and for some time could not utter a word and of stood there mumbhing.

The Lipa he and at last 'You couldn't look after my grand on

grand on Arvara was roused from her sleep. She threw up her lamls and wert and began to lay out the dead child for its coffin

"And such a sweet little box as he was she kept saying

Grigory Petrosich, the old man, is still considered the master but in reality everything his passed into Aksinya's hands; she it is who has and sells, and nothing is done without her consent. The brick works is doing well; osing to the demand for bricks for the rathway their price has reached themty four rubles a thousind, women and girls take the bricks to the station and load the trucks, receiving teenify five kopeks a day for this

Absunce has gone shares with the Mirmons, and the mult is now called "Maintain Junior and Co." A tasem has been opened next to the station, and the expenses concertina is now heard in the tasern, and not in the factory, the postmaster, who has also set up in trade on the sown, frequents the tween, and so does the stationnaster. The Khirmons Junior have given the deaf man a gold watch which he is always taking out of his pocket and hold me to his ery.

They say in the village that Akamya has become very powerful; and this must be true, for when she drives to the works of a morning with her innecent simile, good looking, radiant with happiness and orders people alout all day long, you cannot help feel ing her jower Evertone is afruil of her, at home, in the village and at the works. When she makes her appearance at the post

office, the postmaster leaps up saving "Be scated Ksenya Abramovan do"

A middle agail landowner a great dandy, in a coat of fine cloth and prient leather top boots selling her a horse one day, was sentranced by her conversation that he let her have it at her own price. He held her hand long in his and soul, gazing into her midful and numerorities.

"I would do anything in the world for a woman like you, ksenya Abramosna! Only tell me when we could meet without and it is the first in-

W Lynnik

Ever sing the multile aged doubt draves up to the shop almost serred day for a drawk of here. The beer is attractions, butter as somewood. The landowner shakes has head but drawks it down

Old I hakin does not interfere in Justices matters any more than a large man and the more many that it is more on his pockets for he cannot defininguish between I do more independent on the sast nothing about it not sell in more to know of the failing of his He has here move do more interfered and understood as set before him every thinks of when I for it they have got used to sitting down to dinner with unit him and warrange offers associated to sitting down to dinner with unit him and warrange offers associated.

"What's that you said?"

She's not a had wench, she works hard Women can't get along

without that ... without a little sin, I mean "

"Turning him out at his awa hause," enatinged Yakos angaily,
"Get a house of your own, I say, then turn people and of it Who
dues the think the is? The pest"

Tobukin listened in them without stirring

'What does it matter whether it a your own house, or someone clee's, an long as it warm and the women don't quarrel.' said Spike and laughed. When I was voung, I cherushed my Assiassa She was a quiet wench And she used in go on at me. 'Buy a linese, Makarich, buy a house! Buy a Inner! 'Even when she was dring the kept saying. 'Buy yourself a droohly, Makarich, so as not to go about on foot.' But the only thing I ever hought her was guingerhered rolling more.

Her husband is deaf and a natural," Yakos went on, not heeding Spike "A real natural, he has an more brains than a goose What does he understand? You can hit a gonse on the head, and

still he won't understand

Spake got up to go back to his home at the mill Yakov got up, tan and they walked away together, still talking When they were fifty passes or so away, old Tsibukin got up, and shuffled after them with uncertaint steps as if he were walking an ice

them with uncertum steps as if he were walking an ice. The village was Legining to be plunged in twilipht, and the sin clinic and inone rinly on the top of the road, which wound its way up the sluge like a snake tild women were returning from the woods, with children running beside them, they carried baskets filled with mushrooms. W men and young parls were entiming back from the stating where they had been loading liricks on trucks, and red brick, dust lar in their noises, and on their checks beneath the case. They were singing in front of them went I ipa singing in a 14 min vir warf line, away as she gazed up into the sks, as if she were the lited that the day thank God, was over, and it was time to rest. Her mother, Frankings, the day labourer, walked with the crowd, carrying a Lundle and as usual breathing heavily.

Good evening Makarich' said lipa as the met Spike 'Good evening detrie

Good evening I is a dear' answered 'pake joy fulls "Wenches and lasses, he kind to the wealthy expenter' Ho ho' Oh, my children my children' Spake gave a sob Oh, my precious axes!'

THE BRIDE

1

It was already note o clock in the executing and the full moon was slining over the garden. In the Shumin house the exening serice ordered by the grandmother Marfa Mikhailovia was only just over and Nadia wto had shipped out into the garden for a muster, could see a cold supper being faid in the diring form, her grandinother in her hillowing silk dress hovering about the table, rather vadire is the table of hovering about the table. Father Andrei where the Latherdral priest falking to Nadya's mother, Nint Lanonia wto fooked very young seen through the window, by artificial hight Beside Lee stood. Andrei Andreick, Father Andreis son factors, and testing at this clock.

It was cool and still in the garden and dark shadows hay peace fully on the ground From a lan, was off probably outside town, crime the distant crocking of frogs. There was a feeling of May, the deliphtful in sub. (Mrs. in the six One could draw deep breaths, and imagine that somewhere far hey out the town beneath the sks. alove the tree tops in the fields and woods, the spring was be, imming its own life that mixercools exquisite life, rich and secret from 1/1 fully ritals are shut out. It almost made ones out. It's

Nails was now heraty three, ever since she was assteen years old she had I feen dreiming ardently of marriage, and now at last she was letrothed to Andrei Andreich the young man standing in the dining room. She liked him and the wedding was fixed for the seventh of July. In she felt no pro she slept hadly, her guety lind deserted her. From the epen windows of the baseme kitchen came sounds of lucking and the clanging of knives, the door, which closed his a puller, hanged constantly. The was a smell of roasting tarkes and sured c... An

When Sasha spoke he had a habit of holding up two long, bony

fingers in the direction of his hearer

"Verything here strikes me as so strange," he continued "I'm nut used in it, I suppose Good heaven, nobody ever dues any thing." Your mother dues nothing but stroll about like a grand duches, Granny does nuthing at all, and nor do you And Andrei Aultrech, your fance, he does nothing, either:

Analya hall heard all this last year, and, she seemed to remember, the year before, and she knew it was the only way Sasha's mind could work, there was a time when it had amused her, but now for some reason it irritated her.

"That's old stuff, I'm sick of hearing it," she said, getting up

'Can t you think of anything new?'

He laughed and got up too and they both went back to the house Good looking, tall and slender, she seemed almost offen sixely well dieseral and healthy, as she walked by his side. She was conscious of it herself and felt sorry for him, and almost apologetic.

"And you talk a lot of nonsense she said 'Look what you just said about my Andrei—you don't know him a lot, really!'

'It's Andrei Never mind your Andrei! It's your youth I

grudge "

When they went into the draing-room everyone was just sitting down to supper Audya's grandmother or, as everyone in the linuse ealled her, Granns a corpulent plain old woman, with heavy evelrows and a moustache was talking loudly, and her truce and manner of speaking showed that it was she who was the real head of the house. She owned a row of booths in the market place, and the old house with its fillars and garden was here, lut every morning she praved with tears for the Lord to priserve her from ruin. Her daughter in law, and Nadva's mother, Ama Ivanovna blunde trebtly corretted, who wore pince nez and bul diamond rings on all her fingers, Father Andrei, a lean, tooth less ohl man who always looked as if he were just going to say something very lunny, and Andrei Andreich his son and Nailya's france, a stout, hand-ome young man with curly hair, rather like an actor or an artist were all three talking about liv pnotism

You'll fatten up in a week here. Granns told Sasha. But you must eat more. Just look at yourself! she sighed "You look

awful A real produgal son, that s what you are



It must have been about two o'clock when Nadya waked up, for that was beganning to break. The night watchman could be heard striking his board in the distance Nadya could not sleep, her heal seemed too soft to be down in comfortably. As she had done in all the previous nights has May Nadya sat up in bed and paxe herself up to her thoughts. The thoughts were just the same as herself up to her thoughts. The thoughts were just the same as those oil the night before, monotonous, futle, ansistent—thoughts of how Andrei Andreich had courted ber and proposed, how she had accepted him and gradually learned to appreciate this good and clester man. But somehow or other now that there was only a mouth lift till the wedding, who began to experience fear, uneasy nees, as if something vaguely, add by in wast for her.

"Tick-tock tick tock rai ped out the night watchman lazily

'Tick tock

Through the big old fashioned window could be seen the garden and beyond it lilae bushes heavy with bloom, drows and langual in the cold air. And a dense white mist encroached silent ly upon the lilaes, as if intent on enveloping them. Sleepy rooks cawed from distant trees.

Oh, God what makes me so sad?

Do all girls feel like this before their weddings? Who knows? Or could it be the influence of Sasha? But Sasha had been saying the same things over and over again as if by rote, year after year, and what he said always sounded so naive and quaint. And why couldn't she get the thought of Sasha out of her head? Why?

The watchman had long stopped going his rounds. Birds began twittering leneith the window and in the tree tops, the mist in the garden cleared away and now everything was pilled by the spring soulight, everything seemed to be smiling. In a short time the whole garden warmed his the rarevest of the sun, his spring to life, and drops of dow plauned his channels on the leaves of the trees. And the old neglected garden was young and easy for that one morning.

Grammy was threstly awake Sasha gave his harsh deep cough Dewistor it sayant all I I and I maging in the samovar,

moving dir Ent

on another, in this town of yours excepting will be turned topes urry, everything will change, as if by magic. And there will be large splended buildings, beautiful perks, marvellaus fountains, fine people. Dut that's not the chief thing. The chief thing is that then there will be no crowd any more, as we now inderstand the word, that cult in its present aspect will disappear, for each individual will have faith and know what the here for, and nobody will seek support from the crowd. Darling, hitle pet, ko away's Show them all that you have had enough of this stigmant, dull, corrupt the? At least show yourself that you have.

I can't basha I m going to get married"

'Never mind that' What does it matter?'

They went out into the garden and strolled about

Airshow in dear you've simply got to think, you've got to understuil how abhorrent, how immoral your idle life is continued 'asha. Can't you see that to enable you and your Mama and your Granuy to live in idleness, others have to work for you you are devouring the life of others, is that jute, now, eart if filth?

Nady i wanted to say. 'Nes, you are right," wanted to tell him she understood, but tears came into her eyes and she fell silent and seemed to shrink into herself, she went to her room

In the evening Andrei Andreich came and played the violin a long time as usual. He was treitum by nature, and perhaps he loved his violin because whole Jaying Ie did not his to speak. Soan after ten when he had his coat on to go home, he took Andya in his arms and showered pressionate kisses on her free, she ubders, and hands.

"My degreet, my during my beautiful, he murmured 'Oh, fow happy I am' I think I shall go mad with 100."

And this, too, she seemed to have heard long long up: to have read it in some novel some old, tattered volume which no one ever read any more

In the during room was Sish, sating at the table, during to term a saucer balanced on the fit is of his five long fingers. Grainly say plaining princer. One has any was reading. The flame aputered in the tron in and a rid in a distill and secured and the tron in and a rid in a distill and secure had a said good in, if it is not up to be some falling select the moment the grain of it is find any flat in the first which the same falling is something here. It is not releast the sating and put the first plant her fall the first plant for falling selection in steep said put the first plant her fall in the reading in the first power.

look at the house which had long been rented and furmished for the soung couple It was a two storey house, but so far only the upper floor had been furnished in the ball room, with its gleam ing floor, painted to look like parquet, were bent wood chairs, a grand piano, a music stand for the violin There was a smell of naint On the wall was a large oil painting in a gift frame-a picture of a naked lady beside a purple vase with a broken handle

"Beautiful picture, said Andres Andreich with an awed sigh

'It a by Shadanacheveky" Next came the drawing room, in which were a round table, a sola, and some arm chairs upholstered in bright blue material Over the sola hung an enlarged photograph of Father Andres with all his medals on wearing a tall ceremonial hat They passed into the dmin, room with its side board, and from there into the bedroom Here, in the half light, stood two beds side by side, and it looked as if those who had furnished the bedroom had taken it for evanted that life would always be happy here, that it could not be otherwise Andrea Andreich conducted Nadya through the rooms, never removing his arm from her warst. And she felt weak, guilty, hating all these rooms and beds and chairs, while the naked lady made her sick She now saw quite clearly that she no longer loved Andrei Andreich perhaps never had loved him But she did not know how to say this, whom to say it to, and why to say it at all, and though she thought about it day and night she came no nearer to knowing. He had his arm round her water stoke to her so kindly so humbly was so happy, walking about his home and all she san was sulgarity, stupid, naive, intoleral le sulgarny, and his arm round her waist seemed to her cold and rigid, like an iron boop. It any moment she was ready to run away to burst into subs to jump out of the window Andrei Andreich led her to the bathroom t niched a tap screwed into the wall, and the water gu hed out

"If hat do you think of that?" he said, and laughed "I had them put up a cutern holding a hundred pails of water, so we shall have running water in our bathroom

They walked about the yard for a while and then went out into

if e street, where they got into a drochky. The dust rose in thick clouds, and it looked as if it were just going to rain ' Ire you cold? asked Andrer Indresch narrowing his eyes

azarast the dust

She did not answer

downstairs. There was a sharp report from outside, a shutter must have torn hose from its lunges. A minute later Nina lyanovana came into the room in her chemise, bolding a caudic

"What was that porce, Andya " the arked"

Natus mother, her hair in a single plant, souting fundity, sensed on this stormy implie older, planter, and shorter thruurual. Natus rementered how, so vers recentle, she had considered her mother a remarkable woman and had felt pride in beten ing to the word—he weed and now she could not for the life of her term inher what those words had been—the only ones that come lack for her were feelbe and affected.

Bres voices seemed to be singing in the chimney, even the words 'Oh, not God' could be made out Nada's sat up in bed, and

turged violently at her hair solding

Mam. Mam. he end Oh dathing if you only knew what I was going through! I beg you, I implore you-let me go away!"

"When to a skell line Linovine in Lemilderment, and she set down on the sale of the lad. Where dyon want to go?"

Nadva cried and cried anable to I ring out mother word

Let me go away from this town she said at last "The wedding must not will not be I chave me I don't love that man ... I can't lest to steek also in him.

"No, my dyrling to said Nina Ivanovina quickly, frightened mit of her wife. Calm worred! You're out of earts. It'll pass it uften happens. You've prohibly had a quarrel with Andrey, but have fulfs end in keese.

'Go, Manta go' salled Nelse

"Yes" and Aura Annoona, after a paise. Only the other day, you were a little girl, and now you we almost a bride. Nature is in a constant state of metal observables before you know where you are you like a mother yourself and thin an illd woman with a trouble come day, there has more

'My dirling you're kind and elever, and you're unlarges, and Nadya "You're ever so unlarges - bly do you say such com-

monutare thenes? If he for God's sake?"

And handra tried to greak but could not after a word, only subbled and next brok to her room. Once more the base sorter mounted in the channer, and Noday was ad belty regrided. She jumped and of led and raw into her mother's foom. Nota handra her exclude scallent from same, was hard in led covered by a blue blanker a book in his hands.



terril and filths. On the table, beside the cold samovar, was a Inken plate with a lot of dark paper on it and both floor and table were stream with dead flies Everything here showed that System took no thought for his private life, heed in a continual niess with utter contempt for comfort II ansone had spoken to him about his personal happiness and private life, had asked him if there was ansone who loved him, he would have been at a loss to know what was meant and would only have laughed

'Everythin, preed off all right," and Nadya harriedly Vania came to Peter-lorg in the autumn, to see me, she says Granny cent angry but keeps going into my room and making

the sign of the cross on the walls "

Soolis looked electful but coughed and spoke in a gracked suice and Nidya kipt booking at him wondering if he was real ly seriously all or if it was her imagination

"Sisha, dear Sasha she said "but you re ill!"

"I in all right A bit unwell nothing serious

for goodness sike said Vails a magitated tones, "whis don't you go to a doctor ! Why don't you take care of your health? My dear one, Sysha dear she murmured and tests sprang into her eyes, and for some reason Andrey Andreich and the naked fully with the vase and the whole of her past which now seemed as far off as her childhood rose betwee her mind and she eried because Sasha no langer seemed to her so original clever and interesting as he had lost sear "asha dear you are very, very ill I don't know what I wouldn't give for you not to be so pale and thun' I one you so much You can have us idea what a lot you have done for me Saste darling You are now the closest, the dearest person in my life you know

They sat on, talking and talking and now after a winter in Peterslurg it seemed to her that something autmoded old fa should finished something perhaps alreads hall in the grave could be felt in everything he said in his smile in the whole of

him

"I m going for a trip down the Voles the day after tomorrow," and Saster, and then Ill to somewhere and take Loumiss I want to try lormiss A friend of mine and his wife are going with me The wife is a marvellous person. I keep trying to bersuade her to go and study I want her to turn her life topes tury?"

When they had talked themselves out they went to the station Saska treated her to tea and lought her some apples and when the trun started, and fe stood engling and waving his handwer

" Vlama how is Granny really?"

'Sle seems all right When you went away with Sasha and Granny read your telegram, she fell down on the spot After that te lay three days in hed without streing. And then she began praying and crown But she's all right now

She got up and began pacing up and down the room

"Tick tock," rapped the watchman, "tick tock"

"The great thing is for life to be seen through a prism," she and 'In other words life must be divided up in our conscious ness into its simplest elements as if into the secon primary co lours and each element must be studied separately "

What more Nina Ivanovna and and when she went awas.

Yidya did not know for the soon fell asleep May passed and June came hadya had got used to being at lome anin Cranpy sat beside the samovar, pouring out tea and giving deep sighs Aina Ivanovna talked about her philosophy in the evenings She still lived like a dependent and had to turn to Granny whenever she wanted a few kopels. The house was full of flies and the ceilings seemed to be getting lower and lower Granny and Vina Ivanovna never went out, for fear of meeting Father Indres and Indres Andresch Nadya walked about the garden and the streets looking at the houses and the drab fences. and it seemed to her that the town had been getting old for a long time that it had outlived its day and was now waiting, either for its end or for the beginning of something fresh and youthful Oh for this new ture life to begin, when one could go straight forward looking one's fate boldly in the eyes confident that one was in the right could be gay and free! This life was bound to come concer or later. The time would come when there would be nathraz left of Grann's house in which the only way for four servants to live was in one room in the ba ement surrounded by filth we the time would come when there would not be a trace left of such a long when everyone would have forgotten it when there would be no one left to remember it hadja's only distraction was the little loss in the next house who banged on the fence win at molicial out the garden and laughed at her, shouting,

There goes il e bride!

Lietter come from Sara'on from Sa ha He wrote in his reck less staggering handwriting that the trip down the Volga had been a complete success but that he had been taken rather ill at Sarative and fail lost his some and been in hospital for the last futnight who under tood what this meant and a foreboding

'Mama how is Granny really?"

'Mam how is Granny reasty.

"See evens all right When you went away with Sasha and
Granny read your telegram, she fell down on the spot. After that
sle ly three days in hed without stirring. And then she began
praying and crying. But she's all right now."

She got up and hegan pacing up and down the room

"Tick tock, rapped the watchman, "tick tock"
"He great thing is for life to be seen through a prism," she
said in other words life must be divided up in our conscious
ness into its simplest elements, as if into the seem primary co

loute and each element must be studied separately"

What more \ina Isanosna and, and when she went away,

What more vina transition a said, and when she went away, hadra did not know for she soon fell asleep. Var passed and June came Nadya had got used to being at

lone 1 un Granny sat beside the samovar, pouring out tea and guing deep sighs Aina Ivanovna talked about her philosophy in the evenings She still lived like a dependent, and had to turn to Cranny whenever the wanted a few kopeks. The house was full of flies and the ceilings seemed to be getting lower and lower. Granny and Nina Ivanovna never went out, for fear of meeting Father Indres and Indres Andresch Nadya walked about the garden and the streets looking at the houses and the drab fences, and it seemed to her that the town had been getting old for a long time that it had outlised its day and was now waiting, either for its end or for the beginning of something fresh and youthful Oh for this new ture life to begin, when one could go straight forward looking one's fate boldly in the eyes confident that one was in the right could be got and free! This life was bound to come sooner or later The time would come when there would be nothing left of Granny's house in which the only way for four errants to live was in one room in the basement surrounded by filth was the time would com when there would not be a trace left of such a 1 mse when everyone would have forgotten it when there would be no one left to remember it Nadya's only distraction wa the little loss in the next bouse who banged on the fence when of smalled about the garden and laughed at her, shouting, Here goes il e bride!

Vetter came from Syratos from Sasha He wrote in his reckless staggrang lands-ring that the frip down the Volga had been a complete success but that he had been taken rather ill at Sara's and 13d lost has socce and been in hospital for the last lumight. She under tood what this meant, and a foreboding

TO THE READER

Pro-ress Publishers would be glad to have your op nion on this book, is transfation and druen and any sa restions you may ha e for

tuture publications Please send your comments to 21, Zubo-sky

Boulevard Voscou L.S.S.R.

